VOL. 28; NO. 18

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH,

The Anti-Discrimination Com-

mittee official said that Proposi-

tion 15 was defeated because the

people of California no longer are impressed with "racist appeals" against persons of Japanese an-

"The election results prove that

most Californians feel that Japa-nesse Americans and their Issei

parents have earned the right to justice and fair treatment," Ma-

He said that a significant de-

velopment of the elections was the

fact that the Nisei were organized for the first time in California

to fight for their own rights under the direction of the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee.

"For the first time Nisei citi-

zens organized, financed and car-

ried on an important political fight in California," Masaoka said.

He said that the election results constituted the "first real public opinion poll" of California citizens

on an issue involving the state's

residents of Japanese ancestry since 1920 and said that the results may presage increased opportuni-

ties for Japanese Americans in

every field of endeavor as well as

osition 15 is that the war is over

and the people of California will not approve of discriminatory and

"The lesson of the vote on Prop-

greater social acceptability.

SATURDDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1946

Price: Seven Cents

California Voters Repudiate Alien Land Law

People's Mandate Has Upset 50 Years of Anti-Orientalism In California, Says Masaoka

LOS ANGELES-The people's mandate against Proposition 15 has upset more than 50 years of anti-Orientalism in California Mike M. Masaoka, executive secretary of the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee, declared this week.

"The unprecedented action of California voters in rejecting Proposition 15 may well presage a new era which will be free f discriminatory legislation for persons of Japanese ancestry, not only in California, but throughout the nation," Masaoka said.

cestry.

saoka said.

Plan Conference On Civil Rights In California

Masaoka, Wirin Will Confer With JACL, **CRDU** Officials

LOS ANGELES-Mike Masaoka, national executive JACL secretary, and A. L. Wirin, legal counsel for the JACL, will confer with leaders of the Northern California JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee and the Civil Rights Defense Union in San Francisco over the weekend of Nov. 8-10 on the possibilities of developing a coordinated program of action for the entire state.

They will discuss the effect of

the election returns on Japanese Americans in California and the course to be followed in the Oyama

with James Purcell, attorney for the Civil Rights Defense Union of northern California, Masaoka and Wirin will discuss the possibilities of requesting a rehearing by the of requesting a rehearing by the California courts of the Oyama case or of appealing the case to the U. S. Supreme Court.

On Monday, November 11, Ma-saoka will report to Nisei and Issei leaders in southern California on prejudiced treatment of persons of the deliberations in the bay area. Japanese andestry," Masaoka said. eaders in southern California on

PARENTS LEARN OF ARMY SON'S DEATH IN KOREA

LOS ANGELES-The death of Pfc. Takeshi Inouye, 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Mitsuo Inouye, was reported to his parents last week by Col. W. G. Jones, commanding officer of the 32nd Infantry in Korea.

Col. Jones said that the Nisei soldier had died by drowning on Oct. 13 in the Imjin river near Korangpori, Korea.

A funeral service was held on

Nisei Unhurt In Collapse of **Bridge in Utah**

TREMONTON, Utah-Two Japanese Americans, riding in a pas-senger car over the 190-foot Tre-monton-Deweyville bridge across the Bear river on Highway 102, were plunged into the river when

the bridge collapsed on Nov. 8.

The two Nisei are Mich Sekigawa, 18, and Kano Sekigawa, 24.

Noithers, was desired. Neither was injured, however, managing to climb successfully out of the car and out of the shallow

The Nisei were in the car which was following a tandem trailer loaded with a tractor across the bridge. The passenger car was unable to stop and plunged into the

The falling steel girders of the bridge crushed in the top of the car containing the Japanese Americans and broke some windows. The Bear river at this point is very shallow and they were able to get

out of their car and wade ashore.

Jedd Abbott, driver of the truck
and trailer, also was uninjured.

To Speak to Nisei On Status of Veterans

LOS ANGELES-William Kent, chairman of the Los Angeles AVC committee on intercultural relations, will be the main speaker at the second of the "College of Life" programs to be held at the Los Angeles Union church on Sunday, Nov. 10, at 3:30 p. m.

Mr. Kent's subject will be "Nisei:

Dr. Stewart G. Cole, director of the West Coast Bureau of Intercultural Education, spoke at the first session of the Union church

Other speakers listed for future dates are Dr. Allan Hunter, minister of the Mount Hollywood Congregational church; Mary Oyama Mittwer, Nisei writer; and Dr. O.

The series is under the direction of the Rev. Arnold Nakajima, assited by Ernest Uno.

District Council

ONTARIO, Ore. — A tentative three-day program for the December meeting of the JACL Intermountain District Council was released this week by Beulah Shigeno, convention secretary.

The convention, co-sponsored by the Snake Rver and Boise chapters of the JACL, will be held in Weiser, Idaho, on December 14, and in Boise on December 15 and

Special events will include a handicap bowling tournament, oratorical contest and a convention

The convention banquet will be held in the Crystal room of the Hotel Boise, official headquarters

FORT SHAFTER, T. H.—More than two years after the incident for which he was cited, a veteran of the famous 442nd Regimental Combat Team, Staff Sgt. Keijiro Umebayashi of Kaneohe, Oahu, was awarded the Silver Star medal in a recent caremony at Fort Convention headquarters in Weiser will be in the Washington ho-

Report Proposition 15 Beaten By 250 Thousand Plurality **As FEPC Initiative Defeated**

By LARRY TAJIRI

The people of California defeated Proposition 15, the proposed validation of legislative amendments to the Alien Land Law, at the polls last Tuesday by a smashing majority which is expected to total more than 250,000 when all returns are counted.

With 11,714 of California's 15,296 precincts reporting, the vote on Proposition 15 was: Yes, 597,653; No, 820,833.

The result of the voting on Proposition 15 was a bright spot in an otherwise drab election day for progressive Californians. Proposition 11, the initiative proposal to create a Fair Employment Practices Commission in California, was crushed by a 3 to 1 margin. Liberal Congressmen who had fought for the right of minority groups to equal treatment were swept out of office.

The defeat of Proposition 15 is considered significant because the supporters of the proposal, including the Joint Immigration Committee, California Preservation Association, State Chamber of Commerce and the Native Sons of the Golden West, had made it a race issue directed against returned evacuees of Japanese ancestry. State Senators Jack B. Tenney and Hugh Burns, sponsors of the legislative initiative, had stressed that the issue involved persons of Japanese ancestry.

Proposition 15 was presented by its supporters as "anti-Japanese" legislation.

It has been defeated by a better than 4 to 3 margin.

In 1920 the Alien Land Law itself was passed at the general elections by a vote of 660,000 to 22,000 a margin of 30 to 1. The vote last week in California is considered a repudiation of the Alien Land Law itself.

The vote against Proposition 15, which sought the validation of the 1923 and 1943 amendments to the Alien Land Law, passed by the legislature in an effort to strengthen the restrictive act, (Continued on page 2)

Box-Score on Proposition 15

CALIFORNIA

Precincts Reporting

Precincts

1,234

267

145

133

259

315

711

151

52

38

11,714

1.197

YES

56,233

3,553

13,764

4,253

2,643

189,523

2,117

6,064

172

7,205

1,632 14,369

30,430

18,069

48,269 71,744 10,103

4,015

6,835

1,235

2,070

110

1,530

1,155

597,653

25,029

NO

86,039

3,741 1,090

18,563

11,520

1,067

4,447

2,848

863 11,308

364,574

1,638 8,903

169

293

118

8,478

2,012 22,580

15,183 1,545 20,132

37,977 107,526 20,152

4,337

9,167

24,434 2,006 2,191

6,746 1,562

1,235

8,081

2,677

1,617

820,833

430

Total

1,512

145

1.197

90

COUNTIES

Alameda

Alpine* Amador

Del Norte

El Dorado

Humboldt

Imperial*

Inyo

Kings*

Los Angeles

Mendocino

Merced

Modoc

Mono* Monterey*

Napa Nevada

Orange

Plumas
Riverside
Sacramento
San Benito*

San Bernardino

San Diego
San Francisco*
San Joaquin*
San Luis Obispo*

San Mateo
Santa Barbara*
Santa Clara*
Santa Cruz

Shasta

Siskiyou

Solano Sonoma Stanislaus*

Sutter*
Tehama*
Trinity*

Trinity*
Tuolumne*
Tulare

Ventura

Yolo* Yuba*

*Complete returns

Lake

Madera*

Marin*

Alpine*

William Kent of AVC

Analyzing his Present Status."

series on Nov. 3.

D. Richardson, professor of English at City college, Los Angeles.

Schedules Meeting In Boise, Weiser

for the convention in Boise.

Sixteen California Nisei Ask Reinstatement to State Posts

Japanese Americans Were Suspended on "Disloyalty" Charge

SACRAMENTO - Sixteen California state employees of Japanese At Hearings ancestry, suspended from civil service positions because of their ancestry at the outset of the war, will submit their cases to the State Personnel Board this week.

Members of the group were inuded among approximately ninety Japanese Americans who were sus-pended in March, 1942, when they refused to resign from their posi-tions for the duration of the war. Some 400 other Japanese Americans in the state's employ accepted wartime leaves of absence.

Dismissal proceedings were filed against members of the group and were based on blanket charges of "disloyalty." The group subse-"disloyalty." The group subsequently waived their claims for interim salaries and asked that their hearings be continued until after the salaries. after the war.

Reinstatement of the Nisei was recommended by Deputy Attorney General Wilmer Morse who declared that in view of the WRA and Army clearence reiven the suspend-Army clearance given the suspended employees, charges against them are legally insufficient and are unsupported factually.

Canada Opens New Relocation Hostel . In South Ontario

FINGAL, Ont.—A former air force station at Fingal in southern Ontario has been converted into to a new relocation center for Japanese Canadian evacuees ar-tiving from British Columbia ceners for permanent relocation in

Loyalty of 37 Nisei Upheld

Win Reinstatement To Civil Service Jobs in California

SAN FRANCISCO - Thirty seven former employees of Japa nese ancestry have been reinstated and have been awarded back pay up to the time of the evacuation James C. Purcell, San Francisco attorney representing Nisei civil service workers, reported last

Twenty-six have won reinstatement after recent hearings in Sacramento, while eleven others have been reinstated in Los Angeles.

The great majority of the 37 who have been reinstated have resigned from their positions be-cause of their present connections with other firms and offices, Mr. Purcell said.

Further hearings for other former employees who were suspended by the state on blanket "disloy-alty" charges after the outbreak of war will be held soon, Mr. Purcell indicated.

Silver Star Awarded

To Nisei Infantryman

in a recent ceremony at Fort

Election Significance:

Defeat of Proposition 15 Shows Opposition of Voters To Race-Baiting Legislation

By SABURO KIDO
The election returns from California indicate that Proposition 15 which was intended to write the Alien Land Law amendments into the State Constitution has been defeated overwhelmingly. It had been conceded by all parties that the passage or defeat of the constitutional amendment would not have changed the laws as they stand upon the statute books today. Consequently, the significance of the defeat of the measure lies in the implications to be read into the results as the mandate of the voters

of California.

Of paramount importance is the opposition of the people of California to such race legislation which singles out one group of residents for discriminatory treatment based upon their being "ineligible to citizenship." The election results definitely point to the fact that the attitude of the voters has progressed from the anti-Orientalism of the 1920s to that of according equal and fair treatment to all.

This in itself is a promising sign for the future of race relations in California. When the Alien Land Law of 1920 was submitted to the of California.

Law of 1920 was submitted to the vote of the people as an initiative measure, it was passed by the margin of 668,438 to 22,086. The arguments which swayed the voters were that the Japanese population was increasing by leaps and bounds; that the best lands were being controlled by the alien Japanese; and that "once a Jap, always a Jap." The continual propaganda in all the newspapers made the "Japanese menace" seem real.

World War II gave the decisive answer. The loyalty of the Japanese Americans together with the contributions of the Law of 1920 was submitted to the

with the contributions of the alien Japanese towards the war effort of this country established the fact that Americanism is not a matter of race or blood ties, but of the heart and mind. The Exclusion Law of 1924 had stopped further immigration and the Japanese American birth rate had followed the trend of every immigrant group, a gradual decrease with the passage of years.

Thus, in many respects the Alien
Land Law had become a dead let-

ter. The alien Japanese who had been active in agriculture were retiring and giving their place to the younger generation who were American citizens. The lack of in-terest in the enforcement of the law was the tacit acknowledgement of this feet

of this fact.

It was only the hysteria of the war with Japan and the fomenting of race feeling that forced a new drive to use the Alien Land Law against persons of Japanese ancestry.

The second important implication of the decisive defeat of Properition 15 in the median decision and the first properition and the first properities are the median decision and the median decision and the median decision are the median decision and the median dec

osition 15 is the mandate from the people to the public officials to exercise judicial prudence in their investigations and filing of escheat proceedings. In other words, the Alien Land Law is not to be used as a means of legal persecu-

There was little doubt that pressure had been exerted upon the Attorney General's office and upon the district attorneys of the various counties. The voting of the \$200,000 by the State Legislature in 1945 for investigative purposes and the passage of a law to di-vide the income from the sales of escheated land equally between the state and the county wherein the real property was located, had to be respected by the law enforcement agencies. Until the people of California spoke at the polls, the legislature's actions had to be accepted as the mandate of the peo-

The third point of significance in the overwhelming defeat of Proposition 15 will be the mandate of the people to respect the property rights of American citizens. The Supreme Court of California in the past has held in two cases, the Yano guardianship case decided in 1922 and the Fujita escheat case in 1932, that "alien ineligible to citizenship" parents may give money to their citizen minor children was the control of the citizen minor children was the citizen minor children dren to purchase real property and that the purchase of such property in the name of the minor children was not illegal even though the parents "confessedly" had bought the land in the minor's name because they themselves could not do so. Furthermore, the Supreme Court had held that even a minor of tender years can accept a gift of real property from his parents who may be "aliens ineligible to citizenship;" that the law presum-

ed an acceptance if the gift was beneficial to the minor; and that the recordation of the deed consti-

the recordation of the deed constituted sufficient delivery.

In the more than 60 escheat proceedings filed by the State of California during the past year, in the large majority of cases, the title is in the name of the children of the alien Japanese.

The recordation of the people call

The mandate of the people can The mandate of the people can be construed to mean that the same right should be accorded to citizens of Japanese ancestry as any other citizen; and the same principle of law, that the benefit of goubt should be for the defendant, should be applied in these escheat proceedings.

Most of the suspicion upon which the escheat proceedings have been

the escheat proceedings have been filed has been based upon the fact that the parents remained on the land and cultivated and managed the operations. In the Yano case, the Supreme Court held that once the title was vested in the minor citizen, the parents could not effect the ownership without the approval of the court since the minor was a ward of the state. In the Harada escheat case, one of the first proceedings in California, the judge stated that what was more natural than the fact that the more natural than the fact that the the great ways. parents would make the real property their domicile together with their children. And in a recent superior court proceeding, the judge stated that as long as the parents were going to work on the land, he was confident that the management would be in good hands.

ment would be in good hands.

The public policy of any state is to encourage gifts from the parents to their children. And the Califronia laws provide for the legal responsibility of the children for the support and maintenance of the aged parents. If so then gifts from "aliens ineligible to citizenship" to their children should be placed on the same plane as that placed on the same plane as that

of any other group.

The legal implications of the "No" votes in connection with Proposition 15 mean that the people of California desire its public officials to extend fair and equal treatment to citizens of Japanese

Of far greater significance is the desire of the voters to dis-

courage the use of existing laws for racebaiting purposes.

There is no doubt that the defeat of Proposition 15 heralds a new chapter in the attitude towards the persons of Japanese ancestry in

And since California has been tal legislation it will have its repurcussions in the neighboring states and throughout the nation.

Stranded Nisei Refused to Give Up U. S. Citizenship

SACRAMENTO - George Tanbara, who was stranded in Japan by the outbreak of war in 1941, returned to his home in Sacra-

mento recently.

Believed to be the first stranded Nisei to return to Sacramento from Japan, Tanbara reported he had been forced to suffer "indig-nities" during the war because he refused to renounce his American citizensnip.

Following the landing of American occupation troops, he was employed as a translator and interpreter in General MacArthur's headquarters. He may return to Japan shortly as a U.S. government civil service worker.

Hirose Captures Egypt Swim Crown

CAIRO, Egypt.—Takashi Hirose, member of the Ohio State university's swimming team, won the 100-meter free-style event in Egypt's international champion-

ships on Nov. 3: Hirose's time was 59.3s.

New York Group Gives Fund for Relief to Japan

Money Donated by Community Group to Friends Society

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The New York Japanese American Committee for Japan Relief, Inc., has donated \$25,000 to the American Friends Service Committee to aid its relief program in Japan, the AFSC announced this week.

The sum was collected through a six-week campaign of individual solicitation among the 3,000 to 4,000 Japanese Americans in New York.

Mr. Sekiji Yasui, president of the New York committee, presented the donation to Edward Peacock of the Friends.

Clothing, Shoes Sent By Canada Evacuees For Relief in Japan

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Tashme relocation center, Japanese Canadian internment camp in British Columbia, collected 31 bales of clothing and six boxes of shoes for the American Friends Service Committee relief program in Japan, the AFSC announced this week in Philadelphia.

The clothing and shoes, valued at

The clothing and shoes, valued at \$2,855, were collected by the high school students of the center. The clothing was baled by a Vancouver firm and is awaiting authorization

for shipment to Japan.
The collection was made, at considerable sacrifice on the part of the internees, shortly before the camp was closed, the AFSC said.

JACL Representative

LOS ANGELES — Eiji Tanabe, JACL representative in Los An-geles, will participate in a panel discussion on minority problems

discussion on minority problems at the regional conference of the Fellowship of Reconciliation Nov. 9 at Chapman college.

Tanabe will discuss the results of the November election in relation to persons of Japanese ancesery and will also speak on problems concerning Nisei in southern California.

Washington News-Letter

Ingrid Bergman Denounces Jim Crow in Washington

Jim Crowism has existed in the nation's capital since its early days, but many of its residents, while deploring the policies which bar Negroes from theaters and restaurants, sit back and gradually begin to accept it as a matter of course.

Occasionally, however, some forthright individual comes along and lashes out at Jim Crow, and Washingtonians are jolted into and lastics out the last same ago, Clare Boothe Luce, the hard-hitting representative from Connecticut, took a healthy sock

at Washington's discriminatory regulations. Her take-off on Jim Crow was inspired by the refusal of the Daughters of the American Revolution to permit pianist Hazel Scott, colored exponent of boogie woogie, to perform in DAR-owned Constitution Hall.

Constitution Hall.

Last week, another noted figure, none other than the incomparable Swedish actress, Ingrid Bergman, let loose with an assault on Washington Jim Crow. When Miss Bergman arrived last week to open the pre-Broadway run of "Joan of Lorraine" at the Lisner Auditorium at George Washington University, she learned for the first time that Negroes were to be barred from her performance.

Miss Bergman was furious, But there was nothing she could do about it; her contract called for a 3-week stay and she was

for a 3-week stay and she was stuck with it. But she did manage to let the school and the public know how she felt about it. To the gentry of the press, she declared that had she known beforehand that Negroes were not to be allowed in the school auditorium, she would have re-fused to open the play in Washington.

ington.

The theater, entertainment, and the arts should be for all people, she said, and it was incredible to her that Washington, the great capital of the world, was so small in the ways of human relationships. Obviously Miss Bergman still has a lot to learn about America.

The play a sell-out weeks in ad-

lot to learn about America.

The play, a sell-out weeks in advance of its opening, is a tremendous hit, but George Washington University finds little salve in that. The red-faced school authorities are squirming in their academic chairs, wishing they had never even heard of Miss Bergman.

Miss Bergman's outspoken blast at the school's action has produced some immediate benefits to the whole cause of racial equality. The

entire cast of the play has backed its star and has vowed never to appear again before an audience from which Negroes are barred.

The public and the press ceasured the school for conforming to Washington's no-Negro theatrical pattern and for debasing the very principles of American democracy it professors to test democracy it professes to teach.

Of greater significance are the proposals by two of America's leading playwrights. Maxwell, and thor of the play, said he will seek a ruling from the Dramatists Guld to prevent the presentation of plays by any member of the guild in any theater where discrimination exists. theater where discrimination exists on "either side of the footlights"

Playwright Robert Sherwood, in a widely circulated letter to the press, urged all actors, playwrights, and producers to keep productions out of Washington theaters until Negroes are able to view them on an equal footing.

Billy Rose is already are income.

Billy Rose is already one jump ahead of his fellow-producers. He recently cancelled his production of "Carmen Jones" at Uline Area, Washington's equivalent to Madison Square Garden, when he learned no tickets were to be sold to

Thus it appears that if this policy gains momentum among theatrical people and develops into a tight-bound boycott, inroads may be made into Washington's scandalous. Jim Crow, In a sense the be made into Washington's scandalous Jim Crow. In a sense, the theater would be the logical starting point through which a wedge could be driven into the capital's color restrictions. Its people are dedicated to the freedom of the arts, and they more than any other group can be counted on to remain steadfast in their course of action.

The success of this campain

The success of this campaign may not be immediate. Changes in race relations do not come overnight. It is unfortunate that silly racial restrictions are man made, yet on the other hand be-cause they are the product of man's adolescent notions on color distinctions, there is hope that changes can be effected.

Recently when Nibonu Ojike famous colored speaker of Pearl Buck's East and West Association, came to Washington to deliver a talk on Africa, he had a pretty good sampling of Washington's discrimination against the Negro. Ben Kuroki, who was executive serretary of Washington's East and West, took Ojike around to the various newspaper offices for in-

terviews.
Not a single newspaper, however, carried the announcement that Ojike was to speak. Consequently when Ojike appeared at the Department of the Interior auditory ium, only about 150 people, who had learned of the program by word of mouth, comprised the audience. Had the press not sat on the story, probably 500 to 700 persons would have attended to hear

the outstanding Negro speaker.

During his stay in Washington,
Ojike once sat down with Ben at
a counter in People's Drugstore,
Washington's biggest drug chain.

The alealer refused to serve Ojike, Washington's biggest drug chain.
The clerk refused to serve Ojike, whereupon Ojike impishly asked the clerk that if it was a people's drugstore why couldn't he be served. The clerk shrugged his shoulders and walked off.
That was not the first brush Ojike had with Jim Crow in

Ojike had with Jim Crow i Washington. Some years ago he was invited to a White House tea along with youths of 50 other mations. Ojike shook hands with President Roosevelt, chatted with him and since the state of the state of

him, and sipped tea with him.

Later, on his way home, Ojike stopped in at a drugstore and ordered a milkshake. The clerk put it in a prepare container. Ojike said t in a paper container. Ojike pal the clerk and sat down, opened the container and sat down, opened are container and proceeded to drink. The clerk stopped him immediately. "You can't drink it here," he said. "You have to take it outside." Ojike walked out leaving the milk shake standing on the counter.

shake standing on the counter.

It was just a bit too much for him. He could drink tea with the Chief Executive of the nation, but he couldn't drink a milkshake in a drugstore with ordinary folk.

California Voters Repudiate Alien Land Law Proposal

(Continued from page 1)
was heaviest in the urban areas where the JACL's Anti-Discrimination Committee, Inc., had led the fight. Los Angeles county, with a third of the state's population, defeated it nearly 2 to 1 with a vote of 364,574 to 189,523 on incompete returns. In San Francisco and Alameda counties, both mainly urban and industrial, the story was the same.

San Joaquin county, which includes the city of Stockton, defeated it 2 to 1, by a vote of 20,152 to 10,103. The Stockton Record, the city's only daily paper, had urged strongly that the measure be defeated but elsewhere in the central California valleys, particularly in the orbits of the three McClatchy newspa the Sacramento Bee, Fresno Bee and Modesto Bee, which had supported Proposition 15, the story was a different one. Sacramento, Fresno and Stanislaus counties, where the Bee papers wield a strong influence, all recorded heavy majorities in favor of the "anti-Japanese" proposal.

In the major urban areas Proposition 15 had the opposition of the CIO-PAC, AFL and Railway Brotherhood groups, the American Veterans Committee and Amvets, and various church and civil liberty groups.

With the exception of the McClatchy papers and the Sacramento Union and the Oakland Tribune, the majority of California's press opposed the measure, the first time in the state's political history that there has been so much opposition to an "anti-Japanese" proposal.

In the final weeks of the campaign, the JACL's Anti-Discrimination Committee distributed more than 250,000 pieces of literature against Proposition 15 and utilized radio and newspaper advertising.

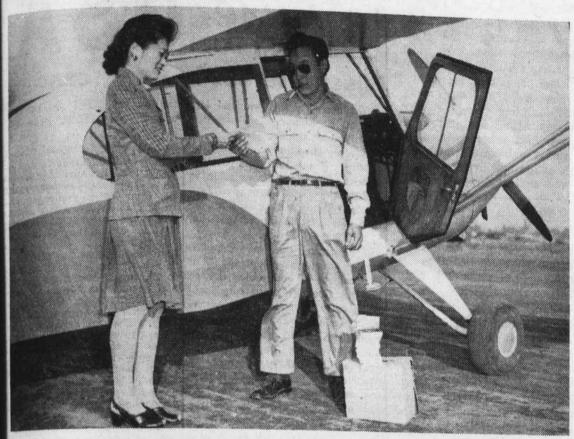
The fight against Proposition 15 also was conducted on a state-wide basis by the Citizens Committee Against Proposition 15, composed of leading educators, religious leaders and business and professional men.

The result was the resounding repudiation of legislative racism in California.

Counties in which the majority of the voters opposed Proposition 15 included Alameda, Alpine, Butte, Calaveras, Humbolt, Imperial, Kings, Kern, Los Angeles, Marin, Modoc, Mono, Monterey, Nevada, Orange, Riverside, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Francisco, San Joquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz and Shasta.

Strongest support of the Alien Land Law amendments was recorded in El Dorado, Fresno, Madera, Sacramento, San Diego, Stanislaus, Tuolumne and Yolo counties.

Pamphlets Flown to Voters by Nisei



LOS ANGELES-In the final days of the IACL Anti-Discrimination Committee campaign to defeat Proposition No. 15, every means was used to deliver the committee's information leaf-let urging a "NO" vote on the proposition. Here

Mrs. Mike Masaoka, volunteer worker, is delivering the leaflets to pilot Tom Enomoto, who flew from Santa Ana to have the leaflets in time for a last minute election rally.

-Photo by Toyo Mivatake.

Coercion Charged in Test Case iled to Cancel Renunciation of Citizenship by Three Nisei

Petitioners Were Below Legal Age at Time They Rejected Rights

LOS ANGELES - Three Japa-Americans who claimed they e acting under coercion in remeing their citizenship while below the legal age of 18, d suit in the Federal District t at Los Angeles this week to mat Los Angeles this week to gain their American citizenship. One of the plaintiffs, Albert hich Inouye, is in the U.S. my and has reported for over-as duty. He volunteered for

The suit in their behalf was ed by A. L. Wirin and Fred Oknd for the national office of the merican Civil Liberties Union d is countersigned by Arthur arfield Hays and Osmond K. makel of New York City, namal counsel for the ACLU.

Albert Inouye, according to the mplaint filed this week, was m in California and was active the YMCA, the Christian urch and school athletics prior the evacuation. His participan in drives for infantile paraand tuberculosis funds was d, as well as his savings in While at the Manzarelocation center he was acin the merican Red Cross ject and the USO.

of 17 he was given a hearing ore the Department of Jus-and was released after proof loyalty, the complaint states. lowing his release he volun-med for service with the U. S.

plaintiffs med as Rose Tsuneko and rha Takako Katayama, sisters. h charge they were under 18 m they announced their citi-

Il the plaintiffs claim that y acted under coercion and that ir renunciation of American tenship was not voluntary. results of the suit will affect roximately 4000 Americann renunciants formerly at the e Lake, Calif., center, 400 of om are still in detention at stal City, Texas.

CL Members Attend vic Unity Meet ld in Portland

tea na-rith rith

ORTLAND, Ore. — Ten memof the JACL attended session of the Civic Unity conference held Oct. 25 and 26 at the son high school auditorium.

Mike Masaoka, national execuseretary of the JACL, was at speaker with Dr. Melville be on the Saturday evening ion, Massacka's subject was

Masaoka's subject was

ic Unity in Our Time."

Large Crowd Attends Hallowe'en Carnival Of Denver JACL

DENVER, Colo.—Hundreds of Denverites attended the JACL Hallowe'en carnival held here on

Oct. 31 and Nov. 1 at the People's Tabernacle hall.

Feature of the carnival was a queen contest, with the public purchasing votes for one cent each. Winner in the JACL division was Mrs. Merijane Yokoe, followed by True Shibata and Atsu Ito Other

Mrs. Merijane Yokoe, followed by True Shibata and Atsu Ito. Other contestants were Amy Watanabe and Rosa Higashi.

Queen of the Nisei Women's Athletic Association section was Masako Murata. Sets Maeda was second and Nobi Umekubo third. Others participating were Himi Mayemura, Jean Orita and Chiz Okuno.

The queens were crowned during the prize drawings the night of Nov. 1.

Cakes donated by members of the Cornelians' club, a group of Nisei matrons, brought as much as \$14 each in an auction sale.

Women's Club Holds Hallowe'en Social

CHICAGO-A Hallowe'en party was given by the Japanese American Women's club of Chicago for members and their guests at the Westside YWCA on Oct. 26.
Sumi Kawasaki, Ruth Saika, Yoshiko Oshita, Mrs. T. Mukoyama and Mrs. J. Mukoyama were

in charge of the evening's enter-tainment, which included games, refreshments and dancing.

Nisei Crew Receives Record Price for Fish from Cannery

MONTEREY, Calif. — Captain Frank Manaka of the seiner Western Sky, one of the first Nisei fishermen to return to his occupation as a commercial fisherman, reported last week that he and his Nisei crew had received \$60 a ton, an all-time high, for their catch of 160 to 200 tons, which was sold to the Enterprise Canning company.

Manaka said that his crew had taken the fish in Southern California waters.

Manaka's seiner is one of the largest and most modern craft op-erating out of Monterey harbor. It carries a crew of 11 and has a capacity of 300 tons of fish.

Members of Manaka's crew include Nisei veterans of the famous 442nd Combat Team.

Nisei Fellowship Sets New Policy

CLEVELAND, O. — The Nisei Christian Fellowship of Cleveland, Ohio, in a move to erase racial barriers, last week took action to meet and work jointly with the Youth Fellowship of the First Methodist church.

Dr. Knickrehem, minister to the First church group, began a series of discussions on Oct. 24 on the theme, "Making Religion Work in Everyday Life."

The evening worship, held in the sanctuary, is to be conduc alternately by ministers of both groups, the Rev. Victor Fujii, minister to the Nisei Fellowship, delivered the initial devotional Oct. 24.

A supper at 6 with a social to end the evening will be part of the new program.

Stranded Nisei Persecuted By Japanese, Says Returnee

ended this week for Clara Iwamoto, 25, who rejoined her family in Ogden on Oct. 30, after returning from Japan on the Marine Falcon.

Thirty other Nisei who were stranded in that country by the war were on the ship with Miss Iwamoto when it arrived in Seattle October. 28. Many of them were headed for homes in San Francisco and Los Angeles, but debarked at and Los Angeles, but debarked at Seattle because of the shipping strike in San Francisco.
The daughter of Mrs. Take Iwa-

moto, 2951 Pingree street, Ogden, Miss Iwamoto went to Japan in June, 1940, to continue her studies. Up to the time of the war she worked as a telephone operator for

A six-year war-enforced absence ded this week for Clara Iwamoto, who rejoined her family in Ognom on Oct. 30, after returning om Japan on the Marine Falcon.

A six-year war-enforced absence against by the Japanese, she said. She described incidents in which she and other Nisei girls were kept out of air raid shelters during bombing raids because they were American citizens.
Several Nisei succumbed to ty-

phoid and tuberculosis during the war because of poor sanitation and health facilities, she said.

Following the war Miss Iwamoto worked for the U. S. Army as a typist and office worker at the army's 42nd General hospital in

Tokyo. Her happiest moment in Tokyo came when, in the spring of this year, she met her brother, Nobe, 22, warrant officer junior grade with

the U. S. Embassy in Tokyo.

War conditions in Tokyo were described as "extremely difficult" by the Nisei girl. Persons known to be Nisei were discriminated of the U. S. Army.

Other members of the family are Dalermo will ask the court to reverse the decision of the District Court of Appeals, which recently held that the lease was still in effect.

Mayor Bowron of Los Angeles Admits Wartime Prejudice Against Japanese Americans

LOS ANGELES-Mayor Fletcher Bowron of Los Angeles, who was an outspoken advocate of the mass evacuation of persons of Japanese ancestry from the Pacific coast during the war, declared at the Veterans testimonial dinner on Nov. 3 that he had been convinced "beyond all peradventure of doubt" that Americans of Japanese ancestry have been loyal to the United States.

"As some of you know, during the early part of the war, I was outspoken not only against Japan, but I now freely confess,

Nisei Returns From Role In **Tokyo Trials**

Language Difficulties Cited by Itami as "Stumbling Block"

DENVER, COLO. — A former American Army sergeant of Jap-anese ancestry, Akira Itami of Los Angeles, declared here last week that language handicaps, together with the inability of Japanese law-yers and defendants to comprehend Anglo-Saxon law, appear to be the two primary stumbling blocks in the present Tokyo war crimes trials.

He was interviewed here by Roy Takeno of the Denver Post.

Itami is now the chief civilian interpreter at the trials and arrived back in the United States recently on a two months leave of absence to arrange for his wife and child to join him in Japan.

Itami recently received the U.S. Army's Legion of Merit for his work in assembling a reference library of more than 4,000 Japanese Army orders and manuals.

He was in newspaper work in Los Angeles before the war and was evacuated to the Manzanar relocation center. He later taught at the Military Intelligence Service Language School at Camp Savage before his induction into the army.

Itami expects to fly back to Tokyo on Dec. 1 while his family will proceed by ship from Los Angeles harbor.

New York JACL **Announces Plans** For Winter Ball

NEW YORK—The Winter Ball of the New York chapter of the Japanese American Citizens League will be held in the East ballroom of the Hotel Commodore in New York on Dec. 13.

Jeno Bartal's orchestra from the Hawaiian room of the Rotel

the Hawaiian room of the Rotel Lexington will furnish the music for the occasion.

Members of the JACL's dance committee are Harry Kuwada, Mitsuo Matsuo, Mitsuko Takami, Hoshie Yamada, Betty Morita, Alice Yoshida, Mary Fujioka, Ma-saji Murai and Eiko Kishi.

\$4.80 per Admission will be

too, to a great extent against Japanese in general," Mayor Bowron said. "I feared that blood would tell in some cases and that it would be extremely difficult to separate those, even though in the vast majority, who could be relied upon as loyal to this, the land of their birth, and those who in their hearts retained the pride of their ancestry to the extent that when there was approximately the result of th opportunity, they would act to give

aid and comfort to the government of the land of their forefathers. "I am glad indeed to make the public declaration that I have been convinced beyond all peradventure of doubt, the Nisei have been true."

More than 1200 persons attended the testimonal fete at the Rodger Young auditorium, including 100 civic leaders and military officials, to pay tribute to the wartime record of Americans of Japanese ancestry from Los Angeles.

Five hundred Nisei veterans and 30 Gold Star mothers were among

30 Gold Star mothers were among

the guests.
Col. Elliot R. Thorpe, commanding officer of the military language school at the Presidio of Monterey, was the main speaker at the dinner and declared that Japanese Amer-ican soldiers "have done much to shorten the war and contribute victory to the United States."
"We must carry on the work,"
Col. Thorpe said. "We were glor-

Col. Thorpe said. "We were glorious in war. Now we must work harder to rebuild Japan into a democratic nation. The Nisei are the 'eyes and ears' of tomorrow between the two nations. We must demonstrate patiently to the people in Japan that to live in the world of peace, Japan herself must be at peace.

"There is opportunity for the Nisei and much more vital work to

Ralph G. Martin, author of the "Boy from Nebraska," also spoke at the dinner. John Maeno was

Double-Ring Service Unites John Aoki And Lillian Fujihira

MILWAUKEE, Wis .- A doublering candlelight ceremony held Oct. 26 at the First Methodist church of Milwaukee united Miss Lillian Fujihira, daughter of Mrs. Yuki Fujihira, and Mr. John Shi-geru Aoki, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Aoki.

The bride, wearing traditional white, was attended by her sister, Mrs . Frank Okada, and given away in marriage by her brother, Mr. Julius Fujihira. Frank Okada served as best man, while Frank-lin Fujihira was the usher.

Three Nisei Amputees Honored At Farewell Fete in Capital

WASHINGTON, D. C. - Three | be Nisei amputees were honored at a farewell dinner by the Washington Nisei USO Junior Hostesses on Oct. 31 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William White in Takoma Park, Maryland.

Corp. Tad Ono and Corp. Terry Kato of Honolulu, and Pfc. Wilson Makabe of Loomis, Calif., were the honorees. Another Nisei pa-tient at Walter Reed Hospital, Sgt. Frank Fujino, who underwent

be discharged next week, while Makabe and Fujino expect to be released sometime next year. Ono, Kato and Makabe lost their right legs in Italy, while Fujino lost his left limb.

Each of the boys was given a handsome necktie. The presenta-tion was made by Miss Gretchen Makabe of Loomis, Calif., were the honorees. Another Nisei patient at Walter Reed Hospital, Sgt. Frank Fujino, who underwent another operation recently, was unable to attend.

Following the dinner, Ono left for Hawaii. Kato is scheduled to

California Court to Rule on Stockton Theatre Test Case

SAN FRANCISCO - The State Supreme Court last week decided to hear the appeals of Emil Paler-mo, owner of a Stockton theater building, on the lower court rul-ing that his lease of the structure Japanese operators remains

The theater owner will ask the Supreme Court to hold to a decision in his favor by the San Joa-

quin county superior court.

Palermo has contended that the lease, which was extended for a 10-year period in 1940, is illegal under the alien land act and that the abrogation of U. S.-Japan treaties in 1940 left no international agreements under which the Issei could lease commercial prop-



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LARRY TAJIRI

EDITORIALS: Proposition 15

The defeat of Proposition 15 at last Tuesday's elections in California is an event of major significance in the political history of the state and marks the end of four decades of political scapegoatism directed against the state's residents of Japanese ancestry.

Proposition 15 sought to write legislative amendments to the 1920 land law, amendments passed by the legislature to tighten its provisions, into the state's constitution. Although the proposal has been rejected by a majority of the state's voters at a general election, the amendments still are the law of the state. It was because State Senator Jack B. Tenney was dubious about the constitutionality of the legislature's action in amending a law which had been passed as an initiative measure by the vote of the people, that the legislature was asked in 1945 to authorize the placing of Constitutional Amendment No. 17, which appeared on the ballot as Proposition 15, before the people of the state.

The amendments, and the Alien Land Law itself, are still the law of the state, but the rejection of Proposition 15 by a plurality of more than 250,000 proves that these racist statutes no longer represent public policy. The Alien Land Law was considered a "dead letter" and little effort was made to enforce it until the outbreak of war in the Pacific. In 1943, however, amendments sponsored by Senator Tenney, Clair Engle, now a member of Congress; Lloyd Lowrey and others, were passed to tighten the law's provisions and to facilitate its enforceability. These amendments now have been repudiated by the people's refusal to write them into the state constitution. If the state legislature is sensitive to the people's will, the amendments should be repealed at the next session.

Under the 1943 amendments more than 50 cases have been initiated in the California courts by the state in an effort to confiscate the property of Japanese Americans for alleged violation of the Alien Land Law. The result of the balloting questions the integrity of continued prosecutions under the Alien Land Law.

eople of California are to be congratulated for their vote against Proposition 15, which constitutes the repudiation of the principles involved in the Alien Land Law and similar legislation of a discriminatory nature.

Bowron's Admission

It is an exceptional public official who will admit that he has been wrong. One such exception was New York's former mayor, Fiorello LaGuardia, who once said: "When I make a mistake, it's a beaut!" Last week another mayor admitted he had been wrong. He is Mayor Fletcher Bowron of Los Angeles and the mistake he made concerned his attitude toward Japanese Americans at the outset of the war.

Mayor Bowron was one of the earliest advocates of mass evacuation and sponsored delegations to Washington to demand the removal of Japanese Americans from the Los Angeles area. As he admitted in his speech on Nov. 3 at the testimonial dinner for Japanese American war veterans in Los Angeles, Mayor Bowron thought that race and ancestry would be powerful factors in determining the loyalty of persons of Japanese ancestry in the United States. His appeal for mass evacuation was based on a fear of sabotage and treachery.

In his talk before 1200 persons at the

Los Angeles dinner last Sunday evening, Mayor Bowron said that Japanese Americans had proved their loyalty in the war "beyond all peradventure of doubt."

Mayor Bowron was not the only Californian who thought in the weeks which followed the outbreak of war that the state's Japanese American population represented a threat to security and that mass evacuation would provide a solution. Mayor Bowron has admitted he was wrong and last Tuesday more than a million other Californians repudiated the racist principles which are symbolized by evacuation and by racist legislation by their vote against Proposition 15.

Defeat of FEPC

On November 5 the voters of California, by overwhelming majority, crushed Proposition No. 11, a proposal to create a state Fair Employment Practices Commission.

The defeat was not unexpected in view of the rising tide of reaction throughout the state and nation, but it was not expected that the people would so completely repudiate this proposal to guarantee equal work and employment opportunities for all people.

When the FEPC died, due to the failure of the 79th Congress to vote funds for its continued existence, it fell to the states to continue the functions of this agency. In California, following the refusal of the state legislature to create an FEPC, its proponents by initiative measure took the bill to the people.

The FEPC was interpreted by its opponents as a compulsory method of forcing employers to hire persons against their will. It was pictured as a means of heightening race tensions and of aggravating California's minority problems.

The successful operation of the FEPC during the war and its excellent record in the state of New York were not touched upon by the opponents of this bill, which would only guarantee to all persons, regardless of their religion or race, equal opportunities in employment.

It was claimed that the FEPC would favor persons of the minority races. It was pictured as a device to take jobs from persons of Anglo-American ancestry in order to give them to persons of other descent.

All of the tension-creating words of prejudice were used to persuade California voters to reject the proposal. Thinly-veiled arguments of race were used.

It was defeated on November 5 by a vote of more than 2 to 1.

The many persons and organizations which fought to pass this guarantee of civil rights must not be disheartened by the defeat. The bill must be presented again and again to the people of California until the lies and fabrications and confused thinking which defeated the proposal this November 5 have been cleared away. Then the voters, upon the merits of the proposal and in the belief that all men should be guaranteed the right to make a living, can make the Fair Employment Practices Act a part of the constitution of the state of California.

Campaign in Canada

While legislative racism was getting a sound spanking from the voters of California, a campaign was being initiated in Canada's province of British Columbia to maintain the present status of "second class citizenship" for Canadians of Japanese and Chinese ancestry.

British Columbia's racist politicians already have succeeded in forcing the Dominion government to carry out a program of dispersal to areas other than the West Coast of the 24,000 persons of Japanese ancestry who formerly resided in the province. This program of forced relocation is now under way and no Canadian of Japanese ancestry is being permitted to return to his pre-evacuation home.

The New Canadian, the Japanese Canadian newspaper published in Winnipeg, points out that a revival of anti-Chinese agitation is the next step of the British Columbia white supremacists and that this campaign already has been initiated. "The same basic reasons --which are economic-which led to discrimination against the Japanese Canadians exist in the case of Chinese Canadians. The same arguments employed by the racists against the Japanese can be employed with few changes against the Chinese," the New Canadian said in an editorial last summer. That campaign is now under way.

Nisei USA

Nisei Interest in Congress

islation to correct statutory discrimination against persons of Rep. Gearhart to support Japanese ancestry and for the passage of the bill to create an Evacuation Claims Commission in the Interior Department give Japanese Americans a more than ordinary interest in the composition of the 80th Congress.

The running tide of Republicanism which has swept the GOP into control of both the Senate and the House undoubtedly will delay early consideration of the evacuee claims proposal, the Issei naturalization bill, the Eberharter bill to give the Department of Justice discretionary powers in deportation proceedings involving so-called "ineligible aliens" and other legislation of particular interest to Japanese Americans. Aside from the probability that the conservative majority in Congress will be less interested in legislation of a remedial nature for a minority group, the reasons for a probable delay are manifold. The shift in control will necessi-The shift in control will necessitate complete reorganization of the legislative body and Congressional committees will be consolidated under a bi-partisan proposal adopted at the last session for streamlining the functions of both houses. In addition, a number of Congressmen who were interested in the proposed remedial terested in the proposed remedial legislation have been defeated.

There is urgent necessity for the speedy passage of the evacuee claims bill, which will create an Interior Department commission to authorize the payment of the accountable property and business losses suffered by evacuees of Japanese ancestry as a result of the mass evacuation in 1942. Most the mass evacuation in 1942. Most of the financial resources of the evacuees were totally depleted or sorely strained as a result of evacuation and internment in relocation camps and the payment of legitimate business losses and ac-countable property damages suf-fered as a direct result of the evacuation is a matter of simple justice as President Truman has pointed out.

There was every indication that the evacuee claims bill would have been passed in the last Congress had the bill been presented in a regular session. Consideration of the bill, which was sponsored by the War Relocation Authority, now no longer in existence, and endorsed by President Truman, was held up last summer because of a legislative log-jam by the debate on OPA, the British loan and other pieces of major legislation. With the aid of a message from President Truman the bill finally was rushed through Congressional processes and reached the Senate and House floor in the final week ind House floor in the final week of the 79th Congress, when unani-mous consent was necessary for its passage under the rule invoked to permit Congress to wind up its affairs. It was passed unanimously in the Senate and would have passed in the House except for an objection from Rep. Clair Engle of California, who was supported in this action by Rep. B. W. Gear-hart, also of California.

The majority of the California delegation, however, was in favor of the evacuee claims bill and had supported the War Relocation Authority's program for Japanese American evacuees. Out of this delegation, however, Reps. Ellis Patterson, George Outland, Ned Healy, Clyde Doyle, Jerry Voorhis and Ed Izac, all progressive Democrats, were defeated in last Tuesday's elections while Pen Tolon day's elections, while Rep. Tolan did not run for reelection.

Since the California delegation. long has had a major voice in any legislation affecting Japanese Americans, the attitude of the new Golden State group in Congress will be of considerable interest. The defeat of the Alien Land Law proposal, Proposition 15, by California voters has proved that "anti-Japanese" politics no longer are popular in the state and this fact may lead to a statesmanlike stand on the part of Since the California delegation proved that "anti-Japanese" politics no longer are popular in the state and this fact may lead to a statesmanlike stand on the part of the new delegation when the evacuee claims bill is presented again in Congress.

An interesting development, as expected to have bi-partisan port in the next congress. Farrington, incidentally, was believed by the people of who also elected by the people of the new delegation when the evacuee claims bill is presented again in Congress.

An interesting development, as

The necessity for remedial leg- far as the Nisei are concerned was the pre-election promise by evacuee claims proposal which he had helped defeat in the last session. Mr. Gearhart then involved in a ding-dong campaign against his Democratic challenger, Prof. Hubert Phillips, wrote a Japanes American constituent in Freso that he would support the claims bill if reelected. Prof. Phillip had been a leading advocate of the play for Japanese American had been a leading advocate of fair play for Japanese American in California during the war year and headed the Fresno chapter of the West Coast Committee of American Principles and Fair Play. The election returns, however, proved that this activity of behalf of the democratic treatment of a minority group was not a reof a minority group was not a political liability, as some may have feared. Mr. Phillips nearly useated Rep. Gearhart in a distriwhich had been considered Republican.

Incidentally, it is interesting a note that two of the handful d Democrats to survive the GOP landslide in Pennsylvania wer Rep. Herman Eberharter of Pitts burgh, author of a bill under which Japanese and other "help gible aliens" will be treated at the same basis as all other alies in deportation proceedings, as Rep. Francis Walters who helps expedite Congressional consid tion of the evacuation claims bill Of course, the interest taken by these two Pennsylvanians in mu-ters affecting the Nisei reflect only their generally progressivattitude and had nothing to with their reelection. Both ran is industrial areas which are normally Democratic, Rep. Elerharter will be remembered for in courageous action in 1943, when he exposed the race-baiting tactics of the Dies Committee and then file a minority report challenging to investigative group's conclusion on Japanese Americans and wa relocation.

During the last session of Con gress approximately 40 privaled bills were introduced to prevent deportation of Japanese alien meddents, several of whom were p litical refugees, while others were international traders whose eith bility to residence in the b States had been changed by the abrogation of the commerce treaty with Japan shortly being the outbreak of war. Most these persons, against whom portation proceedings had be filed, had played an important role in the war against Japan members of the staffs of 08 OWI, FBIS, Army Map Seria and as teachers in the Army Navy language program. The private bills must be reintroduce at the next session, unless the Eberharter bill or some similar to the control of the control o blanket legislation is passed. a number of cases, however, congressmen who were inte in these private bills will not be turn to Washington. An example is that of Rep. Joseph Clark Bull win of New York City, a liber Republican who was defeated for renomination by his party became of his progressive record. Be Baldwin had sponsored a bill traro Yashima and his wife, lib su, who had worked for OSS as OWL during the war. in these private bills will OWI during the war.

One of the bills which is pected to be reintroduced at next session of Congress is proposal which will eliminate cial postructions as a condition cial restrictions as a condition naturalization. The practical fect of this legislation would be permit 75,000 Japanese and Korean aliens, most of the have been legal residents of United States. United States for more than years, to apply for citizenship the same basis as all other a It has been pointed out that of the persons involved have dren who have served or are serving in the armed forces of United States.

Irs. (

ough

The bill was submitted in last session by Delegate for R. Farrington of Hawaii. It expected to have bi-partisan port in the next concress.

Vagaries

waii Trip . . .

EW YORK: It's reported Earl Finch is rounding up ral top U. S. entertainers, ining Cab Calloway and the Inking can calloway and the likes, to make a special trip to sail next spring to help raise as for the 442nd Club in Hafinch is planning another to Hawaii in the near future The cultural section of the le Department has purchased of Yasuo Kuniyoshi's paintand will send it overseas with election of paintings by other ous American artists.

wo Nisei dancers have ap-red in recent productions of Chicago Civic Opera. Yasuko i danced in "Lucia," while danced in Lucia, while io Shimodo has been seen in let numbers . . The California servation Association, organidin 1945 to prevent the return Japanese Americans to their ifornia homes, actively camin support of Proposition 15 Naohiro Sasaki, who is now a essful restaurant operator in rwalk, Conn., formerly was the of for the late Alfred E. Smith, en the latter was governor of w York.

lm Story .

RKO's "This Is America" series n on Hawaii, now in produc-n, is expected to tell the story wartime loyalty of the terri-'s large Japanese American lation . . . Richard Asato, Haiian lightweight champion, has en challenged by Yasu Yasutake, has an impressive string of

One of the surprises of the elecin California was the anced opposition of the Los Anles Times to Proposition 15, the ien Land Law amendments. The s announced its opposition on Sunday before the election . . identally, the opposition to oposition 15 spilled over into nana, where John Tadano in-med the JACL's Anti-Discrimimed the JACL'S Aller Angeles at a number of leading Demoats and Republicans had con-mned Proposition 15 as "racist id undemocratic."

The Mitsukoshi department store ing, erected shortly before the threak of the war in Honolulu, now being occupied by the Vet-ans Administration. During the ar the building was used by the SO... Two Nisei were arrested on Diego during the last week San Diego during the last week the California election campaign r allegedly distributing pam-alets against Proposition 15 in lolation of city ordinance. They olation of city ordinance. ter were released. . . . John Fujii, mer West Coast newsman who ceived wide publicity in wartime boks by Cecil Brown and Mark ayn, is now in Tokyo. When war roke out in 1941, Fujii was in ingapore where he was the manging editor of the Herald. ng editor of the Herald. He interned by the British and as taken to India where he acted a liaison capacity between Jap-nese internees and British author-ies. After V-J Day, Fujii became liaison official for the Australian ces reoccupying Singapore. He as recently repatriated to Japan. his week the International News ervice in the United States carried ationally a by-lined dispatch from ujii in Tokyo on the British use f Japanese Army forces in Malay-is parents when he was less than year old. He went to the Far ast in 1939, purportedly because e was an alien "ineligible to citienship" and therefore unable to ttain the citizenship rights enoyed by the Nisei.

Irs. Chiyeko Ohata ought by Relative

Mary Ohata Lombard of New ork City this week asked for aid In locating the whereabouts of the Knight of the whom an an argent message is being held.

Mrs. Ohata is the adopted another of Mrs. Lombard's uncle.

Any information, as to Mrs. Ohamy information as to Mrs. Oharesent address should be sent Mrs. Lombard, director of adw York City.

"A Brother Is a Stranger:"

Toru Matsumoto's New Book Is a Story of Conflict

A BROTHER IS A STRANGER, by Toru Matsumoto and Marion O. Lerrigo. An Asia Press book published by John Day

Company, New York. \$3.75. 318 pp.

"A Brother is a Stranger" was born at Fort George G. Meade, Maryland, in 1942, where the author was an internee following his arrest at the time of Pearl Harbor. Toru Matsumoto had just made one of the most important decisions of his life. Against the urging of his fellow Japanese internees, he had decided to stay in this country and to refuse the offer of repatriation made to all of them. Feeling against him on the part of many of the internees was high, and Matsumoto felt that some

attempt might be made to take his life. He wanted to explain to his own satisfaction his reason for sticking out his future here, and in the event of his death he wanted his son, Teddy, then an infant, to know at some later date what manner of man his father had

Thus, in the fashion of many other men who have written the story of their lives while in pris-Toru Matsumoto began the manuscript which later became "A Brother is a Stranger.'

It is a good book, strong, revealing, touching. It affords the reader an accurate look into the period during which Japan armed for war. It affords, more impor-tant, a study of the composite picture of Japan a nation made up not only of persons fanatically eager for war, but also of men and women who fought against it and who will in the future be the men and women with whom we can secure an enduring peace.

Essentially "A Brother Is Stranger" is a story of conflict. From boyhood Toru Matsumoto was in conflict against his family, against regimentation, against formal education, against custom. But the story goes beyond this person-al conflict of one man against other men. It shows the conflicting viewpoints of the American vs. the Japanese way of life, of labor and Japan's system of "benevo-dent" paternalism, of individual thought and regimentation as expressed in that nation's overall system of "thought control." And the book relates, too, that greatest of conflicts, World War II, and the way it touched the lives of little people both here and in Ja-

Toru Matsumoto, however, was born in a family of strong individual conviction. His grandfather and grandmother, in defiance of the customs of their times, had eloped, and their marriage for love instead of convenience invoked considerable censure. Toru's father was a doctor, a man of considerable charm and some weakness, but also a man with a feeling of responsibility for his fellow men. Toru's earliest memories are of moving from one isolated spot to another, his father starting a new clinic or hospital in each place.

It was, however, his Christian mother who by example gave Toru his best lessons in courses. His

his best lessons in courage. His mother discarded many of the customs which have bound Japanese women to their homes and families. She refused to serve her husband first at mealtimes, insisting upon the family's eating together. She refused also to carry her children upon her back, saying that it was a habit detrimental to both mother and child. She insisted, too, upon recognition of the individual, making each child feel a person in his own right

person in his own right.

His mother's religion brought conflict not only with outsiders but even within the family. Toru's grandmother, a Buddhist, bitterly resented the Christianizing of her grandchildren. With both sides working constantly upon the children, it was no wonder that upon the death of this grandmother Toru, then but a child, made this prayer: "Dear God, please make her a Buddha; she wanted to become one very much."

Though he was only a child at the time, the Exclusion Law of

the time, the Exclusion Law of 1924 had great impact upon Toru Matsumoto. It occurred only a year after the great earthquake of 1923, which nearly levelled Tokyo and caused thousands of deaths. Packages of food, medi-cine and clothing from the United States had a tremendous effect upon the people of Japan, who learned to love the people

of America. But only a year later the Exclusion law, restricting the immigra-tion of Japanese to the United States, caused intense reactions in Japan. The law damaged the cause nistration and finance, East and of Christianity in Japan, says Mat-est Association, 40 East 40th St., sumoto, for there Christianity was the first source of the new teach-

ing that all men are created equal It was many years later when Matsumoto came to the United States that he realized that the Exclusion Law, the citizenship laws which barred the naturalization of Japa-nese nationals, and other such discriminatory laws were hardly known to millions of Americans. As a Japanese, Matsumoto had felt for many years that the American people had all wanted the early discriminatory laws. It was a shock to learn so few people here even knew about them.

From 1924 on the beginnings of militarism were evidenced in Japan, even in the grade school which Toru attended. Discipline was made more strict, physical exercises were emphasized.

"All of our belongings," Matsumoto writes, "such as text-books, notebooks, pencils, erasers, had to be in perfect order. It was an offense to bring a pencil with a dull point. Pencil marks in textbooks were strictly forbidden. To forget to bring a text-book was a serious demeanor, punished by whipping or staying after school. The extreme rules about textbooks arose from the fact that the government recognized their importance as a source of national unity and nationalism itself in Japan. This was true especially of history, geography and Japanese texts."

The most important change, however, was in respect to worship of the emperor. Matsumoto

describes it thus:
"In 1925, when I was 12 and
in the sixth year of elementary school, an important new custom was introduced at schoolthe daily worship of the emperor. I did what the teachers and other children did. To me it was just another thing to worship. I did not understand the theological difference between the Christian God and the emperor, but I differentiated between the two because God was worshipped only in the church and home, while I bowed to the emperor only at school."

The learning of the English language by Toru Matsumoto was apparently one of the most fascinating projects ever undertaken by a Japanese schoolboy. The reader will delight in reading of his efforts to speak, to think, and finally to dream in the English language. He was not satisfied until even his Japanese friends and relatives (in his dreams) spoke in English. The process took two years.

In the early '30s Toru began to observe the unrest in the country, as demonstrated by strikes, in the arrest of all Japanese who attempted to speak against militarism, in demonstrations of protest against the authorities, and in strikes in the munitions factories.

Communism was strong in many of the government schools, where there was the greatest amount of criticism against the Japanese government. Many persons op-posed the conquest of Manchuria, but restrictions upon the press, upon education and upon the peo-ple increased. In 1934 Matsumoto himself was arrested for having connections with certain of the lib-

erals in his school.

This, of course, is Matsumoto's major point—that war did not come to Japan without pro-test from the people. The churches, the schools, labor and the people were repressed, were forced to move underground in some cases, and were completely obliterated in others. The relentless program of the military in preparing a people for war is made strongly evident.

The Buddhist church, says Mat-

sumoto, as early as 1930 joined with Christian churches in asking the government to remove all restrictions upon religious freedom and issued a manifesto declaring that their religion demanded that they choose peace as a way of life. Rotary clubs, the Salvation Army

From the Frying Pan

By BILL HOSOKAWA

Denver Digs Out from a Blizzard

DENVER, COLO-'Tis a pleasure to live in Colorado, they So our first winter here we run into the worst snowstorm

It started as a wet, driving snowfall before dawn Saturday. It was after midnight Monday when it stopped, and there was almost 30 inches on the ground.

The city was paralyzed as if by a general strike. Streetcars and busses crawled along or quit altogether. Hundreds of auto-

mobiles stalled and were abandoned. Virtually no shipments of food entered the city. Bakeries and dairies were unable to deliver their products to retailers. Department stores closed their doors.

In developing the still state of the products of potatoes, or trying to buy a few old turnips on the black market. We were hungry and cold and the family was hungry and cold and there was no fuel and no rags to

In developing his civilization man has created such a closely geared economy that even a snowstorm may throw it completely out of tim-ing. Still, there aren't many persons who would go back to the old system in which each family was prepared to go through the winter without stepping more than a few feet outside the door.

Politics -

Denver Nisei voters belatedly have been recognized by politicians as an important election factor. At a recent JACL meeting Charles A. Graham, attorney, Democrat and chairman of the Denver Unity Council debated against State Senator Arthur A. Brooks Jr., a Republican. Both have been recognized as friends of the Nisei from

On election eve, Gene Cervi, state Democratic chairman, sought to address a Nisei audience.

"Frankly," he confided to a Ni-sei, "we've overlooked you fellows. We've worked with the Negroes, the Spanish Americans and other minorities, but we never realized the potential voting power of your

Denver's Japanese American population has grown almost ten-fold since the evacuation. The Nisei are concentrated so heavily in several districts that it is believed they potentially hold the balance of voting power in these areas so far as city elections are concerned.

However, no one knows off hand what percentage of eligible Nisei voters is registered. The JACL has been compaigning for 100 per cent

In addition, there is no indication that the Nisei will vote en bloc on any issue except perhaps those that affect them directly as mem-

It was too late for Cervi to line up a Nisei group, but he showed up at the JACL carnival where he did some hand-shaking on a modest scale.

Milk Line

This week following the Denver snowstorm we stood for 45 minutes on a chilly street corner waiting for a chance to buy three quarts of

There were a score of other per-There were a score of consessions waiting too. Everyone was warmly dressed and had all the appearances of being well-fed. We pearances of being well-fed. We were waiting for the milk truck to

We were in Warsaw, or Nanking, or Stalingrad, or Tokyo.

We were in a soup lineup, or waiting for a government handout

and liberal societies in the schools all had to disband or comply with government orders.

After Matsumoto's arrest, felt it would be wise to leave the country, foreseeing that he would be in trouble again with the police should he remain. He obtained a scholarship at Union Theological seminary in New York and left on his first trip to the United States.

The second phase of his life, including his marriage to Emma, despite strong family objections, begins here.

begins here.

It is unfortunate that Toru's wife, who figures so importantly in the book, can only be touched upon at this time. Suffice it to say that the story of Toru and Emma constitutes a wholly romantic and eminently satisfactory love story, complete with the avenging family, physical battles and hair-breadth escapes.

Also fascinating is the story of his internment after Pearl Harbor. The Japanese internees showed themselves to be a varied group, in temperament, in political outlook, in their acceptance or de-fiance of imprisonment. Promi-nently mentioned in this respect is (Continued on Page 6)

there was no fuel and no rags to plug the cracks in the walls of the shack that served as home amid the bomb wreckage.

But it didn't work. It was cold here in Denver, and we longed to get the milk bought and hurry home to the comforts of central

Tomorrow's Heirs

By Sachi L. Wada

POST-WAR VERSION . . .

This educational system of '46 is really something streamlined. You go to college with all kinds of ideas and dream about the kind of stuff you read in mags and saw in movies. There are a lot of young kids fresh out of high school, but the overwhelming majority are vets. Girls may complain, as they always will, but these men aren't here for a social spree. You talk to them, and you know that they aren't fooled on anything; they aren't here to lay blueprints for World War III.. they don't want the kind of America their parents dreamed up for them. It gives you strength when you feel their sincerity and faith in the country for which they went through the bloodiest of nightmares.

SOCIAL CHANNELS .. There's nothing quite like our housing situation. Even Grand Central Station couldn't compete. After awhile, you become accustomed to it. Four walls with a stationary of the smoke-blackened ceiling. You manage to camouflage some of the cracks with Petty gam-gals; but even then, you have to have a large stock on hand, for they have the uncanniest way of disappearing then results. ing, then reappearing in someone else's room. For convenience, you have delapidated pieces of furniture shoved here and there, upon which you load everything, from clothes to books. That leaves plenty of space in your drawers for the mice which come with the room free of charge. From the time the alarms ring, people stalk into your room waving cigs and sleepily balancing mugs of black java. For a sideshow to your bull were waiting for the milk truck to arrive and set up business on the corner because it couldn't negotiate or hen sessions, you put on the radio full-blast to insure a huge electricity bill. Then the U of M the sidestreets for home delivery.

It wasn't comfortable and it wasn't pleasant. We tried to escape all that by a flight of fancy.

It would be the sidestreets for home delivery.

It wasn't comfortable and it is music. It practices "Minnewasn't pleasant. We tried to escape all that by a flight of fancy. tune it can carry . . . and even that tune doesn't seem to carry our

varsity through this year. Of course, things aren't complicated enough as they are, so you speak anything but English if you can

COLOR BLIND . . .

help it.

Occasionally, you pull your limbs and joints together to at-They're held on every foggy
Thursday morning, and as you auproach Northrup Auditorium, even
underneath that prided armor of
college cynicism. college cynicism, something hits you hard. You stand there and watch the stream of students filing in. There are many who are armless, legless, and their hair is streaked with stream of their hair is armless, legless, and their hair is streaked with gray, not because of age . . . And something chokes inside you, when the band strikes up the national anthem. You become a human being, instead of a carbon copy. You also become color blind, and you want to sing, when you see the yellow, the white, the black climbing the steps together. These are things you don't write about, because words don't communicate these thoughts. This '46 version of higher education is a mass production process; but it's the only duction process; but it's the only way to insure less wars on our own main streets. It's a night-mare, but you wouldn't trade it for the castles of Spain.

Nisei Action Aided Interracial Amity in Seattle, Says Smith

west were of great help in attaining the present situation of amity and interactivity among persons of Chinese, Japanese, Negro and Anglo-American parentage, in that region, Elmer R. Smith, assistant regionsers in anthropology told the professor in anthropology, told the Salt Lake City chapter of the JACL at a meeting held Nov. 1 at Spaulding hall.

Professor Smith, who was with the WRA at Hunt, Idaho, and later in Seattle with evacuee work groups, told his audience of organ-izations working for interracial ac-

tivity in the northwest.

The situation of Canadian Nisei was also discussed by Professor Smith, who made a visit to British Columbia to lecture and to study the situation in Canada.

Professor Smith commended most Japanese Americans for their fairness in dealing with other special guests of the evening.

The courage and cooperation of Japanese Americans in Seattle and centage of the Nisei hold prejudices other areas of the Pacific northgroups.

Glen E. Thompson, commander of the Atomic post of the VFW of Salt Lake City, also addressed the meeting.

Mr. Thompson extended a personal invitation to Nisei who have served overseas to join the Atomic post. He stated that the Atomic post had recently passed by unanimous. vote a special resolution inviting Americans of Japanese anto become members.

"If the Nisei have a problem to fight against an un-American prac-tice, we want to help him fight it," Thompson said.

Over seventy-five persons attended the meeting, which was presided over by Mrs. Henry Kasai,

University of Utah students were

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Yurino Takayoshi Marries **Everett J. Starr in New York**



NEW YORK CITY—The wedding of Miss Yurino Takayoshi of the New York office of the JACL and T/5 Everett James Starr was held Saturday afternoon, November 2, at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian church in New York City. A reception was held immediately after the ceremony at the Anthony Home, 119 East 29th street, where the above photo was taken.

-Photo by Henry Yamada.

'A Brother is a Stranger'

(Continued from Page 5) the Rev. Alfred Akamatsu, pastor at the Japanese Methodist church in New York, who was one of the first to be paroled after arrest. He, along with Matsumoto, were among the leaders who tried to organize the internees and provide recreation and stimulation vide recreation and stimulation for their hours of imprisonment.

It is difficult to understand how it occurred, but one great er-ror of fact is found in "A Brother Is a Stranger." In describing the Tule Lake riots of 1943 he states that "one American doctor was killed by the Japanese and two Japanese were killed by American soldiers." To our knowledge no deaths occurred during this Tule Lake disturbance.

The book was co-authored by Matsumoto and Marion Olive Lerigo, close family friend of the Matsumotos, who along with her husband urged the writing of this

Matsumoto's work, of course, is

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only begun, to his way of think-ing. As a Christian, his most im-portant work is in the interests of peace. His opinions on whether or not Japan can become a demo-cratic force is important:

"Now the violence has been halt-ed by superior force. But su-

perior force cannot cure it per-manently. Neither can appeasement. The only way to cure it permanently is for the Japanese people to cure it themselves. The approach of the West to Japan should be through teaching by demonstration the best in the spiritual civilization of the West, such as respect for personal dig-nity and freedom of thought. The Japanese will be conformists for some time to come. In a defeated Japan they will conform to what appears to be the dominant pattern, the pattern which seems to hold the greatest promises of acceptance by the West. Thus, they will strenuously strive to conform to a democratic form of government.

"But democracy is not something one conforms to, nor is it a gift from one people to another. It is something which a through struggle. people earns The Western powers will help democracy Japan more effectively by helping the struggle of the Japanese peothe struggle of the Japanese peo-ple to gain democracy for them-selves, than by leaving the task of democratizing Japan to a picked few at the top in Japanese life. Counting on the example of the emperor and those in authority is the old Confucian approach."

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Joy Takeshita, UNRRA Employee, Discloses Troth

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Mr.
Mrs. T. K. Takeshita of Wash
ton, D. C., formally announced
engagement of their daugi
Joy, to Dennis K. Teraoka
Honolulu. Miss Takeshita, who Honolulu. Miss Takeshita, who located to Washington with parents in 1944, is employed the secretariat at UNRAL is a graduate of the National School. Her pre-war home Los Angeles; she was the secretarian orchestra. with the camp orchestra at Heart Mountain Relocation (

Mr. Teraoka, who is the son Mr. and Mrs. Seijiro Teraoka Paauhau, Hawaii, was a cap in the medical corps of the or nal 442nd Combat Team.

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icago JACL Plans Dance **Launch Drive for Funds**

HCAGO — A semi-formal in-iral ball, first in a series of traising projects to be spon-by the Chicago chapter of Japanese American Citizens me, will be held on December a the Crystal ballroom of the sland hotel.

le fund drive has been called lace the Chicago regional ofupon a self-supporting basis coordance with plans laid at

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Orienta

A semi-formal in-first in a series of according to Dr. T. T. Yatabe, for-mer head of the Chicago office.

A major personality of the entertainment world will be the special guest of the JACL at the dance, Dr. Yatabe announced.

Bill Rohter and his all-campus orchestra from Northwestern university will supply the music.

Ticket sales have already start-Ticket sales have already started under the direction of Jiro Yamaguchi, chairman. Assisting Yamaguchi on his committee are Mike Hagiwara, far south; George Kita, intermediate south; Rose Kokubu, near south; Mrs. Yo Furuta, intermediate north; Iku Toda, near north; and Ken Yoshihara, far north.

Engagement

CHICAGO—A delightful afternoon tea on Oct. 27 revealed the engagement of Miss Edna Ito, formerly of Portland, to Mr. Shig Kimura. Present wre the Misses Mary Inouye, Martha Takemura, Thelma Tanaka. Grace Hagiya. Thelma Tanaka, Grace Hagiya, Ruby Tashima, Fumi Onishi, Mar-garet and Marge Ito and the Mes-dames Elmer Shirrell and Tom

Wedding

MONTEREY, Calif. - The Presidio of Monterey chapel was the setting for the recent nuptials of Miss Fumi Nakagama, daughter of Mr. K. Nakagama of Sanger, Calif., and Pvt. Joe T. Kato, son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Kato of Nyssa,

The bride was attended by Miss Jane Kodama of Sanger. The best man was Pvt. Kinya Sakamoto. Chaplain Robie officiated. S/Sgt. Matsumoto played the organ.

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Vital Statistics

To Mr. and Mrs. Tad Sato, 932 Rio Grande St., Salt Lake City, a boy on Nov. 3.

To Mr. and Mrs. Masayoshi Nonaka a boy on Oct. 24 in San Francisco.

To Mr. and Mrs. Sam S. Ogi a girl on Oct. 21 in San Francisco.

To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kanegae a boy on Oct. 25 in Santa Ana. To Mr. and Mrs. Yoshio Ishi-moto of Sacramento a boy on

To Mr. and Mrs. Jack M. Izuka a boy on Oct. 19.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Akasaka a girl on Oct. 27 in Los Angeles.

To Mr. and Mrs. Shigekazu B. Ito a girl on Oct. 16.

To Mr. and Mrs. Roy Y. Hatanaka a girl on Oct. 20 in Rumsey,

To Mr. and Mrs. Sadao Sakai, 22 North First West St., Salt Lake City, a boy on Nov. 5.

To Mr. and Mrs. Frank T. Kataoka, Route 2, Box 175. Kings-

taoka, Route 2, Box 175. Ringsburg, Calif., a son, Gerald Allen, on Oct. 3.

To Mr. and Mrs. Isamu Nakamura a girl on Oct. 23 in Sacra-

To Mr.and Mrs. Saburo Oka-mura a boy on Oct. 23 in Sacramento. To Mr. and Mrs. Kunio Matsumura, Magna, Utah, a boy on

To Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Ko-

saka a boy in Denver, Colo.

To Mr. and Mrs. Toshio Morikawa of Guadalupe, Calif., a girl.

To Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Fujii of Walnut Grove, Calif., a girl

To Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Ueda of Walnut Grove, Calif., a son on Oct. 27.

DEATHS

Hisayo Okino on Oct. 29 in Visalia, Calif. Bill Takeshi Niino on Sept. 13 in Madera, Calif.
Pfc. Takeshi Inouye, 18, on Oct.

13 in Korea. Sajiro Kawaguchi on Oct. 28 in

Long Beach.
J. Kunitaro Ogawa, 72, on Oct. 28 in Los Angeles. Toshio Fukuchi on Nov. 2 in

Los Angeles.

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Spokane Memorial

SPOKANE, Wash.—The second annual candlelight memorial service for Spokane soldiers of Japanese ancestry who died in World War II will be held Sunday, Nov. 10, at 7:30 p. m. at the Grant Community Methodist church.

The Spokane chapter of the JACL, the Military Order of the Purple Heart and other organiza-

tions will participate.

Memorial candles will be lighted by representatives of the be-reaved families of the gold star

Spady Koyama will read the Nisei Creed. A memorial prayer will be given by Chaplain Mayo of Geiger Field.

MARRIAGES

Miss Gene Hashimoto to Michael J. Doi on Sept. 8 in Chicago. Ayako Morita to Henry Ishizuka

on Sept. 1 in Chicago.
Yurino Takayoshi to Everett
James Starr on Nov. 2 in New

York City.
Yoshiko Yoshino to Tatsuo
Hanamura on Oct. 27 in Alameda, Mitsu Shimotsuka to Dr. Kiyo-shi Sonoda on Oct. 19 in St. Paul,

Kiyo Shimizu to Tad Kuranishi in Baltimore, Md.

Yoshiko Tsuji to Paul F. Minato on Nov. 3 in Seattle, Wash. Kiyoko Kamei to Tatsumi Naka-mura on Nov. 3 in Los Angeles.

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Seattle Rites

SEATTLE, Wash .- In a double ring ceremony performed by Emery E. Andrews at the Japanese Baptist church Sunday afternoon, November 3, Miss Yoshiko Tsuji, daughter of Mr. Iwajiro Tsuji, and daughter of Mr. Iwajiro Tsuji, and Mr. Paul Minato, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Koichi Minato, were married. Miss Fusako Tsuji was maid of honor, Margaret Minato and Amy Tsuji were bridesmaids. E'aine Minato was the flower girl. Mr. Howard Minato served as best man for his brother. The ushers were Mas Fukuhara and George Mamiya.

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Report Given on Tensions Affecting San Jose Evacuees

are not sharp between racial and religious groups in the San Jose area, but discrimination exists against some groups in housing and employment, according to the findings of a group of some 70 prominent and representative citizens of San Jose on Nov. 1 at the Santa Clara County Institute on Human Relations, the Mercury-Herald reported.

Greatest existing tension in the San Jose area is in feeling to-ward returned Japanese Ameri-cans, according to a report of the

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SAN JOSE, Calif. - Tensions | seminar on race tensions, which was led by Mrs. H. C. Schlosser.

"The situation is due to the fact that more Japanese Americans are returning to the area than were here before the war," the report declared.

Lack of housing and an economic opportunity returned Japanese Americans and Negroes were noted in the dis-cussions. Housing and health problems which faced the Mexican Americans in the San Jose area were said to be the most severe of those affecting minority groups.

The seminar recommended federal and state aid in meeting the problems.

Restrictive covenants were de-Restrictive covenants were deplored by the seminar delegated to consider the question, "Are the Rights of All Secure in the Community?" under the leadership of Claude Settles. It recommended continued action to prevent such covenants similar to a recent mass covenants similar to a recent mass meeting against them in Willow

Will Send Packages To Japanese

SAN FRANCISCO - Persons wishing to send gift packages to Japan may avail themselves of the services of "Caritate Dei," San Francisco organization under the auspices of Catholic workers, according to Sylvester Andriano.

Packages costing \$3.00 or \$5.00 can be sent by remittance with name and address of receiver to "Caritate Dei" at 1817 Powell street, San Francisco (11), Calif.

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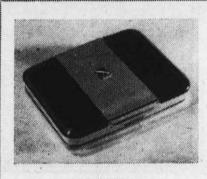
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Livingston Notes

LIVINGSTON, Calif.—The Livingston YPCF held a Hallowe'en party on Oct. 27 under the direction of Mamoru Masuda and Stanley Yoshino. Frank Shoji and Alice Kawana were proclaimed winners in pie-eating contests. The tradi-tional apple cider and doughnuts were served by Mrs. J. Fujimori and Mrs. V. Masuda.

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Hawaii Eleven Has Eight Nisei Players

FRESNO, Calif. - Eight nese Americans are among the members of thee University Hawaii football team which meet the Fresno State Br on Armistice Day.

The Hawaiian eleven de the College of Pacific ter Stockton last week.

Three of the eight Nisei of squad, Saburo Takeyasu, and Unkei Uchima and Sadae tasaki, tackles, are vetera overseas army service, a Charles Bassete, a halfbar Caucasian-Japanese ancestry.

Robert Shibuya, regular on the Roaring Rainbows, wastar at Los Angeles City Cal before the war.

Richard Mamiya, 165-po quarterback from St. Louis in Honolulu, is the field ge of the Hawaiian team.

Ken Nakamura, tackle, Jyun Hirota, halfbacks, are other players of Japanese as

Edwin Higashino, a Nise veteran, is manager of the which is coached by Tommy likukui.

Among the other players of Hawaiian team are two of I ancestry, five Hawaiians, ton nese Hawaiians, three Chi three Caucasians, two Port Hawaiians and two Cau

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