



U-NO Bar

By RAYMOND S. UNO
National JACL President

While waiting at the San Francisco International Airport for my flight to Fresno, I ran into Jim Murakami, vice president, Research and Services, National JACL, who was also waiting for a flight to Fresno for the 22nd annual Central California District Council Convention.

We were met at the Fresno airport by Fred Hirasuna.

UFOC Country

District governor, and Tokuyama, past District governor, who whisked us off to the new Airport Marina Hotel where we met Dr. Gordon Hirabayashi, Convention banquet speaker, and later Bob Takasugi, National JACL legal counsel, and Ron Wakabayashi, director of Youth Services.

As we milled around the lobby and registration desk we ran into Roy Uyesaka, the convention chairman, Dr. Kanji Asami and George Tokunaga, chairman of general arrangements, Tom Shimazaki, chairman, National Planning Commission, Dr. Izumi Taniguchi, moderator of the panel discussion, Tony Takikawa, past governor, and other active JACLers such as Ed Nagatani, Stanley Nagata, Jack Harada, Tom Toyama, Peter Hasegawa, Mike Miyamoto, Mas Tsuboi, Jeff Fukawa, Jim Uota, Bob Okumura, Ben Nakamura and many others.

SMORGASBORD

After having a delicious smorgasbord dinner at the Swiss Bavarian House, we settled down to some serious business. I was curious as to why the national officers were being wined, dined and hosted so graciously. It did not take long after the business session got underway, that I soon realized we were going to be under rather heavy fire after the opening of the Planning Commission Report of Activities and Nisei Farmers League.

George Kitahara, secretary, Nisei Farmers League, provided the groundwork as he unraveled the hardships, frustrations, conflicts, and struggles of the farmers and laborers in this area. He raised some pointed questions regarding the less than enthusiastic support of National JACL for the Nisei farmers of central California. He questioned whether JACL critics had read the contract offered by UFOC, knew of the duress and tactics the farmers had been subjected to, or comprehended the nature of the labor help that is available to the farmers.

Bob Takasugi pointed out early that a shouting match would accomplish no good purpose and we should try to stick to facts and enlighten each other. Bob questioned the use of certain terms which may reflect value judgments not necessarily factual and tend more to cloud the issue than to contribute to trying to settle differences. This, believe, set the tone for the evening.

Various Viewpoints

Between Jim Murakami, Bob and myself, we tried to express the different points of view of the National JACL on the farm labor problem.

As Fred Hirasuna pointed out, at the 1968 national convention, a similar matter was decided because it was deemed to be a labor v. management problem and not an issue for JACL, and this was done so at the insistence of CCDC. Now CCDC is asking JACL to take a stand on an issue after previously requesting JACL not to take a stand. There is no question, if racism or discrimination against Japanese American farmers is an issue, JACL will not hesitate to fight the racism or discrimination, and we have stated this without reservation. When, however, it appears to be an economic issue pitting labor v. management, JACL is put in a precarious position if we are asked to take sides, particularly if the facts are in dispute and sympathies of the organization may be divided.

Farmers Ask

Where is JACL when it is needed? We have responded by allowing time at the National Board meeting to pass a resolution decrying any racism and supporting the honorable intentions of the disputants, and sent staff members to investigate and evaluate the critical situation and covered in the PC the various news releases, and had national officers listen to the views of the NFL and CCDC. It appeared the controversy related to differences between rural and urban people. An attempt was made to point out to the audience the problems of the cities are as difficult and trying as those of the rural areas. Crime, delinquency, drugs, unemployment are scourges that plague the cities in an alarmingly increasing rate.

I would suspect bankruptcies and business failures are at an apex comparable to farmers going out of business for one reason or another. JACL is asked to respond to many requests, and JACL tries to accommodate these requests with the resources

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Nat'l JACL in yearend look at budget, program, staff

By HARRY K. HONDA

SALT LAKE CITY—The wintery mantle over the Wasatch Mountains just miles away apparently ordained the National JACL Executive Committee to take cold assessment of the financial status of the organization this past weekend (Nov. 26-27) here.

Offsetting that, however, was the warm hospitality of the Intermountain District Council convention and the host chapter Mt. Olympus members. The executive committee members attended the mixer, luncheon and banquet (where Bill Hosokawa was guest speaker) thus reserving their own deliberations during the daylight hours.

Shig Ushio heads Intermountain DC as governor

SALT LAKE CITY—Shigeki Ushio, board chairman of the National JACL Credit Union, was elected Intermountain District Governor, a post he held 25 years earlier in the 1946-47 biennium, during the 16th biennial IDC Convention hosted by Mt. Olympus JACL over the post-Thanksgiving Day weekend (Nov. 26-28) at the Ramada Inn here.

Ushio succeeds Ronnie Yokoyama of Boise Valley, who had served for two consecutive bienniums. Ushio's son David is the assistant Washington JACL representative. George and Harriet Kimura were cited as the IDC Nisei of the Biennium. George, who was elected IDC first vice-governor, led his Salt Lake chapter during the 1969-70 biennium, while his wife assisted the district as its PC representative.

Chapter of Biennium

Salt Lake JACL, headed by Ben Aoyagi this year, won the Mike Masaka IDC Chapter of the Biennium plaque for the second time in a row. The JACL sapphire pin was presented to Frank Yoshimura of Mt. Olympus while his wife Sadie was conferred the JACL silver pin by Jack Ogami, National JACL recognition chairman and also voted IDC second vice-governor.

Other district officers are Ken Nodzu, treasurer; and Chiyoko Morita, secretary. National JACL president-elect Henry Tanaka was installing officer. Also installed were Salt Lake JACL president, Yuki Okumura and Mt. Olympus president Saige Aramaki and their respective chairmen.

Hosokawa Speaks

Associate editor Bill Hosokawa of the Denver Post, convention banquet speaker, explained that "change is not a new group experience for Japanese Americans" although he had some reservations about methods being employed today for change. Discussion of views must be encouraged, the author of "Nisei: The Quiet Americans" said, for chances of coming up with workable answers are enhanced by a meeting of the minds. He reasoned that when rhetoric becomes loud and violent, so that neither is listening to each other, communication ceases and without that, understanding is doomed.

Crediting the young people with the sensible suggestion for all Americans to become better acquainted with their particular ethnic histories and cultural heritage, Hosokawa held out the code of the Samurai—Bushido—as a possible means to solving national problems today.

Samurai Code

The strict Samurai code called for patience and forbearance along with courage, loyalty, temperance, courtesy and gentleness. This inner quiet confidence, Hosokawa said, made it unnecessary for the Samurai to stage a boisterous show of power.

The most striking example of this calm approach was the recent campaign to repeal Title II of the Internal Security Act of 1950, adding that the main push came from the younger JACL members, while the first thought the prospect of success was "a forlorn hope". It was "an encouraging demonstration of the power of reason over blind rage," he declared.

Hosokawa also traced the development of his book, and recalled he first visited Salt Lake City in 1942 as a delegate from Heart Mountain Relocation Center when JACL called a conference to hammer out its wartime policies regarding Japanese Americans.

Convention Staff

Mrs. Kik Hoki, convention chairman, was assisted by: Frank and Sadie Yoshimura, gen. arr. staff; Yoshi Hoki, workshop; Lou T. Nakagawa, mixer; Barbara Aoki, Ken Nodzu, booklet; Irene Kiyakawa, Helen Oishi, luncheon; Mike Hashimoto, banquet; Min Matsumoto.

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NC-WNDC election story corrected

Recent report that NC-WNDC "re-elected" Shig Ushio as district governor was in slight error. He is continuing in his second year of a two-year term.

gram funding was referred to the district councils and the JACL National Planning Commission for study.

The PNWDC-IDC request for a JACL regional director being based at Seattle and servicing the chapters in both areas was also referred to the Planning Commission.

Funded by the Japanese American Research Project this year, the Education Commission has requested JACL for another \$5,000 to continue its operation in the coming year. Still in search of "outside" funding as had been expected this year, the Education Commission through its director Ron Hirano at Los Angeles has assisted in organizing the Asian American Education Commission in the L.A. city school district, testified at state board of education sessions for ethnic studies textbooks that meet legal specifications as well as promoting Asian studies throughout all school districts.

Each chapter has a quota based on the previous year's membership to meet the annual \$248,000 quota. The JACL is again committed to raise the same sum to fund its operations next year.

\$248,000 Budget

Hatate also emphasized each budget item for the 1973-74 biennium will require background data and said funding of current programs should not be automatically continued each biennium. He acknowledged the increase in 1000 Club memberships this past year for reducing the deficit.

National 1000 Club chairman Tad Hirota, who had been invited to the executive committee session, assured efforts to push corporate (\$250 per year) and Century Club (\$100 per year) contributions this coming year when the 1000 Club celebrates its 25th anniversary.

Federated Plan

Tanaka's so-called "federated plan" whereby district councils would derive, program funding was referred to the district councils and the JACL National Planning Commission for study.

SAYS STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL

U.S.-Japan ties in troubled state, because U.S. insensitive to Japanese

By DR. CLIFFORD UYEDA

SAN FRANCISCO — A State Dept. official blamed the current state of U.S.-Japan relations on Washington because it has ignored and snubbed Prime Minister Sato and has been insensitive to Japanese feelings during the discussion on "U.S.-Japan Relations and the Implications for Japanese Americans" held Nov. 12 at the Pine Methodist Church here.

In a talk sponsored by the San Francisco Center for Japanese American Studies, Dr. Harrison Holland, who entered the State Dept. in 1954 as a political officer at the U.S. consulate general in Kobe, explained that troubled state of U.S.-Japan relations was due primarily to America not living up to the contract she made with Japan as allies and partners in the Western Pacific.

Alliance means cooperation and trust, he said, but U.S. recent decisions concerning China and the 10% surtax were done without prior consultations with Japan. Prime Minister Sato had consistently supported the U.S. lead in foreign affairs, he continued, and Japan as a nation considers obligation as a cardinal ethic in social responsibility. Yet Washington has ignored and snubbed Prime Minister Sato and has been insensitive to Japanese feelings.

Preparations Secret

Experts in the field of Far Eastern Affairs, in general,

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SAN FRANCISCO REDEVELOPMENT

Construction starts on fifth building in Nihonmachi, five more due in 1972

SAN FRANCISCO — Construction began in mid-November on the two-story Morino Building (named Koke-shi) which will be the fifth new building in the Nihonmachi Redevelopment area.

Babe Morino indicated that the first floor of the new building will accommodate a greatly expanded operation of the Japanese community center, known as "Babe's Evergreen Fountain." The expansion will not only be in terms of space but also services offered, Morino said.

The Morino family will be moving back into Nihonmachi and make their home on the second floor of their new building.

The general contractor for this building is West Bay Construction Co., builders of the adjacent Fujiya Building. The architect is Yoshiaki Tajima, who also designed the Fujiya and Izumi Buildings.

Adjacent Buildings

Occupancy of the Fujiya Building is scheduled this month. The adjacent Otafuku Building is also scheduled to be completed in December or January. Professional rental space of 1,500 square feet is available on the second floor of the Otafuku Building.

The Redevelopment Agency has announced the following anticipated construction projects in Nihonmachi for the next six months:

Additional Projects

The following projects are expected to begin processing appropriate architectural plans through the various departments of the city during the six month period. Relocation and demolition of vacant structures will proceed on a continuing basis for these projects.

Program Deadlines

Several deadlines concerning projects which culminate at the 1972 national convention (last week of June in Washington, D.C.) were scheduled as follows:

Nisei of Biennium nominations—May 1.

Nomination of officers—Mar. 26.

Budget requests—Mar. 26. The proposed budget for the next biennium will be presented to the chapters a month later in compliance with the 60-day prior constitutional requirement.

Attending the executive session were:

Raymond Uno, Henry Tanaka, Ken Nodzu, Mike Miyamoto, Murakami, Al Hatate, Bob Takasugi, Gary Kitagawa, Mas Satow, Tad Hirota, Harry Honda.

U.S.-Japan ties in troubled state, because U.S. insensitive to Japanese

Dr. Holland briefly reviewed the history of Japanese protectionism. It was born as he watched the great Western nations carving up China for themselves, Japan then resolved that the same shall not happen to her. Government and industry began working together in a very close relationship to thwart any foreign takeover and control. He doubted that Japan would respond favorably to harsh words and ultimatums as shown recently by the U.S.

"We are financing the war in Vietnam on credit card," he stated. "We haven't paid for it yet. National economy cannot stand this sort of drain, and Japan is being conveniently used as a scapegoat to explain the resulting economic failure in this country."

Trade Policy

He expounded on Japan as an aggressive nation willing to go anywhere to sell anything, a practice he felt the U.S. will also have to follow if she is to keep her place in the competitive world market.

A nuclear weapon in any form should not be used, he said.

Continued on Next Page

United Crusade adds Asian unit

SACRAMENTO — Asian Community Services, Inc., has been approved as a participating agency by the Sacramento Community United Crusade. The local JACL supported the ACS appeal.

Negotiations are currently underway to determine what financial allocations will be made to the ACS by the Sacramento Crusade.

The ACS, whose members staged a protest march against the SCUC to demand recognition, is being headed by John Lee, a counselor for handicapped children. ACS board members are: Paul Ono, high school teacher; George Matsuka, real estate agent; Hach Yasumura, Sacramento County social worker; Richard Makimoto, Sacramento City College instructor; Carnegie Ouye, McCallan Air Base traffic manager; and Sandy Tomine, Sacramento City College student.

Intermarriage Study

Tinker said that in 1958-59,

Reagan to report on trip to Japan

SAN FRANCISCO—Governor Reagan will discuss California-Japan relations at a luncheon Dec. 10 at the Hotel St. Francis in an event co-sponsored by four local Japanese community groups in cooperation with the California Council for International Trade and the World Affairs Council.

The governor recently completed a trip to Japan and other Asian nations. His speech will be entitled, "California and Japan: Partners in Progress."

Tables of eight may be reserved at \$8.50 per person by calling any of the co-sponsoring organizations:

Yukiko Kumamoto, Japanese Chamber of Commerce (895-4140); George Yamazaki Jr., San Francisco JACL (567-3480); Yoshiaki Tajima, Japanese Speaking Society (567-1760); Susan Brown, Japanese Society of San Francisco (522-3600).

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CENTRAL CALIFORNIA

Hirabayashi challenges Nisei to fight all inequities

By GENE KUHN (Fresno Bee)

FRESNO — Dr. Gordon Hirabayashi, professor of sociology at the Univ. of Alberta, told members of the Japanese American Citizens League this past week (Nov. 20) they "would do well to attack the problems of inequities to any group."

Hirabayashi, the keynote speaker at the 22nd annual convention of the JACL's Central California District Council, also warned that "the fate of minorities cannot be solved by singularly self-centered approaches."

"Because of our unique exposures to certain kinds of social inequities, we may be in a position to take leadership in actions toward the needed basic social measures."

'All Vulnerable'

"Even with attention to our self-centered interests, we would do well to attack the problems of inequities to any group, as the existence of any unfair inequity makes us all vulnerable to it."

Hirabayashi also described his evacuation orders against those of Japanese descent in World War II days, when he was a student at the University of Seattle.

And he told the more than 315 persons attending the closing dinner session, "I still haven't forgiven our government for referring to citizens like us as 'non-alien'."

Hirabayashi said that as a conscientious citizen and as an idealistic youth he felt the government was wrong, although "I was aware that the JACL had opted for another strategy to demonstrate their citizen loyalty, and in certain respects I would be jeopardizing the solid front which they wished to make."

Jail Reviewing Case

The result was a Supreme Court test of his case — at least on the violation of curfew law. He said the JACL's legal subcommittee is exploring the possibility of reviewing the case, which he admitted is unlikely after 25 years.

"I fully endorse this effort and hope the opportunity can be had to correct the records as a continuing precedent and national embarrassment," he said.

Hirabayashi also pointed out that an all-white committee raised money to carry the case to the Supreme Court and to finance an educational campaign on the plight of the Japanese.

"I feel we should not overlook this aspect even when we are most uptight about the white racists and the racist-type social system under which we all live," he said.

Caucasian Support

"We would not only be guilty of gross neglect of the facts and of the appreciation we owe the many who are white, we would be guilty of the very same accusation of racism on our part."

Hirabayashi suggested the JACL serve as "an educational signal" for minority groups in general. It also can serve as a special reference group for positive identification to Americans of Japanese ancestry — a point he made earlier during an afternoon panel discussion.

John N. Tinker, an assistant professor of sociology at Fresno State College, obviously surprised many of the Nisei attending the discussion session with details of a study of intermarriages made in Fresno County.

Intermarriage Study

Tinker said that in 1958-59, the start of the study, 20 per cent of the marriages of persons of Japanese ancestry were intermarriages, "nearly all with Anglos."

In 1964, he continued, the percentage "changed dramatically" to about 50 per cent and has continued at about that rate. But since some of the marriages have been outside the county, the figure probably is higher, he said.

Tinker said the result of the intermarriages "is the dissolution of group boundaries."

CCDC installs 1972 chapter officers at confab

FRESNO — Meeting at the new Airport Marina Hotel instead of Fresno Hacienda Motel as previously announced, the Central California JACL District Council this past week (Nov. 20-21) recommended that the National JACL Constitution be amended to include an initiative and referendum procedure.

Readley JACL was named winner of the CCDC chapter of the year award.

The JACL silver pins were presented during the evening banquet at the Hacienda to Alan Masumoto (Selma).

Saturday Session

At the Saturday evening dinner meeting at the Swiss Bavarian Restaurant, reports were given by Tom Shimazaki on National JACL planning and by George Kitagawa of Parlier on the farm labor issue.

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Parents troubled by drug abuse, delinquency meet for self-help

LOS ANGELES — Parents whose children have drug and juvenile delinquency troubles have banded together to discuss common problems in unique group sessions here.

They've learned that lack of communication is a key issue in most families. But they've made another important realization: Knowing about the problem is one thing; finding a solution is quite another.

The 30 or so parents, young people and community workers who attend weekly meetings at Sennin Buddhist Church under auspices of Japanese American Community Services, have found a place to openly admit their personal hang-ups and share their feelings.

Common Viewpoints

In the three months the meetings have been conducted, the participants are repeatedly confronted with the following:

United Crusade adds Asian unit

SACRAMENTO — Asian Community Services, Inc., has been approved as a participating agency by the Sacramento Community United Crusade. The local JACL supported the ACS appeal.

Negotiations are currently underway to determine what financial allocations will be made to the ACS by the Sacramento Crusade.

The ACS, whose members staged a protest march against the SCUC to demand recognition, is being headed by John Lee, a counselor for handicapped children. ACS board members are: Paul Ono, high school teacher; George Matsuka, real estate agent; Hach Yasumura, Sacramento County social worker; Richard Makimoto, Sacramento City College instructor; Carnegie Ouye, McCallan Air Base traffic manager; and Sandy Tomine, Sacramento City College student.

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Racist clubs may lose liquor permit

STOCKTON — The Stockton JACL board of directors unanimously endorsed the \$33 million Stockton Unified School Bond on Dec. 7 election ballot.

Passage of bonds will meet three critical needs: (1) replace all unsafe schools; (2) relieve overcrowded high schools; (3) expand the regional occupational center.

PNWDC-IDC BID FOR FULLTIME JACL STAFF MAN

\$20,000 Budget Item for '72-'73 Being Proposed

SEATTLE — A full-time professional JACL worker based here to service the Pacific Northwest and Intermountain District Councils will be sought at the 1972 National JACL Convention.

A budget item of \$20,000 per year to cover salary (\$9,000 per annum), secretarial help, office supplies, travel, etc. has been submitted to the National JACL Board with hopes that the position could be open from July following the 1972 convention.

The JACL worker would also be expected to seek funding from private and government sources for other specific projects under partial responsibility of JACL, according to the job specifications cited by the requesting committee here chaired by Dr. James K. Tsujimura of Portland, PNWDC planning commissioner.

15 Chapters in Area

The area to be encompassed includes seven JACL chapters in the Intermountain (Utah-Idaho) district and eight in the Pacific Northwest (Washington-Oregon), where some 34,000 persons of Japanese ancestry reside as of the 1970 Census.

Prospect of the JACL professional worker organizing or reactivating chapters was also cited in such potential areas as Bellevue-Kirkland, Olympia, Yakima-Wapato in the state of Washington; and in such communities as Rexburg in eastern Idaho.

Such a staff person would add stability of the present membership roster and increase membership as well to the benefit of the National JACL treasury, it was pointed out.

Japan Diet passes Ryukyus Reversion Treaty 285-73

TOKYO — The Japanese Diet approved the Okinawa reversion treaty on Nov. 24 by a 285-73 vote, despite a boycott by two opposition parties, labor union rallies and street protests.

All 90 members of the Socialist Party and 14 members of the Communist Party were absent.

The approval means that the treaty will receive automatic approval of the upper House of Councillors after a 30-day period as the Diet is scheduled to adjourn Dec. 24.

The treaty has been ratified by the U.S. Senate, 84-6, and sent to President Nixon, who withheld final signature pending ratification by the Japanese government. Final ratification can now be expected by the end of December or early January. Actual return of the Ryukyus is scheduled sometime between April and July of next year.

Time bears all away, even memory. —Vergil.

1971 HOLIDAY ISSUE BOXSCORE

(This Boxscore serves as acknowledgment of an article or reserve space in the 1971 Holiday Issue. One-liners of name & address greeting to be placed under bulk-rate are not tallied separately in the Boxscore.)

Display Ads

1970 Total: 4,756

Nov. 29 Total: 4,253

Alameda	1100	Salt Lake	1100
Berkeley	240	Salt Lake	1100
Chicago	160	San Diego	1100
Clovis	4	San Jose	1100
Contra Costa	13	San Jose	1100
Detroit	30	Seattle	1100
East L.A.	180	Seattle	1100

FERTILITY STUDY OF WOMEN IN U.S. AND JAPAN PART OF CANCER SURVEY

HONOLULU — A study of fertility differences in Japanese women in Hawaii, California, Hiroshima and Miyagi, shows that the Japanese women in the U.S. have fewer children than those interviewed in Japan despite the fact that their childbearing period is longer.

Why this is so the study does not attempt to answer, but indications point to early marriage as an explanation.

More than 1,000 local Japanese women cooperated with the School of Public Health at the University of Hawaii, to contribute the kind of data population planners need.

"These women were good enough to answer questions concerning their reproductive life," said Dr. Y. Scott Matsumoto.

4,000 Interviewed

They represent one fourth of the women interviewed, which totaled 4,000 in the four areas.

Dr. Matsumoto and Dr. Chai Bin Park, professors of public health and research associates with the East-West Center Population Institute, were the principal investigators in the study which was recently published by the institute. Research assistant Belle Z. Bell is a co-author.

These women answered such questions as: How old were you when you first began to menstruate? At what age did you marry? When did you have your first child? And how old were you at menopause?

"The unusual thing about this study is that we now have documentation of women with the same genetic background.

Comparisons

Their answers contribute to some interesting comparisons. For example, the childbearing years are longer for California and Hawaii women than for women in Japan because menstruation begins earlier and menopause later. But, although the reproductive life of the U.S. women is longer they have fewer children.

Matsumoto said the most interesting aspect of the study is the way this finding shows up in "A very neat pattern" on a graph showing the four areas and the ages of the women. At puberty, first marriage, first child and menopause.

Neat Pattern

How many children? In rural parts of Hawaii and the rural parts of California women have had four and five children but in the cities of San Francisco and Hiroshima they averaged just under three children each.

A woman born in Japan has an average of one child more than a woman born of Japanese immigrant parents in California.

He noted that more than three-quarters of the women who had no children were over 25 years of age when they married.

So, is it geographical location that makes the difference, or is it age?

In all four areas the Japanese women who were over 55 years of age at the time of the interviews had one more child than those in the 45-to-54 age group.

Abortion Factor?

So, is age a factor, or is this increase due to the fact that Japan legalized abortion in 1948 — too late for the older women to take advantage of it in their earlier childbearing years? Or is it because modern contraceptives were readily available to the women in the 45-to-54 age group?

The Japanese women in California and Hawaii were younger at puberty than those in Hiroshima and Miyagi, but were older when they had their first child and older at menopause.

"The age at first menstruation seems to be of minimal influence on how many children these women have," Matsumoto said.

He said a major factor in reducing the number of children born seems to be the later age at first marriage.

"Japanese women, no matter where they live, seem to begin their reproductive life only after their first marriage," he said.

Only eight of the 4,000 women questioned have had illegitimate or premarital pregnancies.

Early Marriage

The finding that the earlier a woman marries the more children she is likely to have "may be used to see if early marriage is responsible for the higher birth rates of certain groups," he said.

For example, the groups

YOICHI HIRAOKA SLATES XYLOPHONE PROGRAM

LOS ANGELES — Under sponsorship of the Japan America Society, xylophonist Yoichi Hiraoka will conduct a solo recital on Friday, Dec. 10 at the Union Oil Bldg. Auditorium, 426 S. Bixel St. Admission to the concert is free.

Mrs. Nobuko Fujimoto will accompany him at the piano. The three-part program will include Japanese numbers as well as renowned classics by Handel, Bach-Gounod, Haydn and Von Weber.

having the largest numbers of children were the women of Miyagi, the Ise, the Okinawans, women with only an elementary school education, and agricultural workers.

He said that age at first marriage "is indeed the basic factor contributing to the large number of children these women have."

For example, about half of the Miyagi women married before age 20. Forty per cent of the Ise were married by age 20 compared with only 13 per cent of the Nisei.

Fifty-two per cent of the Okinawa-born women in Hawaii were married before age 20 as opposed to 32 per cent of those born elsewhere in Japan.

Definite Pattern

The investigators found "a definite pattern in all four samples" regarding first marriage in relationship to education and occupation; the higher the education the older the women at first marriage, and women in agricultural marry earlier than those with city jobs.

In Hawaii only a small number of women reported that they had never been employed.

"This is in keeping with the fact that Hawaii has the highest percentage of working wives in the entire U.S.," Matsumoto said.

Other findings of interest are:

• One fourth of all women in Hiroshima and Miyagi were widows at the time of the interviews, whereas only 10 percent of the women in Hawaii and California reported deceased husbands.

• Although the Hiroshima women rated second in fertility the Hiroshima sample revealed the highest percentage of childless women.

Radiation Issue

"This raises the question of possible effects, both biological and atomic bomb radiation upon fertility performance," Matsumoto noted.

"Unfortunately these women were not asked whether they had been exposed to the A bomb or not."

• Five times as many U.S. women stated that they had been sterilized compared with the women in Japan.

• It may be that with induced abortion legally available in Japan the women of Japan have less reason to turn to sterilization as a means of controlling family size.

Matsumoto said the way of life "does seem to influence the reproductive life span of these Japanese women, but whether this is due to diet, climate, or other factors resulting in hormonal differences needs further investigation."

The fertility question was part of a cancer survey which shows that women in Japan have the lowest death rate from breast cancer in the world.

The fertility study, which throws light on the population problem, may also serve to help answer such questions as why breast cancer is increasing among Japanese women in Hawaii and California.

—Honolulu Advertiser

Christmas Cheer

Third report (Nov. 26) issued for the Christmas Cheer campaign indicated a sum of \$528 acknowledged from sixty-four individuals or organizations as follows:

\$25 — Stanley T. Marubayashi, James M. Tada, DDS, Iwao K. Kawanishi, MD.

\$20 — George Keike, Dick J. Kobayashi, Robert M. Baba, DDS, \$15 — Nishi Hongwanji Jr. Marston.

\$10 — Midori Shimizu, Miyako Yanamoto, Tak Kawagoe, the Yuki Kawarizaki, George Murakami, Bobby I. Hirai, E. M. Hiyake, Sab and Emi Takeshita, Tomie Mori, Mamaguma, Tomi, Harry H. Nakamura, B. A. Yasuda, Mrs. Harry H. Fukami, Mr. and Mrs. K. Mochida, Laura M. McKee, Michael F. N. Harada, Ronald R. Salura, DDS, Ladies Guild of the W.L.A. Buddhist Temple, T. Nakashima, Haru Takami, Anonymous, Mary K. Yusa.

\$5 — Junko Maruya, Ronald Tama, Tyrus Kodani, Aiko Yamaguchi, Satoru Morioka, George T. Isoda, Darrell H. Mya, Harry K. Fukuda, Irving Emery, Harry Morigaki, May A. Ambo, K. Naruse, Joe Nishimura, Karl Matsuda, James H. Okubo, Hiroshi Shoji, Jack Mayeda, Teruo Kamoto, Don K. Yoshida, Mrs. S. H. Miyata, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Kubota, Anonymous, the George Aratanis, K. Kawaguchi, Charles J. Tanabe.

\$3 — Kiyoko Okazaki, Fred Sugimoto, Bob Y. Endow, Roy Amimoto, Walter Kamiyama.

\$1 — Ben Yasukochi, Etsu Morioka.

Total this report (64).....\$ 528.00

Previous Total (90).....\$1,103.00

Current Total (154).....\$1,631.00

Contributions to Christmas Cheer are accepted at the JACL Office, 125 Weller St., Los Angeles 90012.

Enola Gay log over Hiroshima auctioned off

NEW YORK — The manuscript log kept by Capt. Robert A. Lewis, co-pilot aboard the Enola Gay when it dropped the atomic bomb over Hiroshima in 1945 was auctioned off Nov. 23 for \$37,000 to a Manhattan book dealer.

The log was a last-minute request of William Laurence, New York Times science editor, who arrived too late at Tinian to accompany the bombing mission.

Over 80,000 Readers See the PC Each Week

THE PACIFIC CITIZEN

LOS ANGELES — Under sponsorship of the Japan America Society, xylophonist Yoichi Hiraoka will conduct a solo recital on Friday, Dec. 10 at the Union Oil Bldg. Auditorium, 426 S. Bixel St. Admission to the concert is free.

Mrs. Nobuko Fujimoto will accompany him at the piano. The three-part program will include Japanese numbers as well as renowned classics by Handel, Bach-Gounod, Haydn and Von Weber.

Pueblans elect Sansei dentist to city council

PUEBLO, Colo. — Dr. Melvin H. Takaki, 33, a local dentist, won a seat on the Pueblo City Council last month (Nov. 2) by defeating the incumbent.

Dr. Takaki received 1,977 votes to 1,735 for his opponent, Councilman Roy F. Harper.

The councilman-elect and two others elected to the council will take their offices in January for a four-year term.

Another Japanese American candidate, Vern Namba, 34, cable TV marketing manager, ran "a long, but was unsuccessful in his bid. He gained 1,944 votes.

Three-Part Platform

Dr. Takaki campaigned on three broad-based platforms. They were: (1) a concern for greater citizen involvement in the affairs of the municipal government; (2) planned sensible growth for Pueblo and better housing for all groups; and (3) a proposal for broader recreational facilities for all groups.

He is on the executive board of Rocky Mountain Council, Boy Scouts of America, a member of the Pueblo Development Foundation, chamber of commerce and several dental organizations.

Intermountain—

Continued from Front Page

luncheon emcee; Shigeki Ushio, banquet emcee; Byron Watana-

be, treat; Frank Nakashima, fin; Shig and Marui Motoki, pub.

City Commissioner William Dunn extended greetings on behalf of Salt Lake at the luncheon. Raymond Uno, national president, spoke on the convention theme, "Involvement, Dedication and Commitment," noting that these were ingredients for "commitment." Steve Mori rendered an accordion solo at the luncheon.

Wayne Horuchi moderated the afternoon panel discussion on community involvement with Warren Furutani, Carl Inoway and Bunni Matsunoya as panelists.

Sam Sakaguchi, IDC recognition chairman, presented district council biennial awards during the banquet. Oscar Mikasa opened with the Pledge of Allegiance. Bob Morishita entertained with a piano solo. Joanne Ushio and Judy Bond closed the dinner with the singing of the JACL Hymn.

Other special guests were National JACL executive committee members present for their third session of the year, Utah Gov. and Mrs. Calvin Rampton, popular Salt Lake Tribune columnist Dan Valentine, staff writer Sally Sundt of the Deseret News, and Harry Honda, PC editor.

George Tokunaga of Selma introduced the new 1972 chapter presidents who were installed by National JACL President Raymond Uno the following evening at the banquet. They are:

Yoshio Takahashi (Clovis), Dr. James Nagatani (Delano), Roy Kato (Fowler), Akira Nishio (Fresno), James Kozuki (Parlier), Sammy Nakagawa (Redding), Peter Hasegawa (San Jose), Jeff Fukawa (Tulsa), and Jim Uota (Tulare County).

Other National JACL officers and staff present included:

James Murakami, nat'l v.p., research and service; Robert Takasugi, nat'l legal counsel; Shig Suwayama, NC-WNDCC gov.; John Uemoto, JACL Blue Shield Committee chair; and Masao Sawada, nat'l director; Ron Wakabayashi, youth services director.

Convention Committee

Roy Uyesaka, Clovis, convention chairman, was assisted by:

Dr. Kanji Asami, Harry Kubo, George Tokunaga, gen. arr.; Peter Hasegawa, regis.; Mike Miyamoto, banq.; Mas Tsuobi, banq. program; Izumi Taniguchi, inv. and printing; Jeff Fukawa, reception; Ed Nagatani, fin.; Tom Moriama, pub.; Dr. James Nagatani, scholarship; Tom Shima, saki, recog.; Judge Mikio Uchiyama, resolutions; Jim Uota, chapter of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

The CCDC board, headed by Hirasuna, remains for another year. They are:

Roy Uyesaka (Clovis), 1st v.g.; Ed Nagatani (Delano), 2nd v.g.; Akira Nishio (Fowler), 3rd v.g.; Jack Harada (Fresno), treas.; Tom Moriama (Fowler), pub.; Tony Takikawa (Fresno), imm. past gov.; Judge Mikio Uchiyama (Fowler), 1000 Club; Izumi Taniguchi (Fresno), hist.; Bill Tsuji (Fresno), youth.

Youth Officers

New Jr. JACL chapter and district officers were also installed Edwin Shiba of Tulare County is DYC chairman. The presidents of the three youth chapters are:

Norman Otani, Fresno; Steve Okino, Redding; and Glenn Hamakoa, Tulare County.

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NEWS CAPSULES

Government

On Oct. 1, Yoshio Yasui succeeded Japanese Consul General Shigemitsu Hayashida at Seattle, who was recalled to the Foreign Ministry in Tokyo.

Yasui was previously minister-counselor at the Japanese Embassy in Stockholm.

Mrs. Yuri Sata and Martin Matsudaira of Seattle were appointed to the citizen participation section of the Governor's Human Affairs Council.

San Francisco Human Rights Commission has added Stanley K. Abe to its staff as Japanese American community liaison. A Lowell High School graduate, he attended UC Berkeley and has worked with its Asian Studies Division. As community liaison, his work will be with the newly incorporated Japanese Community Services, other community groups in the Western Addition Tract (Nishomachi) and with students at Washington High.

L.A. County Supervisor Kenneth

Hahn reappointed Mas Fukai to the county narcotics and dangerous drugs commission for another four year term.

Science

Asst. Prof. Matsuo Tsukada of botany at the Univ. of Washington is project director of the two-year \$72,000 study of the ecological system of 20 lakes in Burma, Thailand and Malaysia. The grant was issued by the National Science Foundation.

Katsuo Nishikawa, director of the Institute of Oceanology at Ensenada, Baja California, and five other scientists surveying the Gulf of California charged American and Mexican farmers are flushing salt and pesticides from the soil in the Colorado River delta into the river and turning the

Crime

Redwood City police chief John McDonald said the body of an Oriental man trussed with a rope and with a plastic bag over the head, found Nov. 20 in a slough near San Francisco Bay, was similar in technique to the body found Nov. 5 at the San Francisco Presidio and hinted Chinatown gang warfare may be responsible.

Larry Sakamoto of Gardena was assaulted Nov. 18 while approaching his parked car in a shopping center at Compton and Crenshaw, then forced at knife-point to drive a man and two female companions to a nearby housing development, where he was ejected, stabbed several times and robbed of about \$50 by four or five other men. His car was not stolen.

Churches

Centenary United Methodist Church in southwest Los Angeles with a membership of 900, celebrated its 75th anniversary Nov. 14. Started in 1896 near Ninth and Broadway by 15 members under the Revs. Tokutaro Nakamura and Morizo Yoshida, the church finally was situated in 1926 at its present site on Normandie and W. 35th St. with a complex of three buildings and expanded parking facility.

Imperial Mobile Estates, headed by Sei Dyo, president, Los Angeles, announced its 183-space mobile home park in Oxnard at 4010 Saviers Rd. is nearing completion. Occupying 25 acres and costing \$1 million, it is a half-mile from the ocean and walking distance from two modern shopping centers. It is the seventh in the network of Imperial Mobile Estates in California.

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Welfare

Active with the Oakland Chinese Community Council, Gerald Leo, 29, was appointed program development director by the United Bay Area Crusade for its priority project, Neighborhood Services. He will also assist in the development of UBA's other priority project, Concentrated Services, dealing with day care, drug abuse and comprehensive health. Leo is a graduate in social sciences from San Francisco State and with a master's degree in planning from UC Berkeley and was previously project coordinator with Richmond's Model Cities Program.

Tax incentives sought to attract new enterprises to rural counties

WASHINGTON — Rep. Spark Matsunaga (D-Hawaii) joined more than 100 other members of the House in introducing legislation designed to stimulate job development in rural areas.

Matsunaga, a member of the House Agriculture Committee, said the so-called "Rural Job Development Act of 1971" provides tax incentives to attract new enterprises to rural areas.

The bill includes:

1—A seven percent tax credit on machinery and real property;

2—An accelerated depreciation allowance; and

3—A tax deduction equal to 50 percent of the wages paid to workers who are being trained.

Local Work Force

In order to qualify for the tax incentives provided under the bill's provisions, a firm

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Flower-Garden

Dr. Hideo Sasaki, former department chairman of landscape architecture at Harvard, was awarded the American Society of Landscape Architects gold medal for "distinguished work in the field" at the ASLA's annual meeting at Portland, Ore. The Reedley-born Sasaki is now a principal member of the Sasaki, Dawson and Demay Associates in Watertown, Mass., which recently saw its 6,360 sq. ft. "vest-pocket" park in New York City dedicated. Sasaki is a member of the U.S. Commission of Fine Arts.

Business

Sawtelle Business Assn., organized this past summer for merchants and professionals in the so-called Japanese town of West Los Angeles along Sawtelle Blvd. between Olympic and Santa Monica Blvds., elected John Toshiyuki of Tensho Drugs as its president last month. The group is open to all businessmen.

Ty Toke was re-elected president of the San Francisco Bay Area Dry Cleaners Assn. Other Nisei officers and directors include Wes Dol, treas.; Hiro Okada, Steve Dol, Calvert Kitamura and Will Tsukamoto, board members.

Masataka Aramaki, 45, manager of the Kojimachi branch in Tokyo, was named executive v.p. of Sumitomo Bank of California and will be living in San Francisco. He served on the EXPO '70 executive committee from 1968-70.

The Sumitomo Bank of California has declared a semi-annual dividend of \$38 per share, it is announced by Kunio Kabuto, president. The dividend is payable on Jan. 14, 1972 to stockholders of record Nov. 30, 1971.

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Bill Hosokawa

From the Frying Pan

THE CANADIAN STORY—In our near-total pre-occupation with ourselves, the Nisei are inclined to forget that they have their counterparts in Canada and that the Japanese Canadians had an evacuation experience not unlike that of the Japanese Americans. What brings this to mind is a story titled "No Anger, Not Anymore" in the Nov. 27 issue of Canadian Magazine, distributed as a Sunday supplement by 13 Canadian newspapers as well as being sold on the newsstands.

The story is a report by Douglas Sagi (of Hungarian descent) who went to New Denver in British Columbia's West Kootenay Mountains. New Denver was one of a number of old mining towns to which the Japanese Canadians were evacuated. About 100 of them still live there—by choice. In fact, some of them returned there after leaving New Denver at war's end, and plan to spend the rest of their lives in the town because they like the quiet, slow-paced way of life.

President Roosevelt signed Executive Order No. 9066, which authorized the evacuation, on Feb. 19, 1942. Five days later the Canadian government, using the authority of the War Measures Act, authorized the defense minister power "to control individuals of Japanese origin with respect to certain protected areas," which was even more mealy-mouthed than the American evacuation order.

A prohibited zone 100 miles wide was established along the British Columbia coast, and in all some 21,000 Japanese Canadians were evacuated from it. As in the United States, no distinction was made between citizens and aliens. In Canada's case, however, more than three-fourths of those involved were born in Canada. And because Canada unlike the United States permitted Issei to become naturalized, 80 per cent of the remainder were British subjects and only 1,500 were Japanese nationals.

But that made no difference. Nearly 10,000 were scattered about among the interior provinces, and about 11,600 were relocated into inland areas of British Columbia. The old mining camps had no place for this sudden influx, and so the evacuees were put to work building standard, government-designed "internment houses" that were 25 feet long and 14 feet wide. Other evacuees were assigned to jobs cutting timber and processing it into lumber in sawmills. One evacuee recalled for reporter Sagi that only green lumber was available for the houses, the lumber shrank and let in the cold, and some mornings it was necessary to use a blowtorch to melt the ice that came through the cracks into the house. For their labor the evacuees were paid 25 cents an hour, and the government deducted 2½ cents for board and room.

Canadian-born Shoichi Matsushita, 57, told Sagi he couldn't afford to leave New Denver after the war. "Where are you supposed to go after you've worked four years at 25 cents an hour?" he asked. "I had a 23½-foot salmon gill netter that the government sold on me for \$950. It was worth at least \$1,500. And after the war the guys who bought it wanted \$4,000 for it."

Nonetheless, Sagi found that those who remained were at peace with themselves, their government and society. Many of their children have intermarried with Caucasians. Senya Mori, who came to Canada with his family when he was 12, is now a naturalized citizen and has been a member of the New Denver city council for the last 14 years. He works in a sawmill but several of his children are college graduates.

The wartime and postwar experiences of Japanese Canadians are similar to and still so very different from the story of the Japanese Americans. A comprehensive report on these similarities and differences—and the reasons for them—would make a fascinating study.

RE: ASIAN DEMANDS ON SCHOOL

On the scene report published

A reader of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, commenting on Asian demands upon the school district, wondered what was happening to the school district. The writer is an English tutor at Franklin High School.

By BETSY BOYLE
(Seattle JACL Reporter)

Attention is now being focused on Asian needs and problems at Franklin High School, following developments triggered by a series of confrontations between black and Asian students at Franklin on Friday, Oct. 22.

The Oct. 22 confrontations, reported as fist-fights between Asians and blacks and cool-it attempts by the Franklin school administration, were the first black/Asian confrontations at the school. They were apparently in part an outgrowth of an incident occurring between blacks and Chinese at a Franklin skate-in at the Highland Ice Arena on Aurora Avenue the preceding Tuesday night (Oct. 19). The skate-in incident was reported by a student eyewitness to have occurred between 3 or 4 blacks and 3 or 4 Cantonese-speaking Chinese. Apparently some blacks tripped some Chinese in the rink, some Chinese waylaid the blacks outside, the blacks hit the Chinese with skates. The fight continued at Franklin the following Friday.

Coincidental with the flare-up between blacks and Asians at Franklin on Friday, Oct. 22, a meeting was held that afternoon between Franklin administration and Asian community leaders on the subject of how to meet Asian needs in the school. No agreement was reached, and an appointment was sought and set for the Asian leaders to deliver their message to Superintendent of Schools Dr. Forbes Bottomly the following Tuesday.

JAPAN DIVORCE RATE IN MEIJI ERA FOUND HIGHER THAN AT PRESENT

TOKYO — Contrary to what most people believe the divorce rate in Japan back in the Meiji Era (1867-1912) was far higher than in the recent years.

One would naturally tend to think that in the Meiji Period, when this country had barely emerged from feudalism and the feudalistic society was still strongly entrenched in Japanese society, divorce was out of the question because wives were almost slaves to the family she married into and practically had no rights protecting her status.

In those days a divorce, as we know it today, would have been stigmatized the family. A woman separated from her husband, or rather detached from the family, was not divorced but simply gotten rid of by the family, so to speak.

Feudalism a Factor
Strangely enough, feudalism itself was a big factor contributing to the high rate of divorce (or separation), legally or otherwise, in the old days. The father — the wife's father-in-law — was all-powerful ruler of the family with the married son taking a back seat.

If the father did not like his daughter-in-law or considered her incompatible with the family, all he had to do was to tell the woman so or order her to go back to her original family.

In those days divorce was more common among the lower-class people than among those in the upper social status.

In the upper class or well-to-do families, the husband could afford to keep a concubine or concubines and this had accounted to a large extent for the fact that divorces were comparatively few among the people of these classes. Concubines were even a status symbol in those times.

Early Marriages
The poorer people and those on the lower social ladder, on the other hand, either had to put up with their wives without finding solace in a substitute wife or chase the wives out of the home.

This was particularly true among farmers in northern Japan where the custom of early marriage prevailed. The average age of women married to farmers in these regions at that time was as low as 16.

Being so young and immature, the average wife obeyed unquestioningly whatever she was told to do by her husband or kindred members of the family. When she was told to leave the family, she did so with no questions asked.

Oriental Concepts
Thus, it was not unusual for a woman to remarry more than five times. He seems that virginity was not so important then as it was to become later.

day, Oct. 26. Over the weekend a meeting was held at the Atlantic Street Center, and the Asian leaders drew up demands to present to the Superintendent.

Tuesday morning, Oct. 26, more than 100 Asians—parents, students, and community leaders—met with Bottomly and presented the demands for Franklin School. The demands and action taken on them are as follows:

- 1) One or two Asian administrators must be hired, including a vice-principal. Action: They have agreed to hire an Asian vice-principal, Frank Fujii, art teacher and coach at Franklin, was offered the job, but he declined it, saying he felt he was more effective as a teacher than he would be as an administrator. The search continues for an Asian vice-principal. The question of whether or not there will be other Asian administrators has been left hanging.

Counselor Hired

- 2) Additional Asian counselors and community liaison workers must be hired. Action: Ed Loo, Boren Jr. High School science teacher and activity coordinator, American-born of Chinese ancestry, whose home language is Cantonese, has been hired as counselor at Franklin, beginning Nov. 8. No action has been taken on getting community liaison workers.
- 3) Bi-lingual or bi-cultural faculty must be hired. Action: Dr. Doehin Yih has been hired as a bi-lingual, bi-cultural teacher, beginning Monday, Nov. 8. Dr. Yih is reported to have operated his own language school in Hong Kong, to have a Harvard Ph.D. degree, to speak several major languages, to be a native of China, and to have been working out of the school.

- 4) Faculty ratio of Asians at Franklin must be brought up to 20-25%, to reflect the percentage of Asians in the student body.

And this need must not be Continued on Next Page



'ACTION REPORTER'—Trilla Toyota conducts the KNX news radio public service feature, "Action Reporter", daily. The Portland Samsel reigned as Miss National JACL at the 1966 convention at San Diego. She is the daughter of the Tom Toyotas, active Portland JACLers.

Miss '66 Nat'l JACL on KNX newsradio as 'action reporter', ombudswoman

LOS ANGELES — Trilla Rae Toyota, a native of Portland, Ore., is the researcher and broadcaster of the public service feature, "Action Reporter" on KNX Newsradio.

She was named to her new post last August. She was hired at the CBS radio station in September 1970 as a senior clerk in the KNX News Room.

The help of the "Action Reporter" is available to listeners who have questions relating to city, county, state or federal governments or private agencies but do not know whom to contact or where to go.

Listeners are invited to write a brief letter stating their names, addresses, telephone numbers and their particular problems, complaints or inquiries. Because of the time element only some of the cases are used on the air. However, the remainder are answered by mail.

Miss Toyota obtained her Bachelor of Science degree in

'Executive 9066' photo exhibit opens in San Francisco, Berkeley Jan. 6

SAN FRANCISCO — A California Historical Society exhibit of 85 photographs from the thousands taken for the War Relocation Authority between 1942-45, depicting a powerful study of the evacuation of Japanese Americans, will open to the public simultaneously on Jan. 6 at both the de Young Museum here and University Art Museum, Berkeley. It was announced by CHS executive director J. S. Holliday.

"To have identical exhibits on both sides of the Bay offers a remarkable opportunity for the public, and provides dramatic evidence of the conviction of both museum directors that this show deserves to be seen by the widest possible audience," Holliday added.

Both the exhibit and its accompanying book are the work of Maise and Richard Conrat, designers of exhibits which have been held at the New York Museum of Modern Art, Oakland Museum and the San Francisco Museum of Art.

The Conrats were supported by a Guggenheim Foundation grant. The National Archives, which houses the WRA collections, agreed to lend the original negatives of pictures taken by Dorothea Lange, Ansel Adams, Russell Lee and others, for creating the display panels, ranging in size from 20x20 to 40x70 inches.

The book, "Executive Order 9066", contains an introduction by the Conrats, a foreword by Edison T. Uno, a section by Donald Pike reviewing the historical background of the relocation and an epilogue by former Supreme Court Justice Tom Clark, who witnessed the early evacuation as a Justice Dept. coordinator for enemy alien control.

When the local exhibits close in Feb. 20, one show will tour the major cities of the East beginning with New York while the other will be scheduled for cities throughout California. Holliday added.

The West Coast show will then go to Portland, Seattle, Phoenix, Salt Lake City and probably Honolulu.

JACL Supports
The Washington, D.C., opening will be timed to coincide with the opening of the National JACL Convention the last week of June. The JACL has been supportive of both the exhibit and book.

In the past year of planning, the California Historical Society has been in counsel with several JACL representatives.

The California Historical Society also announced its September Quarterly — an issue devoted entirely to race and racism in California history — will appear as a paperback, "Neither Separate nor Equal."

Illegal fishing fine

ANCHORAGE—Japan Whaling Co. Ltd., and skipper Masazo Kitada of the Ryubou Maru No. 5 were fined a total of \$115,000 last week (Nov. 11) for illegally fishing within the 12-mile U.S. limit off Baranof Island near Sitka. It was the largest fine levied in Alaska against a fishing violator in the U.S. district court here.

Whatever you're saving for you'll get there quicker with one of our special certificate accounts that yields 6% interest per annum. Another 6 to remember, our six convenient regional offices from Orange County to Malibu. To sum it all up, stop in at Union Federal Savings soon.

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stands for Financing (think of us for your home or mobile home loan). 5½% per annum current interest on regular passbook accounts...and a friendly staff who has your best interests at heart. F is also for free customer services. Free travelers cheques.

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TV columnist calls ABC-TV film title change due to 'burst of corniness'

LOS ANGELES — Respected Los Angeles Times television columnist Cecil Smith has termed "a burst of corniness" the ABC-TV decision to change its Dec. 7 Movie of the Week title from "The Glass Hammer" to "My Husband, the Enemy."

In his column Oct. 28, Smith discussed four dramatic entries, starring Emmy-winning actress Patty Duke, which will be aired within the next five weeks. Fourth of the films is Lew Hunter's "The Glass Hammer," later retitled "My Husband, the Enemy," and finally changed to "If Tomorrow Comes."

ABC-TV Movie of the Week executives announced Oct. 21 that they were bowing to the logic in arguments

Three firms protest illegal alien law
LOS ANGELES—Three firms are seeking an injunction against the new state law against knowingly hiring illegal aliens. In a complaint filed Nov. 24 in superior court, they charge requiring an employer to ask the immigration status of job applicants was in violation of federal fair employment practices act.

Traders ambushed
MANILA — Sumitomo Shoji Kaisha executive Iwao Otsuda, 43, was killed in an ambush Nov. 21. Two other passengers were in the car, one sustaining bullet wounds in the stomach and leg. It was the second attack on foreigners in the Manila suburbs last month.

Send Us Clippings from Your Hometown Papers

29-volume on survey of Japanese art in English planned at \$8 per volume

TOKYO — Heibonsha, Ltd., one of Japan's leading publishers of encyclopedias, announced it will publish 29 volumes on Japanese art (in English) over a three-year period starting this fall.

It will publish the series jointly with John Weatherhill, Inc., an American publisher of many books on Japan and Asia.

The Heibonsha Survey of Japanese Art series, already completed in Japanese, was written by a total of 33 noted Japanese experts under the supervision of Selichiro Takahashi, chairman of the Japan Art Academy, Ichimatsu Tanaka, chairman of the cultural agency's cultural properties protection commission, and the late Katsushiro Kamei, celebrated

writer and author on Japanese art. It covers all of the periods in Japanese history, ranging from the primeval to the contemporary age, thus enabling foreign students of Japanese art to understand what consistently flows through each period.

An average of 40 to 50 color and 150 black-and-white pictures are used in a volume.

The joint venture by the two firms is based on a contract signed May 17.

Publication of the series will start this fall and end in 1974, during which period an average of eight volumes a year are expected to be put on the market at prices of \$2,300 (in Japan) and \$7.99 (overseas) a volume.

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Aloha from Hawaii

by Richard Gima

pected that the project will be completed by April 3.

Military News

The 1973 American Legion convention, which had been planned tentatively for Los Angeles, will instead be held in Honolulu. The convention should bring in between 15,000 and 20,000 Legionnaires and their wives to Honolulu for meetings starting Aug. 17, 1973. It will be the biggest convention ever held here. The islands were the Rotary International meetings that attracted 15,000 in 1969 and the American Bar Assn. with 14,000 in 1967.

Business Ticker

Don Masutani, Inc., a civil engineering contracting company, has been awarded a \$1,000,000 contract by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to design and construct a new water treatment plant in the Hawaiian Islands.

Names in the News

Lori Yamane, a ninth grade student at Hill's Waialae Intermediate School, won the annual Kodak International Newspaper Competition. Lori, daughter of the late Mr. Yamane, was awarded a \$1,000 prize and a trip to Hawaii.

Clarence Maki, who works in the city's Office of Information and Complaints, has won the grand prize in the Kodak International Newspaper Snapshot Awards for his black and white photo of two young surfers. The award is a \$1,000 prize and a trip to Hawaii.

Yong Hon Hu, 71, and Mrs. Fong Hing, 77, were honored as model Chinese father and mother of the year at the United Chinese Society's annual dinner Oct. 23 at King's Garden, Kaimuki.

Chen Yu-hai, former East-West Center student who was sentenced to seven years in prison on Taiwan for sedition, may be released. The Nationalist Chinese government has announced it will give complete or partial amnesties for 41 persons it said have been convicted to political crimes. Chen's arrest and conviction in 1968 brought protests from U.S. congressmen and the East-West Center.

Jack Lord, star of TV's Hawaii Five-O, is now an honorary commander in the U.S. Coast Guard. Lord's honor was bestowed on Oct. 24 in ceremonies on Kaula, Capt. Wallace Dahlgren, U.S. Coast Guard chief of staff, administered the oath of office.

U.S. Attorney Robert Fukuda says removing the state's marijuana laws would be hypocritical. Fukuda, speaking to a joint state legislative and committee on the proposed model penal code, said there would still be federal laws on the books, no matter what the state did. And he said his office would enforce those laws. Fukuda said removing the laws would "result in exposing the whole population to the temptations of marijuana."

Shigen Hotoke, Kailua High School choral director, has been named Teacher of the Year in a contest sponsored nationally by the Council of State School Officers and Encyclopaedia Britannica. Contest finalists included Mrs. Mary Yano, Kailua Union School, Takashi Kajiura of Waimanalo High and Intermediate School, Mrs. Masao Kubota of Baldwin High, Mrs. Laura Fukumoto of Alameda Elementary School and Mrs. Chiyono Kuroda of Kailua High School for the Deaf and Blind.

Gov. John A. Burns is considering nine names for appointment to a vacancy in the state house of representatives from the 20th District (Ewa-Pearl City). The vacancy came about when Democrat Joseph T. Kuroda was elected to fill a vacancy in the senate from the Leeward area. Those under consideration include: Mrs. Patsy Yano, Edward Vemori, Kenneth Kimura, Dr. Takeo Ogawa and Donald Miguel.

Kekoa David Kaapu has filed his nomination papers for next year's mayoralty race. Kaapu resigned as city urban renewal co-ordinator to oppose Mayor Frank F. Fasi in the 1972 Democratic primary. Kaapu said he had to have the nomination forms printed at his own expense, since with the elections a year away the city doesn't yet have any available.

Rep. Patsy T. Mink has complained to the Winton M. Blount, the U.S. Postmaster General, about slow mail delivery to Hawaii.

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far been unable to reach accord with the state Dept. of Education.

Walter Kupa, president of the AFL-CIO State Federation of Labor, has accused state school superintendent Shiro Amoka of "sabotaging the collective bargaining law" before it is even put into effect.

Kupa was provoked by a Dept. of Education ruling which bars representatives of Hawaii Federation of Teachers from getting in touch with public school personnel on campus during school hours.

"We do not intend to have the collective bargaining law used as a weapon against any union," Kupa said.

Eleven persons are applying for the \$25,000 a year state public defender's job.

Brook Hart, Paul J. Durbin, Arthur Ross, Donald Tsukiyama, James Leavitt, John Burgess, George St. Sure, Naomi Campbell, William J. Eggers III, Harrison Thurston and Charles Silva.

Phillip Hiraoka, 19, has been sentenced to 20 years in prison for his part in the series of Maui school fires in July, Aug. and Sept. Sentencing was by circuit judge S. George Fukuoka. Hiraoka and two others were charged with malicious burning after a fire was set in an old wooden building at Baldwin High School recently. Fukuoka pointed out that Hiraoka's case may be reviewed in 60 days and probation could be granted.

Deaths

Dr. Richard I. Miyabara, 46, a dentist, of 1474 Kinau St., died Oct. 25. Among survivors are two brothers—Edward J., also a dentist, and Allen, a physician.

Education

A federal mediator has confirmed that his role in Hawaii teacher contract negotiations has ended. Before returning to San Francisco, mediator Reynold Hagist had some criticism of the state's new collective bargaining law. Hagist said, "Within the time limit imposed by state law, it was impossible to bring the two parties any closer to resolution at this time." The law limits arbitration to 15 days. Hagist entered the negotiations at the request of the Hawaii Public Employees Relations Board. The state's 9,600 teachers—represented by the Hawaii State Teachers Assn.—have so

Japan whale meat seized on complaint

LOS ANGELES—Seizure of more than seven million pounds of frozen whale meat was ordered Nov. 4 when a Complaint for Forfeiture of the product was filed in U.S. District Court by U.S. Attorney Robert L. Meyer.

The packages of whale meat, in three lots, are products of Japan, and were destined to be used according to labeling for animal consumption, are alleged to contain mercury in sufficient quantity to be injurious to health, according to the complaint, Meyer noted.

Now in possession of Kal Kan Foods, Inc., of 3386 East 44th St., Vernalis, the whale meat was shipped in interstate commerce from Japan on or about July 16, 1970; December 27 and 30, 1969; and January 16, 1970.

Yokkaichi firm making biodegradable plastic

TOKYO—The Japan Synthetic Rubber Co. plant at Yokkaichi has been turning out tons of new plastic that will decompose over a desired, predetermined period of time upon exposure to the ultraviolet rays of sunlight.

The new plastic is a variation of polybutadiene, an intermediate normally used in making synthetic rubber and can be fabricated so that it can break up between periods of from one week to a year. A total of 54 patents covering the new material and processes is involved, the company added.

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BOOK REVIEW: Allan Beekman

Literature of Japanese Proletariat

THE CANNERY BOAT, by Takiji Kobayashi, and Other Japanese Short Stories, AMS Press, 27 pp.

In 1924, the Federation of Proletarian Artists of Japan began issuing a publication entitled "The United Front of Literature and Art" (Bungei Sensen), meanwhile weeding out the noncommunist from their ranks, and becoming frankly Communist. Operating in defiance of government repression, they produced a literature naive, crude, and propagandistic, but that, nevertheless, illuminates an aspect of Japanese life formerly neglected.

Among the most prominent of these Communist writers was Takiji Kobayashi (1903-1933). Son of a poor farmer who emigrated from Akita Prefecture to Hokkaido in search of greener pastures, Takiji was a rebel throughout life. In his school days, he joined a student group that opposed military training; at 25 he published "The Fifteenth of March, 1928," which relates the government oppression of the Communists on that day.

This story as well as "For the Sake of the Citizens," by Kobayashi, is included in this volume. The title story, "The Cannery Boat," has been compared to Upton Sinclair's "The Jungle," a novel exposing conditions in the Chicago stockyards which aroused public indignation at the quality of processed meat and so contributed to the passage of food inspection laws.

"The Cannery Boat," too, shows abuses growing from lack of government regulation. Being floated canneries rather than ships, in the usual sense of the term, the cannery boats were beyond the purview of the Navigation Act; being ships rather than factories, in the ordinary sense of the term, they were beyond reach of the Factory Act.

Life aboard the Hakko Maru which sailed for the Kamchatka coast to capitalize on the crab season, shows the worst features of capitalism outside the law. The unseaworthy ship is packed with workers who had failed elsewhere, living under unsanitary conditions, and driven beyond the limit of human endurance by a company agent using whip and brand.

When another cannery boat founders and is sinking the agent forbids the captain to go to the rescue; time is more precious than lives—his ship must beat those of other nations to the fishing banks.

Since the venture is international in scope, the agent supplements whip and brand with appeals to patriotism. Because of the international competition, ships of the Japanese Imperial Navy escort the cannery vessels.

The workers learn to their sorrow that these Navy vessels are there not to give the protection of Japanese law to the workers, but to prevent them from rising against the exploitation of the capitalists.

"The Cannery Boat" is abridged. Kobayashi died in the hands of the police. The final article in the book is entitled, "Takiji Kobayashi Murdered by Police."

A final story, by Fusao Hayashi, "Cocoons," is the most moving, partly because it makes effective use of symbolism—the cocoon. The protagonist, Yasuo Sakai, a middle school student, "always kept a single white silkworm

sonally autographed by the author. A graduate of UC Berkeley with a master's degree in education from Smith College, Miss Uchida has traveled to Japan many times to research folk art and folk tales for her previous books, such as:

"The Dancing Kettle and Other Japanese Folk Tales," "The Magic Listening Cap," "The Promised Year," "Sumi's Prize," "Rokubei and the 1,000 Rice Bowls" and many others.

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Friday, Dec. 3, 1971



Harry K. Honda

Ye Editor's Desk

'ROOTS: THE ASIAN AMERICAN READER'

A solid piece of white glass, if it has three equal sides and is held to sunlight, will cast colors of the rainbow and be especially brilliant and striated if the rays project onto a flat colorless wall in the shade. The same can be said of the just published anthology, "Roots: an Asian American Reader" (UCLA Asian American Studies Center, \$5.50 postpaid), for it effuses the diverse perspectives of human experience against the total nature of mankind.

While the particular human experiences are labeled "Asian American"—and therefore of immediate interest to Americans of Japanese, Chinese, Korean, Filipino, and Polynesian heritage (since the people being written about or the authors are that)—the stark-looking book examines such human foibles as racism, hunger, want, degradation and evil as well as the spiritual virtues of faith, hope and love.

The editors of this Asian American reader, Amy Tachiki, Eddie Wong, Franklin Odo and Buck Wong, must have been hard-pressed to determine which fifty stories, poems, and scholarly pieces would finally comprise their introductory examination of the Asian experience in America. "Roots" will not only help to meet the growing demand from Asian American communities for educational material at the high school and college levels but it can serve as collateral matter for classes in American literature, social studies or history. There is where the market is—not only for the book for a bigger prize—the ideas which can unify the nation and the world to live at peace through understanding.

There is a tremendous amount of humanity in the "Roots", relevance in the selection of pieces, and an injunction to the community (at least its readers) to be responsible. In the final piece—an interview with the National JACL coordinator Warren Furutani of community involvement programs, commenting on the "movement", says: "You come to the conclusion that the only way you can do it (community programs) is by having some sort of organization where you can have discipline and with principles. The reason you need these two things is because principles, for example, give you an overall guideline of what you're going to do."

Prof. Lawson Inada's decahedral ode to his grandmother, "Asian Brother, Asian Sister", is lyrical and tender; a more reverential sanctuary could not have been selected to close the section dealing with "Identity."

The other two sections comprising "Roots" cover "History" and "Community". The immigration and early settlement of Chinese, Japanese, Filipinos and Koreans to the United States are discussed in the section on history as well as the relationship of U.S. policy in the Far East. The social and political changes of the 1960s in the various ethnic communities are delineated in the final section through interviews with community workers, analyses of community problems and short articles on the now loosely-defined Asian American Movement.

The reader consists of 345 pages, interspersed with graphics and photos coordinated by Bob Nakamura of the JACL Visual Communication Committee. Many of them may be allegorical, but at least those illustrating articles in the History section deserve a caption in some cases as many are seeing them for the first time and may be rightly curious.

Our readers wishing a copy should send a \$5.50 check payable to the Regents of the Univ. of California and forwarded to the Asian American Studies Center Publications, P. O. Box 24-A-43, Los Angeles 90024. Our readers may not share some of the emphatic beliefs expressed in some of the articles but realistically speaking it should be recognized that they loom as influences on the future of Asians in America.

A POST-THANKSGIVING DAY GESTURE

Not counting the funds expended by the War Department in the costs of evacuation and construction of the WRA camps, that five-year program to operate the War Relocation Authority came to about \$160 million. India is estimating it will cost them \$700 million this fiscal year to keep the 9.5 million Pakistani refugees alive—an impact on the Indian economy that has meant a drastic cutback in their much-needed development plans.

Sometime ago, our Capital Scene columnist David Ushio was moved to discuss the plight of the Pakistanis. During the past half year, this tragic affair in the Indian subcontinent has only become worse. Not only are the Pakistanis who have fled terrified but the Indian people have become innocent victims of a problem born by the policy of repression in East Bengal by the central government of Pakistan.

While the U.S. State Dept. has cancelled the export licenses for over \$3 million worth of military equipment to Pakistan, the talk of war in South Asia becomes more strident. Yet the uncomplicated task remains of feeding the refugees (they stand in line for hours for barely adequate rations), clothing them (fleeing with clothes only their backs, those garments have long since been reduced to rags) and sheltering them (the WRA camp barracks look more stable by comparison).

As a post-Thanksgiving Day gesture, we list some of the major U.S. organizations for Pakistani relief: UNICEF Pakistani Refugee Relief, New York 10016; CARE (Emergency Relief Fund West Bengal), New York 10016; Catholic Relief Services, 350 Fifth Ave., New York 10010; and Church World Services, 457 Riverside Dr., New York 10025.

Understanding of Nisei and Sansei attitudes changing

By KAREN KAIKURA

Santa Ana
When Warren Furutani first appeared on the local JACL scene as a 21-year-old Community Involvement Program director sparks flew off the heads of many older JACLers, with every other word being uttered. Now, a more understanding and mature young man of 23, he readily admits to his earlier shortcomings. He was the speaker at this session.

GUEST COLUMN

Warren Furutani, a Sansei, felt that the irony with a lot of Sansei at the beginning of the Asian American movement including himself was that the Sansei held a very negative view of the Nisei. The Sansei criticized the Nisei for letting themselves be placed in camps. I've also heard Sansei say, "If that happened to me, I wouldn't go."

Warren said the reason the Sansei took such a romantic point of view is that they had a very limited understanding of what actually happened in 1942.

Human rights wasn't a big thing in the forties as it is today. To apply our present values and attitudes to another period in history demonstrates a lack of real understanding and inability to look at a situation from another point of view.

Nisei Attitudes

On the other hand, Warren went on, many Nisei use their 1950 and 1960 point of view and try to apply it to 1971. You may have heard Nisei say, "What's the matter with the kids today, we were able to..."

Warren hoped that people would begin to look at things with a more questioning attitude, and not be so anxious to come upon an answer. An answer that will be based on your own values, attitudes and experiences.

A more questioning attitude will permit you to look at it from the other side. You may not agree with the other side but by listening to another viewpoint and questioning that viewpoint, yours are also being questioned in the process, and you have a better understanding of an issue. You permit yourself to become sensitive.

Other Attitudes

The following points were also discussed:
The Nisei don't understand the Sansei's quest for racial identity and object to it. Do you agree or disagree? I agree.

The reason we need to develop this identity is because like other minorities we've gone through a period of self-hate. Do you agree or disagree? I agree.

It's human nature to step on other people. One must always watch out for themselves. Do you agree or disagree? I disagree.

If programs are set up just to help people, then we should junk all programs. Do you agree or disagree? I agree.

If we take the same positions on all points, I wonder if our reasons are the same? If we held differing viewpoints, don't you wonder why? —Santana Wind

U-NO Bar

Continued from Page 4

son and many, many others, seemed to be enjoying this annual convention.
Mayor and Mrs. Ted Wells presented the key of the city to Dr. Hirabayashi and Fred Hirasuna. Since I had been presented the key to the city last year, I mentioned to the Mayor that I might get the key to the back door, that is where the real influence is.

Mike Iwabuchi, toastmaster, is a radio announcer and insurance salesman. He related many of his personal experiences to me; maybe some day he will put them down in writing. He is as good a story teller as they come.

Gordon Hirabayashi

The banquet speech was the unofficial end of an intriguing plot which involved each of us personally. The feelings, thoughts and observations of Dr. Hirabayashi during the evacuation period were enlightening, exciting and courageous.

The significance of one incident in a person's lifetime may not seem extraordinarily important to the participant in question, but very few Japanese-Americans have had their cases heard by the Supreme Court of the United States involving a grave and crucial constitutional issue.

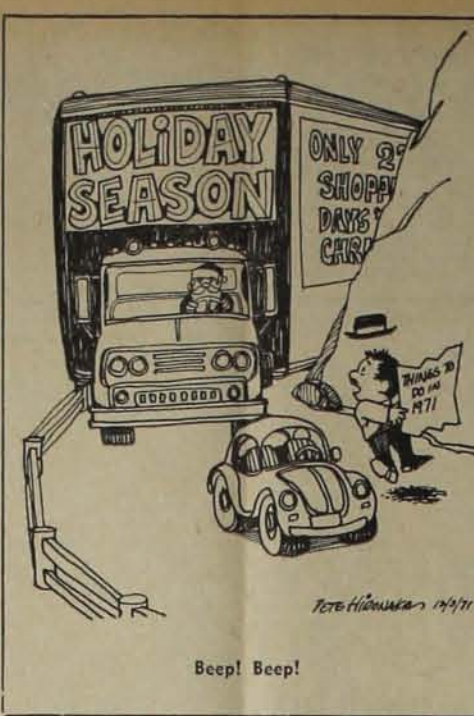
Dr. Hirabayashi, of course, is now a part of history in a unique way.

Having observed how some people can very easily be eliminated even in this great freedom loving country of ours, it took courage to do what Dr. Hirabayashi did, especially during the wartime. Very strange "accidents" can happen to prisoners, and they have; fortunately none did in this case. Thus, Dr. Hirabayashi's contribution to social and political justice should never be underestimated. After the banquet, we had a "rap" session at Dr. Frank Nishio's. Dr. Hirabayashi related some very interesting stories about his life. I only wished we had more time to delve into the sociological implications of the Japanese-American culture with Dr. Hirabayashi because his experiences and training would have given us much food for thought. However, I did converse with Dr. Hirabayashi at the hotel for a while longer in spite of the lateness of the hour.

Dr. Hirabayashi's studied, unburied, thoughtful way of expressing himself impressed me as much as what he had to say. The weaving of his stories, the careful explanations, and the insights created a sense of importance and a feeling of sincerity.

Hopefully, he will have him share his observations of the Japanese-American scene from his vantage point as a scholar and researcher with the JACL community.

320 South 3rd East
Salt Lake City, Utah 84111



Beep! Beep!

EAST WIND: Bill Marutani

"Kogyan", Da' Kine

Philadelphia

I've yet to meet a Nisei whose forebears in Japan were not from the "samurai" class, the more expansive Nisei even laying claim to a "daimyo" or two along the line. If these consistent claims had even a kernel of truth to them, then about the turn of this century Nippon must surely have been stripped of its noblest warriors and sagest lords when our Issei parents left those shores, Hiroshima-ken in particular—from whence 99% of the Issei came, or at least they made it seem like it was that percentage—must have been severely depleted, particularly Asa-gun and Saiki-gun. And yet one of the military intelligence data that this writer was imbued with during World War II was that the Hiroshima Imperial Fifth Division ("Goshidan") was one particularly to be reckoned with as a tough, stubborn, crack army unit.

Of course, it's completely incidental, you understand, that both of my Issei parents happen to have come from Hiroshima-ken. No "samurai's" to my knowledge, and if there was a "daimyo" they kept it a deep, family secret. As far as I know, my grandfather was a leisure-loving landowner and his primegeniture (my father) was just an unwilling farmer who was a buck private in the Imperial Army serving in Manchuria. And things have been going downhill ever since.

Almost two years ago, after almost a quarter century hiatus, I revisited the old family burial plot in Yasumura (Asa-gun). There the headstones stood, the newest granite obelisk with the "Marutani" script freshly engraved thereon, and on down the row to a massive, moss-covered boulder whose script was almost indecipherable. It's a uniquely stirring and profound sensation for a Nisei to stand on the very ground where his ancestors' remains, going back hundreds of years, are committed to the earth. And here the Nisei stands, representing, for better or for worse, the lives of all these predecessors.

Unlike the Tokyo Station, the Hiroshima railway station felt like old home-coming week for this peasant son: while waiting for the "shindai-sha" I overheard that all-too-familiar Hiroshima-ben of my boyhood days which vibrated like some old forgotten but sentimental love-song.

Where else does "etto" mean "plenty"? Or the opposite, "chibitto"? I remember some smart alecky student telling me that such words were not in the standard Japanese language. And I had known them from early boyhood! I couldn't believe it; no "Hiroshima-lineage" lad could. For how else does one describe a toothache except to say "ha ga hashiru"? Or a stomach ache as "hara ga niraru"? These other ken's have got some catching up to do, I'll tell you.

There is, however, one Hiroshima idiom that I somehow was never able to adopt as part of my home-style "Nihongo", and that's the abbreviated speech of "kogyan suke". About the closest definition I've been able to come up for that one is the pidgin English of the Hawaiian boys: "Da kine..."

LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

Letters to the Editor are subject to condensation. Each must be signed and addressed, though withheld from print upon request.

Hizzoner Hotate

Dear Harry:
You say there may be no takers for the unofficial office of "Mayor of Little Tokyo" (Nov. 19 PC).

(Not that he needs it, but in lieu of one, I would like to toss Al Hatate's hat in the ring. I can't think of a more deserving person for this honor.)

Al is a vice president of Merit Savings and Loan Assn., located right on East 1st St. He is an officer of the Little Tokyo Redevelopment Assn. and with the 1972 Nisei Week Festival, held in the heart of Little Tokyo. He is also treasurer for National JACL, a past president of the Downtown JACL chapter and past

Governor of the PSWD JACL.

And for more icing on the cake, or more aptly (more ice in your scotch), Hizzoner would hold nightly court at Horikawa's.

KEN HAYASHI
P.O. Box 501
Garden Grove, Calif.

Budget analyst

SACRAMENTO — The Sacramento City Unified School District personnel office, P.O. Box 2271, announced an opening for a budget analyst (\$14,471-15,900) through the Sacramento JACL. A bachelor's degree in accounting or business administration plus four years experience in school financing or similar administrative function are required.

25 Years Ago

In the Pacific Citizen, Dec. 7, 1946

JACL establishes defense fund for civil rights cases... Privy Council in London upholds legality of Canadian program to deport Japanese-Americans and citizens; question of compulsory deportation before Canadian cabinet... Citizens of Colorado mining town (Durango) honor 442nd hero, Ralph Yamaguchi... Korean American veterans to challenge legality of restrictive housing covenants in Los Angeles... Pacific Northwest JACL reactivates district council; west coast JACL chapters convene in San Francisco to prepare for national legislative

campaign; Intermountain chapters to meet next week... Manzanar WRA Center dismantled, barracks go for \$335 to house-hungry war veterans... Liquidation unit all that's left of War Relocation Authority, which officially closed operation June 30, 1946... Students ask return of Nisei to Univ. of British Columbia... Japanese Canadians still barred from province... Nisei GIs in Japan disturbed at leniency shown to stranded group, New York paper reports... Hawaii Legion Post 27 named for Joseph S. Taketa, first Nisei killed in action in Italy while with 100th Infantry.

'Japanese time' uniquely observed as anti-time trait

By DON ESTES
(San Diego JACL)

There are so many jokes around dealing with "Japanese Time" we thought we would look into it and determine if it was a recent development unique to Japanese in America, or if it had some longer roots. After some research here's the result.

Visitors to Japan are usually struck by the number of time pieces in use. In fact

GUEST COLUMN

Instruments designed to keep correct time are found almost everywhere. From modern offices to the poorest farm homes you can always find a clock. Not only that, but virtually everyone carries a watch.

Radio stations give the correct time at half-hour intervals, and even long distance train schedules are shown in not only minutes, but seconds.

The ancestor of these ubiquitous time pieces appears to be a Chinese water clock that was given to the imperial court in AD 660. No sooner was this first clock introduced than the court began to rigidly adhere to an established schedule—since affairs of state had to be performed at the proper time.

About this time the day was divided into 100 equal parts with one part known as a TOKU. One TOKU equaled 14 minutes, 24 seconds.

The Japanese also developed a system which divided the day into 12 equal parts, with one part known as a KOKU. Each KOKU was then named after one of the animals in the 12 signs of the Oriental zodiac. Through the Tokugawa period the smallest unit of time in common use was the quarter KOKU.

In 1872 the Japanese lunar calendar was revised to bring it into accord with the West. At the same time the Japanese Government introduced the Western method of measuring time to their country. A remnant of the old system can be found in the use of the terms GO-ZEN and GO-GO. GO-ZEN used for "am" means "before the hour of the horse", while GO-GO used for "pm" means after the hour of the horse.

With all this emphasis on clocks and time the casual observer might be led to believe that the Japanese are unique in their observation of time; and in a way they are. However contrary to the above, the Japanese pay very little attention to time.

In fact in a sort of cultural rebellion against the strictures of the clock, the Japanese have institutionalized being late, or as it's known in this country—following "Japanese Time."

In Japan each district has its own standard of lateness which is followed. The starting times of weddings, funerals, and meetings are unpunctual by custom. There are areas in southwestern Japan by custom weddings and funerals start as much as half a day late. It is not uncommon for a businessman to be two or more hours late to an appointment, and not think anything about it.

We need not cite examples here of "Japanese Time" operating in the U.S. However, for those whose Western sensibilities are frustrated by "Japanese Time" we offer you this advice written in 1902 in a handbook for visitors to Japan written by Basil Chamberlain:

"Never show impatience. You only get stared at or laughed at behind your back, and matters will move no more quickly in this land where an hour or two is of no account. The word TADA-IMA, which dictionaries render simply as "immediately" may mean any time between now and next Christmas. Storming will not mend matters... What does a Japanese do? He says "SHIKATA GA NAI" (It can't be helped), and there is the end of the matter. Imitate his example, if you wish to save yourself and other much waste of temper and energy. It is best to resign yourself at the beginning, once and for all."

All things considered, it appears "Japanese Time" is a well-established cultural trait which will be with us for sometime—maybe for the best.

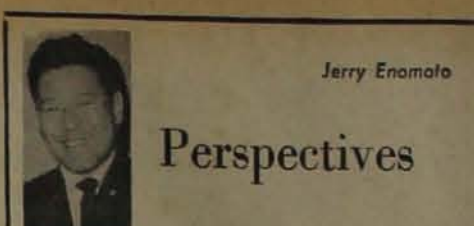
—San Diego JACL Newsletter

SPECIAL NOTICE FOR

MEMBERSHIP CHAIRMAN

Each year, the Pacific Citizen carries a "Renew Your JACL Membership" column, wherein the name, address of the chapter membership chairman and the amount of chapter dues, single and couple, are listed. This feature runs in every issue during the winter months to assist new members to join and current members to renew.

Information for this column should be forwarded now to the Pacific Citizen, 125 Weller St., Los Angeles 90012.



Jerry Enomoto

Perspectives

TIMELY MESSAGE—A colleague recently gave me one of those cards with a philosophical message that seemed to be both timely and uniquely appropriate, at least to me. Entitled "Tolerance", it read—"The most lovable quality that anyone can possess is tolerance. It is the vision that enables one to see things from another viewpoint. It is the generosity that concedes to others the right to their own opinion and their own peculiarities. It is the highest that enables us to let people be happy in their own way instead of our way."

VISIT—The other day Chuck Takizawa, Fresno JACLer and a supervisory parole agent in our Department, came to Tehachapi with several colleagues, including CCDC Governor, Fred Hirasuna. Fred had never been in a prison, and we gave him a "deluxe tour". Also had lunch together and cut up old times, reminding me that, despite our occasional differences, we can always communicate and respect one another as individuals.

TRIPS—Am looking forward to a trip to Watsonville to speak at the chapter's installation on Dec. 11. As a semi-retired "statesman", it will be good to talk to a JACL group again.

By the time this is read, the Executive Committee meeting in Salt Lake City will have been over. When you no longer have responsibility for the agenda and steering the meeting, there is a noticeable effect upon your enthusiasm for it. I always look forward to sitting around a conference table with President Ray and our National Board colleagues. If our leader lets us up, we might even enjoy the fellowship that good company, and good food and drink, always provides. Needless to say, I hope the session will be fruitful. (Ed. note—Jerry couldn't attend at the last minute because his mother became ill. And President Ray did let up, allowing all to mix at the IDC Convention public functions and meet with the Intermountain JACLers and guests, including Gov. Rampton of Utah.)

SOUR GRAPES—As a continuing commentary on the good old 49ers, I take back my prior "expert" observation that a championship calibre team cannot forever make mistakes. In the tenth game of a fourteen-game season, in a crucial contest, they are still playing like sandlotters. Now to compound the "most valuable players" inept passing, we now have receivers that are playing giveaway.

I read a recent article where John Brodie was rejecting the idea that emotions had a significant impact upon professional football. Maybe if they did, Brodie and the 49ers might be better off. They can't do worse. Or maybe they can, especially if the defensive squad disowns the "offense"?

YOMIURI-GALLUP POLL

'Trustworthiness' of Japan continues to drop in latest survey of Americans

TOKYO — An overwhelming majority of Americans believe that the U.S. should think of its own interests first rather than "equal partnership" with Japan, and also predict that trade problems between the two economic powers will increase in the future.

American adults, by a ratio of five-to-three, meanwhile, are of the opinion that a future Japanese defense buildup would be a "bad thing" rather than a "good thing" for the U.S.

Most Americans (78 per cent) also support President Nixon's new economic program, which imposed a 10 per cent surcharge on imports, and 71 per cent regard Japanese imports as a threat to American industry.

Started in 1968
These were the major results found by a poll conducted by the American Institute of Public Opinion (Gallup Poll) during October for The Yomiuri Shimbun.

Similar polls have been conducted annually in autumn since 1968 and this was the fourth time. The Yomiuri Shimbun had Gallup survey U.S. public opinion, especially in relation to Japan.

The findings of the new survey, which interviewed 1,507 American adults representing a broad cross-section of the country, may be said to be most significant since relations between Japan and the U.S. have come to a sort of turning point, reflecting the coming of the age of the "triangle of superpowers."

Trustworthy Rate
In terms of nations regarded as "most trustworthy," Japan fell to 16th place in the eyes of Americans this year, compared to the 14th position it held in the last two polls.

The percentage of those who mentioned Japan also dropped to eight per cent from the 10 per cent of the previous years.

This is in sharp contrast to the result of a domestic public opinion poll conducted recently by the Yomiuri Shimbun, in which 37 per cent of the Japanese polled listed the U.S. as the "most trustworthy foreign nation."

In spite of the propaganda of "equal partnership" there seems to be lying immediately below the surface of American sentiment a deep mistrust toward Japan, having its roots perhaps in the last world war.

Trade Frictions Cited
In terms of direct causes, the drop in trust perhaps owed most to the trade frictions that have risen between the two countries.

International caution against "revival of Japanese militarism" may also be a factor causing Americans to lose faith in the Japanese.

Although Canada's trustworthiness among Americans has dropped the most, from 50 to 65 per cent—a five per cent

Be a Registered Voter