

# U-NO Bar

By RAYMOND S. UNO  
National JACL President

# MANZANAR SITE APPROVED AS STATE LANDMARK

State Plaque OK'd Unanimously by Advisory Committee

## PSWDC

After having lunch with Tom Oyama, George Aoyagi, Stuart Tajimoto, Tom Shigekuni, Helen and Tak Kawagoe, Art Kudo and Ken Huthmaker at Poy Jung's Tin Sing Restaurant in Gardena, I can see what makes the Gardena Chapter go. They have a group of "go, go go" (not go-go) people who know how to have fun wherever they are at Ken Huthmaker, Gardena Valley News, keeps the chapter and members before the public eye and helps the chapter PR in many ways.

Helen and Tak Kawagoe had the PSWDC members and JACL staff over their house for a get acquainted affair. The Kawagoe bonnai garden is short of fantastic. Harry Honda, Charles Fuller, the Jeff Matsui, Charles and Yuki Kamayatsu, Ron Wakabayashi, Drew Tamaki, Jane and Harry Ozawa, Angela and Bruno Alcaraz had a chance to relax, somewhat, from their usual grind and mix with some of the PSW and chapter officers. PSWDC has a really great group of people, and in my opinion, JACL is fortunate to have so many dedicated people willing to sacrifice so much of their time, talent and money for the cause.

Tak Kawagoe volunteered to be my chauffeur while I stayed in the PSW area for three days. I have never seen a person who is always smiling and laughing all of the time as Tak. He is as good natured as they come and really seems to enjoy life. We visited former Utahns, Masaya Hattori and her mother, Mrs. C. Kawaguchi, proprietors of the Futaba restaurant in West L.A. (and former owners of Bamboos in Oxnard), and Mayu Takagaki in the Crenshaw area and had a chance to relax and talk about shop and non-shop news.

During my three days in Southern California and three days after I got back, I had to fight through some kind of "bug" that about put me out flat on my back and caused some respiratory problems. I didn't know whether I would be able to give my speech in San Fernando and survive the next two days, however somehow I managed but only at the expense of operating at below 50% of my usual capacity. I am sure our National Legal Counsel, Bob Takasugi, would have given his right arm to see me so quiet and not my long winded self. Unfortunately, after waiting patiently for his arrival, he made his grand appearance just prior to the departure of most of us, at the PSWDC get-together.

## JOB DISCRIMINATION

In recent months, we have become aware of possible discrimination in employment towards Japanese Americans from places as far apart as California and North Carolina. As we have mentioned, some blatant discriminatory practices occur on the highest levels of professional and governmental employment. Proving discrimination on account of race, color, creed, sex, religion or national origin is an illusive battle and it is a double edged sword; consequently, the manner in which it is handled must be delicately and carefully weighed and pursued.

M. Phyl Poulson, contracts compliance specialist, Office of Contracts Compliance, and long time JACLer, advised me that Japanese Americans are frequently omitted from many job opportunities because employers do not realize they are considered a minority. Phil worked in the Bay Area and is now working in the Portland area and his observations cover both areas. Phil was director of Utah's Anti-Discrimination Division for a number of years and a former state legislator before accepting a federal position. He was working on a minority employment bank, similar to Shig Sugiyama's Talent Bank for NC-WNDC, while he was in Utah and has a good grasp of minority problems in general and employment problems in particular. He felt our Talent Bank would be a useful tool for people like himself when looking for organizations to which he can refer employers who are looking for minority employees.

All JACL chapters and district councils are encouraged to develop a Talent Bank such as being pioneered by NC-WNDC. A white back Moonray Kojima of New York and I talked about a nationwide network of talent banks originating from a financial arm of the Japanese American community which would help subsidize various JACL projects. Hopefully, such a project can be started to help our

Gardena Valley JACL Chapter under leadership of attorney Tom Shigekuni in Torrance threatens to become the "ichiban" JACL chapter in the nation. Considering the progress they have made to date, particularly with the dynamic Helen Kawagoe, the new PSW governor, and the mushrooming JA population in Gardena and vicinity, they may very well become "ichiban" shortly.

Following approval by the Director of the California Department of Parks and Recreation, a bronze California Historical Landmarks plaque will be provided.

A committee of JACLers in the Pacific Southwest JACL District Council and the Manzanar Pilgrimage Committee, are expected to take over the project of establishing the state memorial at the wartime government camp where some 10,000 Japanese Americans were interned because of their racial background.

Warren Furutani, national JACL coordinator for community involvement project, has been spearheading the project. In December, 1969, he organized the caravan of people from Northern and Southern California to assemble at Manzanar to clean up the camp cemetery and rededicate the memorial built by pac residents.

(The Pacific Citizen learned Ryozo Kado, prominent Ise landscape architect and Venice-Culver 1000 Club member, then of Manzanar, built the memorial.)

Last year, Assemblyman Eugene Chappie chaired a luncheon meeting at Lone Pine, 9 miles south of Manzanar on US 395, where Inyo County officials, historical society members and JACLers met with R. Coke Wood of Stockton, chairman of the state landmarks commission, to initiate official state interest.

Some 850 State Historical Landmarks have been designated in California since the program began in 1932. The landmarks are listed with a brief description in a booklet published by the Department of Parks and Recreation and sold for \$1 at most units of the State Park System.

## Rohwer memorial as nat'l monument sought

WASHINGTON — Lewis Johnson Jr., state director of the Green Thumb program of the Farmers' Union, has renewed inquiries with the JACL concerning legislation to establish a national monument at the Rohwer WRA Camp Cemetery, which was rededicated in November, 1969.

Senator Fulbright of Arkansas had submitted legislation which JACL supported shortly after the memorial service, but it did not pass.

In recent weeks, Johnson reiterated the interest of many Arkansas citizens including Rep. David Pryor in reintroducing similar legislation.

Arkansas Gov. Winthrop Rockefeller designated the cemetery as a state historical site in 1969.

The Green Thumbs program continues to maintain the cemetery, where two monuments were constructed in 1945 by evacuees in honor of the Nisei war dead.

## Wilshire to host PSW winter meel

LOS ANGELES — Wilshire JACL will host the PSWDC first quarterly session on Sunday, Feb. 27, at the L.A. Inner City Cultural Center on Washington Blvd., at Vermont Ave., it was announced by Gov. Helen Kawagoe.

Registration begins at 8:30 a.m., with business scheduled from 9 a.m.

## Guam, Virgin Islands merit voice in Congress

WASHINGTON — Rep. Spark Matsunaga told his colleagues last week (Jan. 18) that Guam and the Virgin Islands deserve a voice in Congress with non-voting representatives.

A longtime advocate of delegates in Congress for the two U.S. territories, Matsunaga recalled that his own state of Hawaii was allowed a non-voting delegate as was Alaska while a territory.

Puerto Rico is represented by a resident commissioner and the District of Columbia (since 1971) has a nonvoting delegate elected by its residents.



## IN RECOGNITION—Greater San Francisco Chamber of Commerce president James Slietch presents a special plaque to Isao Yamasaki, outgoing board chairman of The Sumitomo Bank of California, on the eve of his departure for Japan. The plaque commemorates Yamasaki's "lively participation in the cultural affairs of San Francisco and for his numerous contribution to the city's growth as a center for Pacific business, March 1966-January 1972." Yamasaki is also a 1000 Club supporter of JACL.

(Special to The Pacific Citizen)

## MIXED MARRIAGES AMONG NIKKEI IN CALIFORNIA CONTINUING TO RISE

By GLENN K. OMATSU (Hokubei Mainichi)

SAN FRANCISCO — Two months ago Fresno State sociologist John Tinker surprised a JACL meeting by revealing that the Japanese interracial marriage rate in Fresno County had surpassed 50 per cent in 1964 and had continued to rise ever since. His findings were reported in our newspaper dated Nov. 24. (See Dec. 3 PC).

(It was not until 1967 that the U.S. Supreme Court, where JACL legal counsel William Marutani was among those arguing for nullification of anti-miscegenation laws, lifted the barrier permitting persons irrespective of race or color to be married. In California, whites were barred from marrying non-whites until 1948.)

To test to see if Tinker's findings for Fresno County also held for San Francisco, I conducted a study last week of marriage license statistics in San Francisco during 1971.

Our newspaper usually reports all marriage licenses issued which contain Japanese names. We obtain our list of names from the "vital statistics" column of the San Francisco city newspapers, which, in turn, obtain their information from City Hall.

25% in 1958

First, I searched through back issues of the Hokubei Mainichi for the entire year of 1958. Tinker had found an interracial marriage rate of 20 percent for Japanese in Fresno County in 1958. My figures for San Francisco showed a comparable level: 25 per cent. In all, 73 marriage licenses were issued that year to "Japanese-Japanese" couples and 25 to "Japanese-Non Japanese" couples.

Next, I examined back issues of our newspaper from the past year. According to Tinker, I should find a Japanese interracial marriage rate over 50 per cent. I found a rate of 58 per cent. Out of 88 marriage licenses reported in our newspaper during 1971, 51 licenses were issued to couples in which one partner was Japanese and one partner non-Japanese.

A further breakdown of the data indicated that Japanese females were marrying non-Japanese males at a greater rate than Japanese males were marrying non-Japanese females. This finding held for both 1958 and 1971. In 1958, Japanese females accounted for 17 of the 25 marriage licenses issued to "Japanese-Non Japanese" couples. In 1971, Japanese females accounted for 33 of the 51 "Japanese-Non Japanese" couples.

Over 50% in 1971

In summary, my findings indicate that from a study of marriage license issued in San Francisco as reported in our newspaper, Japanese are currently marrying non-Japanese persons at an annual rate exceeding 50 per cent. Moreover, the Japanese female interracial marriage rate is nearly double that of the Japanese male.

It should be noted here that it would be erroneous to conclude from my data that "the Saneis intermarriage rate with non-Japanese is over 50 per cent." My data included not only marriage licenses issued to Saneis but also to recent Japanese immigrants. From the manner in which marriage licenses are reported

in our paper, it is impossible to separate the statistics of the American born Saneis from the recent Japanese immigrants. Therefore, my findings should be read with this factor in mind.

I will not attempt to interpret my results at the present time, since such an interpretation would require a lengthy discussion on ethnic assimilation, the historical roots of anti-Japanese racism, and the different positions in American society of the non-white female and the non-white male.

## Future Prospect

Nevertheless, I would like to raise a question, a question with very important implications. If in fact, more and more Japanese in the U.S. are intermarrying with non-Japanese, what will this mean for the future of Japanese communities in America? Will a distinct community of Japanese Americans continue to be?

## Procedures for Inagaki Prizes streamlined

SAN FRANCISCO — A different approach enabling chapters to apply for the George J. Inagaki Chapter Citizenship Awards was outlined to chapter presidents this week by Shig Sugiyama, national program and activities chairman.

Rather than submitting chapter minutes as heretofore, a simplified application describing up to five of the most outstanding citizenship type programs or activities has been provided. These are to be forwarded to the respective district governors by Apr. 15.

## Award Guidelines

The award was established following the 1968 convention testimonial to onetime national JACL president Inagaki. Presented biennially, it recognizes chapter participation in citizenship-type activities encompassing civic, social, educational, environmental and legislative activities; needs or issues at the local, state or national levels for the betterment of society, such as participation in programs intended to prevent drug abuse, delinquency and crimes, increased voter registration and civic functions; improvements in the areas of civic betterment, human relations, housing, education, etc.

The Venice-Culver JACL administers the Inagaki testimonial fund, from which the interest is used to provide the prizes.

Each district council is entitled to nominate at least three chapters. Questions regarding procedure may be addressed to:

Shig Sugiyama, 36784 Riveria Dr., Fremont, Calif., 94535 (day—556-1255, eve—797-5102).

# PACIFIC CITIZEN

Membership Publications: Japanese American Citizens League, 225 Weller St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90012; (213) MA 6-6936  
Published Weekly Except First and Last Weeks of the Year—Second Class Postage Paid at Los Angeles, Calif.  
VOL. 74 NO. 3 FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1972 Subscription Rate Per Year U.S. \$6. Foreign \$8 12 CENTS

## SPOTLIGHT ON JAPANESE IN U.S.

# TV documentary on Minidoka

(Special to The Pacific Citizen)

SEATTLE—A half-hour documentary, "The Fence at Minidoka," presented by the KOMO-TV news department on Dec. 7 elicited an unprecedented deluge of hate calls and mail as well as letters and calls commending the program, which was written, produced and narrated by Barbara Tanabe of the KOMO-TV news staff.

A communications graduate of the Univ. of Washington, her father Frank Shin Tanabe works for United Press International in Okinawa. The Seattle JACL also assisted in the production.

The documentary began with Miss Tanabe narrating that with the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor, there were false rumors of Japanese in America committing espionage. Thus the Japanese in the United States became victims of the hate campaign against Japan.

As Americans each year pay tribute to the soldiers and sailors who died Dec. 7, she noted that there were others who also lost a part of their lives—Americans who looked like the enemy and subjected to humiliation and abuse, stripped of their civil rights and imprisoned during that week's note to evacuate. Then the mayor of Seattle, Earl Millikan, had urged a congressional committee to incarcerate Japanese Americans. Followed in office was William Devlin, who was campaigning for the majority during the Evacuation period. He said:

"The evacuation of the Japanese was not a local problem. It was a problem which the government was undertaking and I didn't feel it was the part of the responsibility of the mayor's office at that time so I probably wasn't as impressed with it as it has been the responsibility of the local government. I think that most people were quite shocked to think that measure of that kind had been taken but as I look back I don't think there was great deal of opposition to it because I think everyone was afraid. I think they were afraid of what might happen and afraid of the unknown. Because of that fear I think the government took the action they took. But looking back on it now it just seems inconceivable."

Another rare individual who openly defended the Nisei was then Mayor or Tacoma, Harry P. Cain, who later became U.S. senator, who said:

"The action was morally indefensible. It was an evidence of the loss of confidence of the large majority of the Japanese Americans whom I knew personally were extraordinarily hard working people of whom made their living on the farms. We were known as truck farms. We

who were white lived off of those farms and very early it occurred to me that if those Japanese were incarcerated somewhere else the white men will buy up the property at 10c on the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed on the table and go broke in the process to put the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed in too many cases it worked out just like that."

## Nisei Remarks

Attorney Bill Mimbu, a past Seattle JACL president, appeared in the program to recall, "It was kind of a shock when we did realize finally that all of us of Japanese ancestry, regardless of citizenship, were going to be moved out of the Western area."

Dr. Minoru Masuda, 1971 chapter president, added: "We have always placed faith in the Constitution about democratic principles—then all of a sudden with one sweeping executive order the President of the United States enforced the evacuation of people from the West Coast into concentration camps. It was a bitter disappointment, really a black day, I think, for the Constitution and democracy."

Hana Masuda said, "Actually when I tried to think back lots of the little details like what to pack, what to keep, where to leave it—those were really the problems then. And when I look back now, how were we able to do that?"

## Wartime Camplife

Continuing her narration, Miss Tanabe found it ironic that while the Nisei were considered a threat to national security and thus put into detention camps, when sugar beets in Idaho need to be harvested, the Nisei were not a threat but welcomed as farm laborers. And while MPs surrounded the camp, Army recruiters went inside, asking internees to come out and fight for their country and many did enlist while their families remained behind barbed wire.

Some Nisei boys were in the armed forces when their families were evacuated, she added. Another past Seattle JACL president, Don Kazama, remembered visiting his family on furlough. "My feeling on Hunt, Idaho (where Minidoka was located), was that it was like another army camp, desolate and isolated."

The biggest complaint about the camp, related by John Bigelow, a WRA reports officer, was about "the dust and living conditions". But he felt the response to the recruiting for the 442nd demonstrated by and large "they were taking life in the camp in stride and looking at the whole episode as a phase that would end some day. They took it with a great deal of calmness and objectivity and in a sense as a learning experience. I thought it demonstrated to me their character and they took it in a very superior way."

## Loyal Friends Help

While many turned their backs on the Japanese American, a few came forth to offer their services. One was the

Rev. Emery E. Andrews, pastor of the Japanese Baptist Church. He followed his people to Minidoka. He told Miss Tanabe:

"This was a concentration camp all right. I used to call it relocation center. You were confined behind barbed wire. While you could get passes to go out, you couldn't live a normal life. It was impossible. The youngsters didn't know what it was all about except they didn't like it because oftentimes you hear four or five year olds wanting to know when they could get back to America."

Floyd Schmo of the American Friends Service Committee, who helped the Nisei in whatever way he could, said: "Personally I sort of ran shuttle service between 10 Japanese patients at the Finland Tuberculosis Sanitarium where bedridden patients were not moved. When patients died as several of the young people did, the parents were allowed to come back except under armed guards and then we took them into our homes and had the responsibility to sponsor them more or less for funerals sake which was absurd but it happened."

## In Retrospect

What happened 30 years ago is now part of history, a bitter period for some, a tragedy for others and certainly for the U.S. government. Can that same hateful emotionalism sweep our country again, Miss Tanabe asked.

In answer to that, Y. Philip

Hayasaka, past Seattle JACL president and now director of the City Human Rights Department, said: "I don't see anything that would prevent it. In fact, I do see things that cause me to believe that it can and will happen again. There are things happening today that happened 30 years ago. Before Evacuation there were lots of hysteria, emotionalism, racism, discrimination and stereotypes about the Japanese. It was directed at Japan as a military threat, as an economic monster invading other Eastern countries."

"What do we find today? Because Japan again appears to be a world power and regarded as a threat to U.S. economy in textiles and what have you, we are hearing things derogatory about things in Japan and Japan. The meaning is there of what happened 30 or 35 years ago. And this transfers over to the people who are over here. And unfortunately what we are finding out is that many in white America tend to view the Nisei and Saneis as before when looking at Japan."

"The Japanese American should direct their attention at their stereotypes of which

Continued on Page 3

## Week's Notice

She then recalled few Americans spoke out in defense of their Japanese neighbors that spring when all persons of Japanese ancestry on Bainbridge Island and Puget Sound opposite the Bremerton Navy Yard were handed a week's notice to evacuate. Then the mayor of Seattle, Earl Millikan, had urged a congressional committee to incarcerate Japanese Americans. Followed in office was William Devlin, who was campaigning for the majority during the Evacuation period. He said:

"The evacuation of the Japanese was not a local problem. It was a problem which the government was undertaking and I didn't feel it was the part of the responsibility of the mayor's office at that time so I probably wasn't as impressed with it as it has been the responsibility of the local government. I think that most people were quite shocked to think that measure of that kind had been taken but as I look back I don't think there was great deal of opposition to it because I think everyone was afraid. I think they were afraid of what might happen and afraid of the unknown. Because of that fear I think the government took the action they took. But looking back on it now it just seems inconceivable."

Another rare individual who openly defended the Nisei was then Mayor or Tacoma, Harry P. Cain, who later became U.S. senator, who said:

"The action was morally indefensible. It was an evidence of the loss of confidence of the large majority of the Japanese Americans whom I knew personally were extraordinarily hard working people of whom made their living on the farms. We were known as truck farms. We

who were white lived off of those farms and very early it occurred to me that if those Japanese were incarcerated somewhere else the white men will buy up the property at 10c on the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed on the table and go broke in the process to put the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed in too many cases it worked out just like that."

## Week's Notice

She then recalled few Americans spoke out in defense of their Japanese neighbors that spring when all persons of Japanese ancestry on Bainbridge Island and Puget Sound opposite the Bremerton Navy Yard were handed a week's notice to evacuate. Then the mayor of Seattle, Earl Millikan, had urged a congressional committee to incarcerate Japanese Americans. Followed in office was William Devlin, who was campaigning for the majority during the Evacuation period. He said:

"The evacuation of the Japanese was not a local problem. It was a problem which the government was undertaking and I didn't feel it was the part of the responsibility of the mayor's office at that time so I probably wasn't as impressed with it as it has been the responsibility of the local government. I think that most people were quite shocked to think that measure of that kind had been taken but as I look back I don't think there was great deal of opposition to it because I think everyone was afraid. I think they were afraid of what might happen and afraid of the unknown. Because of that fear I think the government took the action they took. But looking back on it now it just seems inconceivable."

Another rare individual who openly defended the Nisei was then Mayor or Tacoma, Harry P. Cain, who later became U.S. senator, who said:

"The action was morally indefensible. It was an evidence of the loss of confidence of the large majority of the Japanese Americans whom I knew personally were extraordinarily hard working people of whom made their living on the farms. We were known as truck farms. We

who were white lived off of those farms and very early it occurred to me that if those Japanese were incarcerated somewhere else the white men will buy up the property at 10c on the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed on the table and go broke in the process to put the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed in too many cases it worked out just like that."

## Week's Notice

She then recalled few Americans spoke out in defense of their Japanese neighbors that spring when all persons of Japanese ancestry on Bainbridge Island and Puget Sound opposite the Bremerton Navy Yard were handed a week's notice to evacuate. Then the mayor of Seattle, Earl Millikan, had urged a congressional committee to incarcerate Japanese Americans. Followed in office was William Devlin, who was campaigning for the majority during the Evacuation period. He said:

"The evacuation of the Japanese was not a local problem. It was a problem which the government was undertaking and I didn't feel it was the part of the responsibility of the mayor's office at that time so I probably wasn't as impressed with it as it has been the responsibility of the local government. I think that most people were quite shocked to think that measure of that kind had been taken but as I look back I don't think there was great deal of opposition to it because I think everyone was afraid. I think they were afraid of what might happen and afraid of the unknown. Because of that fear I think the government took the action they took. But looking back on it now it just seems inconceivable."

## Week's Notice

She then recalled few Americans spoke out in defense of their Japanese neighbors that spring when all persons of Japanese ancestry on Bainbridge Island and Puget Sound opposite the Bremerton Navy Yard were handed a week's notice to evacuate. Then the mayor of Seattle, Earl Millikan, had urged a congressional committee to incarcerate Japanese Americans. Followed in office was William Devlin, who was campaigning for the majority during the Evacuation period. He said:

"The evacuation of the Japanese was not a local problem. It was a problem which the government was undertaking and I didn't feel it was the part of the responsibility of the mayor's office at that time so I probably wasn't as impressed with it as it has been the responsibility of the local government. I think that most people were quite shocked to think that measure of that kind had been taken but as I look back I don't think there was great deal of opposition to it because I think everyone was afraid. I think they were afraid of what might happen and afraid of the unknown. Because of that fear I think the government took the action they took. But looking back on it now it just seems inconceivable."

Another rare individual who openly defended the Nisei was then Mayor or Tacoma, Harry P. Cain, who later became U.S. senator, who said:

"The action was morally indefensible. It was an evidence of the loss of confidence of the large majority of the Japanese Americans whom I knew personally were extraordinarily hard working people of whom made their living on the farms. We were known as truck farms. We

who were white lived off of those farms and very early it occurred to me that if those Japanese were incarcerated somewhere else the white men will buy up the property at 10c on the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed on the table and go broke in the process to put the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed in too many cases it worked out just like that."

## Week's Notice

She then recalled few Americans spoke out in defense of their Japanese neighbors that spring when all persons of Japanese ancestry on Bainbridge Island and Puget Sound opposite the Bremerton Navy Yard were handed a week's notice to evacuate. Then the mayor of Seattle, Earl Millikan, had urged a congressional committee to incarcerate Japanese Americans. Followed in office was William Devlin, who was campaigning for the majority during the Evacuation period. He said:

"The evacuation of the Japanese was not a local problem. It was a problem which the government was undertaking and I didn't feel it was the part of the responsibility of the mayor's office at that time so I probably wasn't as impressed with it as it has been the responsibility of the local government. I think that most people were quite shocked to think that measure of that kind had been taken but as I look back I don't think there was great deal of opposition to it because I think everyone was afraid. I think they were afraid of what might happen and afraid of the unknown. Because of that fear I think the government took the action they took. But looking back on it now it just seems inconceivable."

Another rare individual who openly defended the Nisei was then Mayor or Tacoma, Harry P. Cain, who later became U.S. senator, who said:

"The action was morally indefensible. It was an evidence of the loss of confidence of the large majority of the Japanese Americans whom I knew personally were extraordinarily hard working people of whom made their living on the farms. We were known as truck farms. We

who were white lived off of those farms and very early it occurred to me that if those Japanese were incarcerated somewhere else the white men will buy up the property at 10c on the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed on the table and go broke in the process to put the dollar, endeavor to produce the food we needed in too many cases it worked out just like that."

## Week's Notice

She then recalled few Americans spoke out in defense of their Japanese neighbors that spring when all persons of Japanese ancestry on Bainbridge Island and Puget Sound opposite the Bremerton Navy Yard were handed a week's notice to evacuate. Then the mayor of Seattle, Earl Millikan, had urged a congressional committee to incarcerate Japanese Americans. Followed in office was William Devlin, who was campaigning for the majority during the Evacuation period. He said:

"The evacuation of the Japanese was not a local problem. It was a problem which the government was undertaking and I didn't feel it was the part of the responsibility of the mayor's office at that time so I probably wasn't as impressed with it as it has been the responsibility of the local government. I think that most people were quite shocked to think that measure of that kind had been taken but as I look back I don't think there was great deal of opposition to it because I think everyone was afraid. I think they were afraid of what might happen and afraid of the unknown. Because of that fear I think the government took the action they took. But looking back on it now it just seems inconceivable."

## 'Sixty Minutes' tie-in of Nisei with electronics boom in Japan protested

SAN FRANCISCO — After many weeks of delays and postponement, the long awaited feature segment on Japanese Americans was televised nationally on CBS's "60 Minutes" program on Sunday, Jan. 9. The show was taped in early October and was scheduled several times; but football schedules interfered only to be shown with very little advance notice the weekend after the Nixon-Sato talks at San Clemente.

The 25-minute segment narrated by host, Mike Wallace, attempted to give a quick survey of the Japanese experience in America.

Scenes from the Berkeley Buddhist Church reflected the cultural and religious ties within the Japanese community. A community picnic from the Japanese Self-Defense Force Navy identified the community with its relationship to Japan. Shots of "banzai, banzai" by uniformed officers and community members during the festivities of the picnic may have been perplexing to the non-Japanese viewer.

Statements by Warren Furutani, Southern California JACL official, articulated the views of some Saneis activists. An informal discussion of several JACL leaders in Orange County with Wallace attempted to inform the public about contemporary Japanese American values, attitudes, and feelings. The seriousness of certain points of views were negated by an innocent faux pas resulting in laughter and candor, perhaps an honest commentary that "Nisei expect their children to keep one step ahead of the others."

## Economic Segment

The positive or educational value of the segment on Japanese Americans was unfortunately the casualty of the editing the portion on the Japanese Americans with a short segment on the effect of Japanese imports on the electronic industry. By implication, the viewers were led to believe there was a close affinity between Americans of Japanese descent and the results of Japan's economic gain on the hard-hit American electronic industry.

Paul Lowenwater, producer of "60 Minutes", had consulted with many community leaders earlier this summer when the program idea was first considered.

"Unless the community has some control over the content and tone of a feature program on Japanese in America, it may be more detrimental and negative to have the wrong type of exposure," said Edwina Uno, who assisted Lowenwater while in San Francisco. "We are beginning to experience some negative reactions by public media who manipulate the material to their own end, as was the case in News-Magazine earlier last year," Uno commented.

There has been increasing interest on Japanese Americans as a minority group in America. There are several programs in production by network radio, local television, books, and feature articles in magazines and newspapers.

Expressing his own personal views and reactions to the "60 Minutes" program, Uno wrote to Mike Wallace, "Responsible journalism should avoid the subtle and insidious racist overtones which subject visible minorities as easy targets

of hate and discrimination." Most viewers do not make the distinction between Japanese Americans and Japanese from Japan, thus by tying the effects of economic competition from Japan to the Nisei, it may result in anti-Japanese feelings which directly effect those persons of Japanese ancestry living here, Uno said.

## Tacoma groups protest pairing of stories

TACOMA — At the request of both the Puyallup Valley JACL and the Asian Concerns Task Force of Tacoma-Pierce County, the Rev. Robert M. Yamashita protested the pairing on CBS's "Sixty Minutes" news feature the story of Japanese Americans as "a model minority" and the threat of Japanese electronics to the American economy.

"We are very much aware of what prejudiced innuendoes can do," program host Mike Wallace was told. "First, there is the fear created in the minds of the majority. That fear then needs a direct scapegoat to attack.

"An economic threat seems to be the real cruxer in firming up racist attitudes. It gives a 'reason' for being racist. Americans of Japanese ancestry are very keenly aware of the potential of such attitudes. It is only 30 years after that massive incarceration we experienced at the beginning of World War II.

"The

# Reversion of Okinawa and JACL

(Prepared for the National JACL International Affairs Committee by its member Yuji Ichioka. This paper presents the "other side" of the Okinawa reversion question to help understand the turmoil, protests and emotions over Okinawa reversion on the terms of the reversion—now set for May 15—Ed.)

By YUJI ICHIOKA

## Part III

The origin of JACL's position on the reversion issue must be reviewed against a broad background going back to 1968. After returning from Japan where he received a medal from the Sato government on October 31st, Mr. Masaoka began writing articles concerning U.S.-Japan relations in his regular column in The Pacific Citizen. His very first article indeed started with the following explanation of the International Relations Committee:

Recognizing that U.S.-Japan relations are entering into a new and sensitive era, JACL at its National Convention in San Jose this past August reconstituted its International Relations Committee and directed that it assume an active and constructive role in helping Japanese-Americans understand those problems that cause tension between the land of our ancestry and the country of our citizenship, and to advise the United States Government as to how Americans of Japanese ancestry feel about these same problems (PC: Dec. 6, 1968)

To introduce his readers to the problems which "cause tensions," he wrote that "the two gravest challenges . . . are the reversion of Okinawa and the continuance beyond 1970 of the Treaty of Mutual Cooperation and Security." He then elaborated upon these "challenges," with the same assumptions as the Committee report would, giving more than a glimpse of what was forthcoming.

The problem of Okinawa's return to Japan is complicated not only by the security requirements in the Far East, especially as long as the Viet Nam War continues, but also by Japanese reluctance to permit nuclear weapons on any all-Japan territory. Then, there is the question of Okinawa's ability to survive and progress economically without vast American aid.

As for the Mutual Cooperation and Security Treaty, it is known that the Communists, Socialists, the militant students, and others will vigorously oppose its continuation beyond 1970, even though its termination may well leave Japan defenseless in a troubled Far East.

"JACL's International Relations Committee," he concluded, "should soon begin to provide concerned Japanese-Americans with information about these issues, for as 1970 nears more and more Americans are going to ask them about their thinking and suggestions."

The Committee report presumably was drafted up during the first half of 1969. Just before it was submitted to the JACL National Board for its approval, Mr. Masaoka again wrote: "We confidently look forward to the Committee recommendations on the reversion of Okinawa, for we know that it will reflect solid research, unemotional judgment, and constructive insight" (PC: June 27, 1969).

The report was unanimously approved in a July meeting and made public in the November 21st issue of The Pacific Citizen. As previously scheduled, Prime Minister Sato came to Washington in November—his three-day conference with President Nixon commenced on November 19th and ended on November 21st. Prior to the Prime Minister's arrival, on November 14th, the Committee report was forwarded to President Nixon with the cover letter written by Mr. Masaoka. Copies were also sent to Prime Minister Sato himself and other government officials on both sides.

At the state dinner given in honor of Prime Minister Sato on November 19th to which Mr. Masaoka was invited, he himself informs that the "Prime Minister" told the President that Masaoka was awarded the Order of the Rising Sun last October and was the youngest person ever to be so honored" (PC: Nov. 28, 1969). According to his considered judgment, the report was a "masterful statement." So much for the back-

ground to the report.

Not too surprisingly the International Relations Committee report agreed in form as well as substance with the Sato government's position. It contained the following three recommendations:

- 1)—The United States and Japan should agree this year to a reversion of Okinawa to Japan by the end of 1972;
- 2)—American military bases in Okinawa should be subject to the same restrictions that apply to the main islands of Japan. There should be prior consultation before introducing nuclear weapons or before using the bases for direct military combat elsewhere;
- 3)—Japan should actively seek the early return from Soviet Russia of the northern islands of Habomai, Shikotan, Kunashiri, and Etorofu.

The first two is said to have originated with Dr. Mary I. Watanabe; the last one, according to the text, was added by the National Board at its July meeting.

No act of revelation need be invoked to see the similarities. The recommendations were identical with the general position held by the Sato government. Reversion should be nuclear-free with the bases coming under the terms of the Mutual Security Pact. Interesting enough, the third recommendation also coincided with the views of the Sato government. The northern islands are related to the reversion of Okinawa in Sato's thinking. In 1968 the government expressed its hopes to reopen negotiations with the Soviet Union after the reversion of Okinawa. Once Okinawa reverts to Japan, the Sato government believes that it will have a new leverage with which to approach the Soviet Union.

The reasons provided for these recommendations can be summarized easily. As to the reversion of Okinawa, despite military reasons for the continued unrestricted usage of bases, the political ones for the return of administrative rights were more compelling. Among the latter there were: (1) the "untenability" of continued American occupation; (2) the growing Okinawan nationalism and desire to return to Japan proper; (3) the vulnerability of America to the charge of "racism"; and (4) the resultant frictions in U.S.-Japan relations which might lead to irreparable breaches.

Three reasons were given for the second recommendation: (1) because of technological developments, there is some evidence to support the reduction of base usage; (2) the Japanese are most sensitive about nuclear weapons being the only victims of them; and (3) prior consultation, in any case, would be between "partners" and "that without Japanese cooperation and support . . . we could not operate bases in Japan anyway." The reason for the third and last recommendation was simple: If Okinawa involves a principle of sovereignty, then Japan should also seek the return of the northern islands from the Soviet Union.

The Committee report can be criticized first for what it conspicuously omitted. It failed to discuss the crucial role played by the American bases in Okinawa in the Vietnam War which continues unabated down to today. Not a word was mentioned about Vietnam-bound B-52's flying

under the imprimatur of the California Historical Society. The pictures were made by Dorothea Lange, Ansel Adams, Richard Conrad and others—Caucasians obviously not in the pay of the Japanese Foreign Office.

The copy—with the exception of a cool and non-inflammatory introduction—is limited to quotations from hysterical patings of the period—God forgive them who convict themselves out of their own mouths.

"Herd 'em up, pack 'em off and give them the inside room of the badlands. Let 'em be pinched, hurt, hungry, and dead up against it."

What defense can be made of a statement of that kind when applied not to "slavering, bestial" Japanese soldiers, but to law-abiding Americans who paid their taxes, tended our gardens, ate their rice, and regarded themselves as good Americans.

The book mutely shows photographs of children (now grown up to be your good neighbors) with deportation tags hanging from their coat buttons, little old ladies still wet-eyed from giving up their life's possessions ("Take only what you can carry!"), and docile and frightened families living under conditions that would gag a weasel.

Devotedly the force behind this confrontation with a 25 year old injustice is Edison Tomimaru Uno. Uno will be best remembered by non-Nisei as the insurgent member of the 1971 Grand Jury who kicked over the traces in respect to more local ills. He didn't care for corruption.

Uno—although well supported by the Nisei and Sansei (third generation) communities—doesn't have full Japanese American support. Some Japanese—even those most bruised by "relocation"—prefer not to make waves. Let the past bury the past. The Japanese Americans are, or were, a gentle people.

But the thrust of "Executive Order 9066" is not completely a matter of the past. Title II of the Internal Security Act was repealed in September, largely through the persistence of the Japanese American Citizens League, but the vacuum of paranoia that makes possible such bigotry is still present.

Only last month references were made by certain far-right groups to the need for similar legislation. One piece of congressional comment gave approval to the suggestion.

Thus, were we to have trouble with Mexico next year, 110,000 Chicanos might conceivably be put behind barbed wire in the Nevada desert.

Of course, we'd have to get pretty hysterical first. But we did once before.

(National JACL Headquarters has copies of "Executive Order 9066" on sale at \$4.95 paperback, \$12.50 hard cover—Ed.)

daily bombing missions from Kadena Airbase. The report mentioned Vietnam only in passing reference to the recommended timetable for reversion. The year 1973 was recommended because it was "practical and realistic" and "by that year there will be a substantial disengagement of United States forces in Vietnam." No more. Nor did the report discuss the controversy surrounding the prior consultation requirement. It merely assumed that it guarantees the Japanese people that American bases will be nuclear-free and will not be used for combat operations other than the defense of Japan. The report did take note of the growth of Okinawan nationalism, but did not discuss the specific issues raised by it. One hunts in vain for any intimation, much less recommendation, to reduce American bases to lessen the daily tensions of the Okinawans and to transform the Okinawa economy from dependence upon military bases to peace-time one.

All of the above omissions point to the larger underlying assumptions of the report. The report assumed the validity of the American rationale, first articulated by John Foster Dulles, that the Okinawa bases are essential for the security of Japan and America and the peace of the Far East. Recent developments in military technology, which the report alludes to, especially in the delivery system for nuclear weapons, have not changed it. They have only reduced the significance of forward American military bases for nuclear strategy—tactical nuclear ground missiles now need not necessarily be deployed in forward bases, but the bases themselves still remain indispensable for so-called "localized wars." Hence the report also assumed the necessity of the Mutual Security Pact which embodies this unchanged American rationale, and recommended that the Okinawa bases be subject to its supposed restrictions. Behind this assumption there is the unstated premise for the need to contain "communist aggression," in particular that of Communist China. To top everything off, the report assumed that the Sato government's position—and the conservative one at that—is the correct one for maintaining good U.S.-Japan relations. The Sato government has been subservient to and operates within the frame work of these American foreign policy assumptions, and so it is not at all astonishing that the report did not contest them.

To be concluded

David Ushio

Capital Scene

In Memory of Dr. King

"I'd like somebody to mention that day, that . . . Martin Luther King, Jr. tried to give his life serving others. I'd like for somebody to say that day, that . . . Martin Luther King, Jr. tried to love somebody, I want you to say that day, that . . . I tried to be right on the war questions. I want you to be able to say that day, that . . . I did try to feed the hungry. And I want you to be able to say that day, that . . . I did try, in those who disagree with who love to be shown to those who would violently abuse you. I did try in his dynamic and eloquent way, set down these ideals far better than I am able to explain. His words and deeds stand as a memorial to the cause that he so unselfishly dedicated his life. His words are worth serious contemplation.

In February of 1968 Martin Luther King gave a sermon at his home church, the Ebenezer Baptist Church, where he outlined his views on death and remembrance. These excerpts were played at his funeral. "Every now and then I guess we all think realistically about that day when we will be victimized with what is life's final common denominator—that something we call death. We all think about it. And every now and then I think about my own death, and I think about my own funeral. And I don't think of it in a morbid sense. Every now and then I ask myself, What is it that I would want said? And I leave the word to you this morning.

"If any of you are around when I have to meet my day, I don't want a long funeral. And if you get somebody to deliver the eulogy, tell them not to talk too long. Every now and then I wonder what I want them to say. Tell them not to mention that I have a Nobel Peace Prize, that isn't important. Tell them to mention that I have three or four hundred other awards, that's not important. Tell them not to mention where I went to school.

In 1963, Dr. King in his famous "Letter from Birmingham City Jail" issued the challenge that is still timely. "We must use time creatively and forever realize that the time is always ripe to do right. Now is the time to make real the promise of democracy, and transform our pending national elegy into a creative psalm of brotherhood. Now is the time to lift our national policy from the quicksand of racial injustice to the solid rock of human dignity."

JACL-Abe Hagiwara Memorial Fund

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Enclosed: \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Send to: JACL-Abe Hagiwara Fund  
7651 Koch Drive, Parma, Ohio 44134

**PACIFIC CITIZEN**  
Published Weekly by the Japanese American Citizens League except the first and last weeks of year. 123 Weller St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90012. No. 1378

RAYMOND UNO, President    KAY NAKAGIRI, Board Chairman  
HARRY K. HONDA, Editor

District Representatives  
PFWDC—Eira Nagano, NC-WNDC—Homer Takahashi, CCDC—Isami Taniguchi, PSWDC—Ken Hayashi, IDC—Harriet Kimura, MPDC—Bill Homokawa, MDC—Joe Tamaki, EDC—Kaz Okamoto

Advertising Representatives  
No. Calif. . . . . Lee Ruttle, 46 Keamy, Bm. 608, San Francisco 94128  
Three dollars of JACL Membership Dues for one-year subscription.  
Second-class postage paid at Los Angeles, Calif. Subscription Rates: Yearly in advance: U.S. \$8 a year, \$11.50 for two years. Foreign \$8 a year. First-class service, U.S. \$11 extra per year. Airmail service, U.S. and Canada, \$15 extra per year. Japan, Asia, Europe, \$48 extra per year.

News and opinions expressed by columnists, except for JACL staff writers, do not necessarily reflect JACL policy.



'We just want to take over for five days: June 28 - July 1.'

## LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

### Flights vs. Convention

Dear Harry:

As you undoubtedly know, the 22nd Biennial National Convention of the JACL will be held in Washington, D.C. from June 27 to July 1, 1972. For many months, the Convention Board and other members of the Washington, D.C. Chapter have been hard at work, planning for a distinctive and different Convention for the enjoyment of all delegates.

This being the case, we must state that the Convention Board is extremely dismayed and concerned with the many JACL charter flights to Japan which have been planned for the coming year. Some of these flights, it is true, do not directly conflict with the National Convention, such as the Cleveland flight in April, the Dayton-Cincinnati flight in August, and the San Jose and New York flights in October. Other flights, such as the one planned by West Los Angeles from June 27 to July 15, and the Chicago flight planned for July 5 to 29, are pretty much in direct competition with the National Convention.

The net effect of these multiple charter flights will be to decrease attendance at the National Convention, since very few people will have both the money and the available time to take advantage of both attractions. For these reasons, the Convention Board wishes to express definite opposition to these charter flights during the National Convention year. We cannot enunciate too strongly how discouraged it makes us feel to go through all the work and worry of planning a Convention, when at the same time various JACL chapters, whom we feel should give us full support and cooperation, apparently feel there is nothing wrong in planning charter flights to Japan so close to Convention time.

We do not wish to offend anyone unduly, nor to cause any personal feelings by these remarks. We only wish to express our discouragement, dismay, and concern over this situation. If any of the chapters involved would be kind enough to cancel or at least to reschedule their flights, we would be extremely grateful for their consideration and cooperation.

HARRY I. TAKAGI  
Convention Chairman  
Washington, D.C.

### 'If Tomorrow Comes'

(Following is a reply to a letter from Mrs. Kaz Obayashi of Irons, N.Y., which appeared in the Jan. 7-14 PC Letterbox.)

Dear Mrs. Obayashi:

Thank you for your very pungent expression of concern regarding the film "If Tomorrow Comes." We do indeed share with you no only disappointment but a deep sense of violation. I discussed some of it in my column in the Pacific Citizen of Dec. 17, 1971, couched in somewhat confined language. I could come on stronger and in more specific terms with specific people but I suspect that that would not be necessary with you. We probably would see eye to eye on most points. However, what we must have you understand is that your entirely justified outrage would be more productively focused on the makers of the film rather than on the JACL.

JOSEPH D. ABELLA  
OSC Project Director  
1215 S. Flower St.  
Los Angeles 90015

## 25 Years Ago

In the Pacific Citizen, Jan. 25, 1947

Reveal Gen. George C. Marshall's support of Nisei during WW2, took responsibility to reopen Army service to Nisei . . . California state personnel board restores 39 Nisei to jobs, including loss of pay during forced suspension prior to Evacuation . . . Mike Masaoka discusses Nisei problem with White House staff. Stockton slayer of Nisei war veteran (George Yoshioka) changes plea to guilty, gets life sentence . . . Veteran groups support Utah bill to repeal alien land law . . . Los Angeles Citizens Housing Council of over 100 organizations urges amendment to state alien land law permitting citizen wives and children to retain title.

JACL-ADC starts campaign to raise \$50,000 in Hawaii . . . Portland drops wartime ban on Issei business . . . Blind author, Tokinobu Mihara, completes all-Roman English-Japanese dictionary compiled while at Heart Mountain War Center . . . Tais Kushida named Midwest JACL director.

ASSISTANCE TO ALIENS  
ASSISTANCE TO ALIENS  
Alerted by Mike Suzuki, we submitted our comments on the proposed amendments to the State Public Assistance regulations in keeping with our position early last year, that resident aliens be given public assistance as long as they state under oath they are permanent residents. We protested one section which would terminate such assistance in the event that the Immigration and Naturalization Service could not verify the alien's statement, requesting this be changed to continuation of aid if I&NS could not come up with anything to contradict the alien's statement.

CONVENTION DEADLINES  
We remind Chapters and District Councils of the following deadlines, looking ahead to our Biennial in Washington, D.C., in June:  
March 28—Announcement of nominees for National Offices for the next biennial.  
April 28—Proposed budget for the next biennial to be mailed to the Chapters. (All requests for inclusions in the national budget to be in at Headquarters by March 24 with item breakdowns v. lump sum.)  
May 28—National Council Agenda to be mailed to Chapters. (All proposed agenda items to be in at Headquarters by May 15.)  
Mike Masaoka, being around for a weekend meeting of the National Endowment Fund Committee, gave us a chance to discuss some of the details of our coming Biennial, and then whisk him over to the Executive Order 9066 Exhibit at De Young Museum. We discuss with Dr. Holiday of the California Historical So-

Friday, Jan. 28, 1972

Harry K. Honda

Ye Editor's Desk

'A BURIED PAST'

One of the interesting studies of early Issei in California appeared in the Amerasia Journal, published by the Asian American Students Assn. at Yale, under the title, "A Buried Past", authored by Yuji Ichioka, a member of the National JACL International Affairs Committee, which will present a symposium on U.S.-Japan relations the first Sunday in February at the NC-WNDC winter meeting at Mills College. But in our reprinting that paper what was inadvertently dropped while making up the Holiday Issue page was the last brief paragraph, to wit:

"In sum, Japanese-American history must be studied with reference to the influence of modern Japanese history within the larger context of American history to be fully understood. From this perspective Japanese-American history remains essentially buried."

Ichioka was righteously upset for he wanted to impress this central point that Japanese-American history is essentially buried from his particular view.

Another objection was our changing the name of Fukunaga Kumazo to Fukushima Kumazo, which Ichioka says was his name at the time "and changed (later), for what reason I know not". That's a footnote worth checking. The PC Holiday Issue reprint was unable to carry the other 100 odd footnotes to his story—but serious students might write for the Feb., 1971, Amerasia Journal (\$1). Even the footnotes are fascinating reading where he provides additional info.

While on this subject, in type is Allan Beekman's review of F. G. Notehelfer's "Kotoku Shusui: Portrait of a Japanese Radical", noting the UCLA historian "knows his subject and tells an absorbing story".

So was Ichioka's "A Buried Past"—the longest piece ever published in our Holiday Issue in the past decade. The longest we recall now is Mike Masaoka's final JACL-ADC report back in the mid-'50s.

## HAPPY ANNIVERSARY—THE 25TH

Dear friends and relatives of Micki and Kay Nakagiri gathered Saturday night at the Harry Otsuki's in San Fernando Valley for a "surprise party"—really not a surprise except for Micki, wife of the PC Board chairman who marked their silver wedding anniversary during the week. Visibly upset by the ruse—they were supposed to pick up the Otsukis to attend a dinner (which we found out was for this weekend), Mrs. Nakagiri soon got into the spirit of things and it turned out to be party that was Christmas and New Year's put together.

## Director's Report

BY MASAO W. SATOW

HISTORIC SITE: MANZANAR—The California Historical Landmarks Advisory Committee in session this past week at the Presidio of San Francisco unanimously approved a State plaque to designate Manzanar as a historic site. As explained to us by the Committee, the State Landmarks Committee designates only sites which are beyond the history of persons now living, so this action itself was historic and unusual. The vote came after favorable remarks and no questions. Warren Furutani and a special Committee in Southern California have been on top of this project.

ASSISTANCE TO ALIENS  
Alerted by Mike Suzuki, we submitted our comments on the proposed amendments to the State Public Assistance regulations in keeping with our position early last year, that resident aliens be given public assistance as long as they state under oath they are permanent residents. We protested one section which would terminate such assistance in the event that the Immigration and Naturalization Service could not verify the alien's statement, requesting this be changed to continuation of aid if I&NS could not come up with anything to contradict the alien's statement.

CONVENTION DEADLINES  
We remind Chapters and District Councils of the following deadlines, looking ahead to our Biennial in Washington, D.C., in June:  
March 28—Announcement of nominees for National Offices for the next biennial.  
April 28—Proposed budget for the next biennial to be mailed to the Chapters. (All requests for inclusions in the national budget to be in at Headquarters by March 24 with item breakdowns v. lump sum.)  
May 28—National Council Agenda to be mailed to Chapters. (All proposed agenda items to be in at Headquarters by May 15.)  
Mike Masaoka, being around for a weekend meeting of the National Endowment Fund Committee, gave us a chance to discuss some of the details of our coming Biennial, and then whisk him over to the Executive Order 9066 Exhibit at De Young Museum. We discuss with Dr. Holiday of the California Historical So-

ciety plans for the Exhibit to be displayed in Washington, D.C. during our Convention.

SPECIAL SUPPORT TO NATIONAL  
Mike Watabe (7 yr. TC) of Pan Am in New York, National Veep Jim Murakami (9 yr. TC) and Shigeru Iio (8 yr. TC) of Berkeley are our most recent Century Club affiliates. Tom Nomura (8 yr. TC) dropped by the office to sign up for the Fifty Club. New 1000 Club Life Members are Fred Takata (14 yr. TC) and Yonekichi Miyaasaki, both of Downtown L.A. and 88-yr-old Matsunosuke Wakamatsu (10 yr. TC) of Venice-Culver.

WE BELIEVE IN SANTA  
Santa Claus came in early December to The Satows as Pacific Northwest District Governor in behalf of the PN-WDC presented us with a Sony portable TV for the long year which our original commitment to National JACL has become. In the same vein the Sonoma County Chapter members at their recent installation surprised Chiz with a money corsage artistically created by Ruth Oda and me with a money lei fashioned by the Junior CLers.

The installation circuit gives us a chance to meet and hobnob with our members at the grass roots. Other installations this past month have taken us to Puyallup Valley, Oakland, Berkeley and Santa Maria Valley.



CHAPTER PULSE

Potshots Don Hayashi

Tomorrow's Coming

PART I

Portland In October, the Seattle JACL celebrated its 50th Anniversary. It was a gala affair with a sense of dignity well fitting the occasion.

This writer was in attendance, and felt compelled to reflect for a moment on the past six years he has been a member of JACL and participation in the Japanese American community.

Now let us project into the next ten years and examine a few ideas which are floating around JACL.

Many have written their views of the future of our American society, and we probably need to look into what lies ahead.

Structurally, JACL has and will continue to change. A new emphasis on youth was made with the hiring of Alan Kumamoto as National Youth Director back in the mid-sixties.

From an efficiency standpoint, staff could better utilize the general membership and volunteers. One without the other seems unlikely or feasible.

It will be necessary for the JACL leadership to recognize that youth, like their parents, have different interests; you cannot lump all youth in one bag.

It will probably mean that if JACL is to remain a community-wide organization it will have to be more accepting of other community groups, even if they do not carry the JACL label.

Too long have minority groups accused the whites of being unresponsive; we can ill afford to be put in that place. Possibly a negative response is better than none at all.

JACL needs to seriously think of its use of standing committees. Being more rap-

idly changing with the times, we need to think of the maximum use of committees to do the necessary work, but standing committees may not be the best route to go.

The Repeal Title II Committee was a good case in point. No chapter president or JACL member was unclear of what task was assigned to this committee.

On the other hand the National Civil Rights Committee's purpose is very fuzzy. People get all kinds of ideas of what it could be about.

Without a sharper perspective on what the goals and purposes of each committee, the task will be impossible to define. Likewise, in a volunteer organization it is important for the general membership to get an idea of what the role of its task groups are.

There is a movement afoot to decentralize the JACL staff. The movement has developed in the Midwest, Eastern, Intermountain, and Pacific Northwest Districts.

The cry seems to be directed toward the possible increase in staff positions to accommodate the requests. With more staff, it will not mean a reduction in volunteer efforts, but rather a complementary and supportive relationship.

To Be Concluded

Continued from Page 3

Surprise presentations were a money lei to Satow and a money corsage to Mrs. Satow in appreciation of their 25 years of dedicated service to JACL.

General chairman Frank Oda emceed, and was assisted by:

Fred Yokoyama, hall; Pat Shimizu, Amy Tsunomoto, Lily Okamoto, Ruth Oda, decorations; Kathleen Kameoka, Susan Oda, Nancy Okamoto, money lei; Martha Taniguchi, Midori Furuzawa, Kii Kimura, Shigeo Taniguchi, and Etsunji Fujinaka, gen. arr.

Dr. Okuda to keynote Seattle installation



Tomio Moriguchi

Dr. Kenji Okuda, onetime U.S. economic adviser in Puerto Rico, Uganda, Nepal and Pakistan and now teaching at Simon Fraser University at Burnaby, B.C., will keynote the Seattle JACL installation-awards dinners Jan. 28 at the Bush Garden Restaurant.

A former Seattle JACL president, Dr. Okuda graduated from Franklin High School in Seattle, attended Oberlin College where he was student body president and received his advanced degree at Harvard.

Tomio Moriguchi, co-owner of Uwajimaya and co-chairing the "Pride and Shame" traveling exhibit will be sworn in as 1972 chapter president. Last year he chaired the chapter's golden jubilee celebration and was president of the International District Improvement Assn., cited last year as the outstanding civil organization by the King County Municipal League.

Dr. Minoru Masuda is outgoing chapter president. Don Kazama, who served as chapter president in 1970, is the president-elect for 1972.

Dinner starts at 7 p.m. with Lloyd F. Hara as emcee.

West L.A. Aux'y calendar highlights philanthropic, community projects

President Eiko Iwata presided over the initial meeting of the year for the West Los Angeles JACL Auxiliary on Jan. 18 at the home of Mrs. Milton Inouye.

Tickets are \$9 per person and available from Sam Shimoguchi at the Bank of Tokyo (391-0678) and Mike Shimizu (391-0678).

The happy hour starts at 6:30, dinner at 7:15 p.m. with Chuck Jones combo playing for the dance to follow. Tickets are \$9 per person.

Stockton Judge Kim addresses JACL inaugural

Stockton JACL installed its 1972 chapter, women's auxiliary and Jr. JACL officers at Johnny Hom's Restaurant on Jan. 22 with San Joaquin County Municipal Judge Frank Kim as speaker.

Swearing in the officers was Superior Court Judge Bill Dozier, a role he has administered for the chapter now for many years.

Riverside JACL membership profiled

When visitors attend a Riverside JACL function, they are usually curious as to what the members do for a living. The stock answer had been, "we have a number of people in gardening, farming and at UC Riverside engaged in agricultural research."

The chapter newsletter made a study and reported this month a little more about its membership: Self-employed 24 pct.; UCR agri-research 22 pct.; civil service (city, state, fed.) 18 pct.; gardening-farming 17 pct.; engineering 13 pct.; medical 6 pct.

The chapter will install its 1972 JACL and Jr. JACL officers Jan. 29 at the Hickory Bar-B-Que, Corona, with actor George Takei as speaker. He will speak on some aspect of Asian American cultural affairs.

San Mateo slates events for 1972

The San Mateo JACL has extended a standing invitation to its anticipated membership of 800 this year to participate at the monthly

West L.A. Aux'y calendar highlights philanthropic, community projects

President Eiko Iwata presided over the initial meeting of the year for the West Los Angeles JACL Auxiliary on Jan. 18 at the home of Mrs. Milton Inouye. Discussed was the calendar for the year, which revealed many activities with emphasis on philanthropic and community projects.

Mrs. George Ishizuka, PTA president of the Nora Sterry Elementary School, presented a background report on the "Nora Sterry Lighted School" project now being launched in the community through efforts of the JACL, Aguilera Real (Mexican organization), the Board of Education, Dr. Milton Inouye of Nora Sterry Advisory Council, to mention a few.

Activities planned for the quarterly are mixed doubles ping pong tournament and ice skating at the Redwood Empire Ice Arena owned by the creator of "Peanuts", Charles Schulz.

During free periods, delegates will be able to go sight-seeing, bowling or do whatever they find interesting.

A buffet dinner prepared by some of the best cooks in Sonoma County will be served on Saturday.

Further information is available from: Gail Hayashi, 3519 Bennett Valley Rd., Santa Rosa, 95404 or call (707) 546-4244.

At its Jan. 11 board session, the following chapter activities for the year were set:

Jan. 29 - Installation Dinner, 6:30 p.m., Shadow's Restaurant; April 30 - Issei Appreciation Dinner; June 3 - Benefit movie; Sept. 17 - Community Picnic (with San Mateo Gardeners Assn. in charge); Oct. 14 - Monte Carlo Fun Night; Dec. 30 - Mochitsuki.

Dr. Paul Takagi, UC Berkeley professor in criminology, will speak on "Nisei Education in the 1920s" at the annual dinner Jan. 29 at Shadow's Restaurant while NC-WNDC Gov. Shig Sugiyama will install 1972 president Eugene Moriguchi and his cabinet members.

December Events

Chicago Juniors entertain Issei at Yule event

Chicago Jr. JACL members shared an Issei project with the Asian American Alliance of Champaign Christmas eve entertaining Issei men without families in Chicago and presenting them with gifts.

Earlier in the month, the juniors joined with the Salvation Army bellringers near Clark and Gregory Sts., held its annual winter retreat at Camp Reinberg, and revised its own board with Janette Koga as president.

Sonoma Jrs. set for NC-DYC meet

SANTA ROSA—The Sonoma County Chapter Jr. JACL will host the NC-WN District Youth Council first quarterly for 1972 here on Feb. 5-6. Those attending will stay at the Hillside Inn Motel.

Activities planned for the quarterly are mixed doubles ping pong tournament and ice skating at the Redwood Empire Ice Arena owned by the creator of "Peanuts", Charles Schulz.

During free periods, delegates will be able to go sight-seeing, bowling or do whatever they find interesting.

A buffet dinner prepared by some of the best cooks in Sonoma County will be served on Saturday.

Further information is available from: Gail Hayashi, 3519 Bennett Valley Rd., Santa Rosa, 95404 or call (707) 546-4244.

KAWAFUKU Sukiyaiki - Tempura Sashimi - Cakes. 204 1/2 E. 1st St., L.A. MA 8-9054. Mr. Chige Nakajima, Hostess.

Little Tokyo's Finest Chop Suey House SAN KWO LOW Famous Chinese Food. 228 E. 1st St. Los Angeles MA 4-2075

VISIT OLD JAPAN MIYAKO Luncheon Dinner Cocktails. PASADENA 139 S. Los Robles • 795-7005. ORANGE 33 Town & Country • 541-3303. TORRANCE 24 Del Amo Fash. Sq. • 542-8677

Quon Bros. Lunch • Dinner • Cocktail GRAND STAR RESTAURANT. Elaine & Marty Roberts. Popular French & Japanese Song Stylists. 943 Sun Mun Way (Opposite 951 N. Broadway) New Chinatown Los Angeles MA 6-2285

Authentic Chinese Cuisine Banquet Facilities: 20 to 300 DAVIS LEE'S Imperial Dragon. Open Weekdays till 1 a.m. Sundays till 10 p.m. Luncheons - Dinners: 11 a.m. - 1 a.m. Piano Bar, Cocktails, Tropical Drinks 'til 2 a.m. 320 E. 2nd St., Los Angeles - Phone 485-1341 Farley Liang, Host

Tai Hong Restaurant Most Authentic Cantonese Cuisine Famous Family Style Dinners. Cocktails till 2:00 a.m. Banquet facilities 11:00 a.m. - 11:00 p.m. 845 N. Broadway, L.A. 485-1313

Golden Palace Restaurant Excellent Cantonese Cuisine Cocktail and Piano Bar. Elaborate Imperial Chinese Setting. Banquet Rooms for Private Parties. 911 N. BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES For Reservations, Call 624-2133

Dine at Southern California's Most Exquisite Shangri-La Room tai ping CANTONESE CUISINE. Private Parties, Cocktails, Banquet Facilities. 3888 Crenshaw, Los Angeles AX 3-8243

Bush Garden SUKIYAKI. SEATTLE 214 Maynard St. PORTLAND 121 SW 4th St. SAN FRANCISCO 398 Bush St.

STOCKMEN'S MOTOR HOTEL • CASINO BAR • COFFEE SHOP RESTAURANT SWIMMING POOL INDOOR PARKING Fully Air Conditioned • TV. Box 270, Elko, Nev. Tel. 738-5141

Issei Project gets under way in March under the co-chairmanship of Mrs. Shig Takekoshi and Mrs. Fusao Nakashima.

For the 15th consecutive year, the Auxiliary will participate in the Cancer Drive in April, co-chaired by Mrs. Denby Nakashima and Haru Nakata.

By June, the members should have concocted some interesting dishes as the Favorite Recipe Night will be scheduled in June.

Issei Appreciation Day, and by popular demand, a benefit wine tasting party (again) are planned in the fall.

In the meantime, interesting recipes are welcome during the year for a new cookbook being formulated under the co-chairmanship of Mrs. Takeo Suzuki and Mrs. Milton Inouye. The original ever popular cookbook "East-West Flavors" is still available and can be purchased through the members.

ENJOY THE MANY-SPLENDORED MENU at Horikawa. 111 S. San Pedro St. Tel. 680-9355. We bring you the world's largest sushi bar outside Japan. Steak a la Teppan, serve a la kimono. Exotic American favorites, too. OPEN 7 DAYS A WEEK. Banquet facilities for 30 to 200. All major credit cards accepted.

EMPEROR RESTAURANT. 949 N. Hill St. (213) 485-1294. PEKING FOOD SPECIALTY. Cocktail Lounge. Party & Banquet Facilities. DINAH WONG, Hostess

酒念家市 Nam's Restaurant. Cantonese Cuisine Family Style Dinners Banquet Room - Cocktail Lounge Food to Go. 205 E. Valley Blvd. San Gabriel, Calif. Tel. 280-8377

Commercial Refrigeration Designing - Installation Maintenance. Sam J. Umemoto. Certificate Member of RSES Member of Japan Assn. of Refrigeration. Lic. Refrigeration Contractor SAM REI-BOW CO. 1506 W. Vernon Ave. Los Angeles AX 5-5204

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT KONO HAWAII. Tea Room Featuring TEPPAN YAKI Polynesian Dancers at LUAU SHACK Superb Musical Combo from Las Vegas Cocktails in Kono Room. 226 SO. HARBOR BLVD. (South of Disneyland, near First St., Santa Ana) Ph. (714) JE 1-1232. Luncheons: 11 a.m. - 2 p.m. Dinners: 5 - 10 p.m.

MAN GENERAL LEE'S JEN LOW. 475 GIN LING WAY - MA 4-1825. New Chinatown - Los Angeles. Banquet Room for All Occasions. Eigiken Cafe. Dine - Dance - Cocktails. SUSHI BAR • JAPANESE ROOMS. 314 E. First St. Los Angeles • MA 9-3029

The Finest in Japanese Cuisine New Ginza RESTAURANT. Luncheon • Dinner Cocktails. TAKE-OUT LUNCHEONS Group Parties. 704 S. SPRING • Ret. MA 5-2444

HAPPY NEW YEAR

MITSUINE TRAVEL SERVICE - SPECIAL TOURS FOR 1972. May we take this opportunity to wish you all a Very Happy New Year as we look forward to being of service to you again in 1972. We at Mitsuline Travel Service appreciate your support of this past year and promise to give you the "Finest in Travel Service" which has been our motto throughout the year. It's only through your fine support and recommendations that we have been so successful in our efforts and we thank you and look forward to seeing you again soon. Yours truly, FRED T. TAKATA, Director-Manager

SCHEDULE FOR 1972. 1972 TOUR TO SOUTH AMERICA. Departing: March 17, 1972 VIA YARIG AIRLINES. Escorted by Mr. Fred Morita. 1972 PANORAMA TOUR TO JAPAN. May 14, 1972 VIA JAPAN AIR LINES. Escorted by our Experienced Tour Escorts. 1972 SPRING NISEI FUN TOUR - JAPAN - TAIWAN - HONG KONG. Departing: April 2, 1972 VIA JAPAN AIR LINES. Escorted by our Experienced Tour Escorts. 1972 NISEI FUN FAMILY TOUR TO JAPAN. Depart: Aug. 5, 1972 VIA CANADIAN PACIFIC AIRLINES. Escorted by Mr. Fred T. Takata. 1972 AUTUMN PANORAMA TOUR. Departing: Sept. 3, 1972 VIA JAPAN AIR LINES. Escorted by our experienced Tour Escorts. 1972 AUTUMN YOUNG AMERICANS TOUR - JAPAN - TAIWAN - HONG KONG. Depart: Nov. 5, 1972 VIA JAPAN AIR LINES. Escorted by Mr. Walter Hayashi. 1972 NISEI FUN TOUR TO TAHITI NEW ZEALAND - AUSTRALIA - SAMOA. Departing: Oct. 27, 1972 VIA BOAC-AIR NEW ZEALAND. Escorted by Mr. Fred T. Takata. 1972 AUTUMN NISEI FUN TOUR - JAPAN - TAIWAN - HONG KONG. Departing: Sept. 17, 1972 VIA JAPAN AIR LINES. Escorted by Mr. Bene Kakita. FIELD STUDIES IN ASIAN ARTS - JAPAN - OKINAWA - TAIWAN - HONG KONG CALIF. STATE COLLEGE LOS ANGELES SUMMER SESSION. Depart: June 25, 1972 VIA JAPAN AIR LINES. 1972 AUTUMN NISEI FUN TOUR - JAPAN - TAIWAN - HONG KONG. Departing: Sept. 17, 1972 VIA JAPAN AIR LINES. Escorted by Mr. Bene Kakita. WATCH FOR OTHER EXCITING SPECIAL TOURS THAT WE PLAN DURING THE YEAR. FOR RESERVATIONS AND INFORMATION MITSUINE TRAVEL SERVICE. 327 EAST FIRST STREET, LOS ANGELES, CALIF. 90012. TELEPHONE: (213) 625-1505. (FREE PARKING - DHK PARKING LOTS, 1ST & CENTRAL AVE., WITH VALIDATION)

CALENDAR. Jan. 28 (Friday) West Los Angeles - Nora Sterry Lighted School dinner, Felicia Mahood Center. Seattle - Inst. Dinner, Bush Garden, 7 p.m.; Dr. Kenji Okuda, spkr. Jan. 29 (Saturday) San Mateo - Inst. Dinner, Shadow's Restaurant, 6:30 p.m.; Dr. Paul Takagi, asso. prof. of criminology, UC Berkeley, spkr. "Nisei Education in the 1920s". EDC - Winter Mtg. Sheraton Motor Inn, Silver Spring, Md. D.C. - Inst. Dinner, Sheraton Silver Spring Motor Inn, Richard Hallovay, N.Y. Times staff writer, spkr. Riverside - Inst. Dinner, Hickory Barbecue, Corona, 6:30 p.m.; George Takei actor, spkr. St. Louis - Inst. Dinner, Grant's Cabin Restaurant, 8 p.m. Venice-Culver - Inst. Dinner, Howard Johnson's Restaurant, Sepulveda and Centinela, 7 p.m.; Robert Tabasugi, Nat'l JACL legal counsel, spkr. Jan. 30 (Sunday) Dayton - Gen Mtg. - Teriyaki Luncheon, Kettering Sv Bldg., 1:30 p.m. Feb. 4 (Friday) San Mateo - JYO baseball sign-up (boys 7-13 yrs), Sturge Presbyterian Church, 1:30 p.m. MDYC - Winter retreat (Dayton Jr JACL hosts). Feb. 5 (Saturday) San Jose - Inst. Dinner, Lou's Village, 6:30 p.m.; Rep. Paul McCloskey, spkr. Feb. 5-8 NC-WNDC - Winter Mtg. (Sonoma Jr JACL hosts). Feb. 6 (Sunday) NC-WNDC - Winter Mtg. Mills College, Oakland, regis. 9 a.m.; bus session, 10 a.m.; symposium on U.S.-Japan affairs, 2-4 p.m.; Bay Area Comm JACL and Nat'l JACL Inst. AF Comm, no-hosts. Feb. 8 (Tuesday) San Mateo - Ed Mtg. Sturge Presbyterian Church, 8 p.m. Feb. 12 (Saturday) Sacramento - Inst. Dinner, Sacramento Inn, 7 p.m.; Raymond Uno, Nat'l JACL pres. spkr. Feb. 25 (Friday) West Los Angeles - Aux'y Mtg. Felicia Mahood Center, 7:30 p.m.; Dr. David Sheldon, spkr. "Care-Medicin in Afghanistan". Feb. 27 (Sunday) San Mateo - Winter Mtg. L.A. Inner City Cultural Center, Los Angeles, 6:30 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. (Welcome JACL hosts).

# Aloha from Hawaii

by Richard Gims

## Hawaii Today

Honolulu

Smog was so thick on Oahu on New Year's Eve that in some areas cars slowed to a crawl and policemen set out flares to aid motorists. Many complained about difficulty in breathing and the noise that accompanied the haze. It all came from fireworks, which Islanders set off in record numbers to usher in 1972. Honolulu Councilwoman Mary George intends to introduce a bill banning fireworks except for religious and ceremonial observances, though how much support she will receive is in doubt. Councilman James Y. Shigemura and Frank W. C. Loo are for fireworks, explaining it was a part of the religious culture of several ethnic groups.

A pollution-free Hawaii may mean a broke Hawaii for the proposed state air pollution law may force industry to shut down its sugar and pineapple operations. Maui Mayor Elmer F. Cravalho and ILWU regional director Robert McElrath held that clean air is important but not at the expense of jobs or shutting down industry vital to "our Neighbor Island way of life." The proposed law calls for ban against burning sugar cane by 1980.

Pae Galdeira, president of The Hawaiians, a civil rights group, has lashed out at Rep. Diana Hanson for "her 20th century missionary attitude" in requesting a congressional investigation into the Hawaiian Homes Commission by the U.S. Senate Interior and Insular Affairs Committee. "If we wanted to go to Washington, we could do it ourselves," Galdeira said. "We don't need her to use us for personal gain."

The Hawaiian Telephone Co. started direct distance dialing for all Oahu residents beginning Jan. 16. The DDD system will allow island residents to dial the neighbor islands and North America without going through an operator. Direct dialing for neighbor island residents to Oahu and the Mainland will be phased in during 1973.

The newest and largest group of immigrants to Hawaii now come from the Philippines. The U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service says that 20,000 Filipinos are

allowed to move to the U.S. annually. Of these, at least 20 per cent want to live in Hawaii. Hawaii also hosted this past year about 59,000 immigrants, most of them from the Orient. There is a waiting list of 80,000 more Filipinos who want to move to the U.S. New legislation before Congress may make this possible.

## Political Scene

Republican State Sen. Wadsworth Ye, nephew of U.S. Sen. Hiram Fong, ruled himself out as candidate for Honolulu mayor this year. William F. Quinn, Hawaii's last appointed and first elected governor, is regarded as one of the Republican party's most attractive candidates but he said he won't resume his political career. He has resigned as president of Dole Co. return to private law practice.

Kauii Council chairman Ralph Hirota, 41, is expected to run against Mayor Anne K. Vidina in 1972 primary elections. Republican state councilman Francis Ching to make the race. Hirota is a v.p. and Kauii manager of Camper Rentals Hawaii.

## Tourism

Total number of visitors from Japan during the Christmas-New Year period fell 27 per cent below Hawaii Visitors Bureau projections. An estimated 19,000 visitors were expected; only 13,000 came, according to HVB director Hirota. Nojima, who explained the arrivals fell short of expectation because they feared the overcrowding.

## Names in the News

Herbert C. Cornuelle, president of Dillingham Corp., has been named a trustee of the James Campbell Estate. The appointment was by Circuit Judge Yasutaka Fukushima. Cornuelle will join three other trustees—Alan S. Davis, M. L. Randolph Fred E. Trotter III. The estate last year paid its 90 beneficiaries more than \$2,364,000. Last year each of the trustees earned nearly \$81,000 in commissions.

Hawaii Air National Guard pilot James S. Haruzuchi, 32, of Hawaii Kai was in satisfactory condition at Tripler Hospital after falling out of his F102 jet fighter before the plane crashed into the ocean and burst into flames about four miles off Makaha on Jan. 11. On a training mission, his plane developed a flame out about 18 minutes after leaving Hickam AFB. Jack Konno, state highway division worker from Hilo, was elected president of the United Public Workers, an 8,000-member union.

## Univ. of Hawaii

The University of Hawaii dedicated a new \$8.3 million physics building named in honor of the late Kenichi Watanabe, senior professor of physics, in ceremonies Nov.

24. Dr. Watanabe, who died in Aug., 1969, was one of the pioneers in vacuum ultraviolet spectroscopy and in the study of the upper atmosphere by the use of rockets. He was an internationally acclaimed physicist.

A group of Univ. of Hawaii graduate students has started a campaign to get the Manoa-McCully-Mollili community involved in planning for future uses of the Honolulu Stadium site. The nine-acre site, owned by the university, is scheduled to be torn down following the 1973 baseball season, if the new Halawa Stadium is ready. The university has had only preliminary discussions on potential development. The group is comprised of four graduate students in social sciences: they are Diane Balukonis, Chris Kurashige, James Simonds and George Weber. They have undertaken the community involvement drive as part of their graduate program.

## City Hall

Keoko Kaapu, a candidate for the office of mayor of Honolulu, has charged that Mayor Frank F. Fa'a's department heads use the leverage of their positions to sell expensive tickets to Fa'a's fundraising birthday parties. Kaapu has refused to cite specific details to back up his charges, but he has claimed that there have been hundreds of such parties and such abuses by the Fa'a administration. Kaapu has promised the arrival of specific before the election. Fa'a's office is conducting fund-raising events each August since 1969.

Wendell Kimura, the Big Island's corporation counsel, is leaving office Jan. 31. He is leaving a status quo, he said his resignation is entirely voluntary. But he did submit to a "strained relationship" between him and Mayor Kimura. Wendell Kimura was a deputy corporation counsel in Honolulu until he took the Big Island job. He said he has several job offers under consideration.

Bill Bachran, former Pan Am Airlines pilot and current relations director, has been named the new PR man for United Airlines. His contact list in Washington, D.C. is Kay Lund, former Star-Bulletin aviation reporter.

## Courtroom

Dr. Cyrus Loo, dermatologist, was arraigned Jan. 10 on five counts of illegally distributing amphetamines and other drugs. He was released on \$1,000 signature bond. The federal government has filed criminal charges against a salmon and chow fun noodle maker. Modern Macaroni Ltd. is alleged that it had sold products last March which contained insect parts and rodent hairs. Tsunro Maruoka, is president, treasurer and general manager of the company. Assistant U.S. Attorney Michael Shindler is prosecuting the criminal information that cartoon of the allegedly adulterated products were shipped from Honolulu to Los Angeles on Jan. 10.

Attorney Donald Tsukiyama, 38, son of the late Wilfred C. Tsukiyama and Mrs. Tsukiyama, has been named to the 225th-0-year post as public defender. The vote was 3-1 for Tsukiyama. He dumped Brook Hart who held the post of a two-year period.

Two Negroes who say they were not allowed to rent a house in Honolulu Sept. 18 because of their race have filed a \$25,000 lawsuit against the owners of the premises. Lewis Lillie and Joseph Morris, Jr. brought the suit against Peggy Martin and Jon Martin, owners of the house. No address for the premises has been given. The plaintiffs said they saw a newspaper advertisement for the house Sept. 15, renting for \$285 a month, and went to visit the same day. Two days later, they said, Mrs. Martin told them they could rent the premises if they agreed to give her a deposit the next day and move in Sept. 19. They said they accepted the arrangement. On Sept. 18, however, the plaintiffs said she told them she could not go through with the deal "because they were black."

Ralph Lowe, 42, a Honolulu real estate man, was convicted in Los Angeles Nov. 19 by a federal court jury on two charges involving income tax evasion but acquitted of two other counts. Lowe, whose trial was held in Los Angeles from Honolulu on a venue change after his life reportedly was threatened in Hawaii, will be sentenced Dec. 13 by U.S. District Court judge in Los Angeles. Lowe was convicted of attempting to evade taxes by filing "false and fraudulent" returns for 1965 and 1966.

Pearl City Tavern is asking \$1,210,000 in damages from two labor unions and their officers as a result of recent incidents there. Named as defendants are the Hotel Restaurant Employees and Bartenders Union Local 5, AFL-CIO, and Hawaiian Teamsters and Allied Workers Union Local 966. Officers named in the suit are Arthur A. Rutledge, Anthony R. Troche, Tom K. K. Adam, Ross Richard Tam, Patrick Moon, Claude C. Matsumoto, George K. H. Jr., Mel V. George, K. K. Katsun, James K. Takano, Charles L. Cross and Robert Hoffman.

Daniel L. Cuevas, 22, on Nov. 20 pleaded guilty to manslaughter for the 1968 slaying of Susie Yoshikawa. It was made a part of the record that an agreement had been worked out with the city prosecuting attorney's office. The agreement calls for charges against Cuevas arising.

Continued on Next Page

## Horikawa banquet

LOS ANGELES — The first of Restaurant Horikawa's regularly scheduled Japanese gourmet banquets held Jan. 18 was termed a huge success by cooking authority Mike Roy. Next one is scheduled for Feb. 1 and will be held on the third Tuesdays each month thereafter. A advance reservations at \$15 per person are required.

## MARUKYO Kimono Store

101 Weller St. Los Angeles 628-4369

# 1000 Club Report

Jan. 14 Report

First half of January indicated 170 new and renewing memberships in the 1000 Club. National JAFL Headquarters acknowledged, as follows:

1st Year: Chicago—Ralph Aubrey, Ron Beasley, Daryl C. Biele, Takeo Deguchi, Komao Egawa, Dr. Yoichi Kino, Chikuro Komno, Eileen Kressow, Yasuo Kruse, Richard J. Mikolajczak, Carl Miller, Masateru Miyano, Kathleen Mastowski, Rihoda Nakai, Tomoko Rago, Toshiko Sakata, Shiro Shinako, Frank Sugino, Fred Takemaka, Masao Yukawa, Milwaukee—Elizabeth Chung, Spark Hoshimoto, Ronald E. Miner, Dr. Thomas B. Samter, Laura M. Toy, May B. Toy, Peggy M. Toy, Chincinnati—Harry M. Grill, Sacramento—Dr. Richard Ikeda; Riverside—Anthony S. Inaba, Gen Ota; San Gabriel Valley—Mike Tanoosh.

2nd Year: Reno—Dr. Eugene Choy; Venice-Culver—Chiyu Harada; Alameda—Robert Imatsumo; Fremont—Ted Inouye; Seattle—Robert J. Sato; San Francisco—Makoto Mukushina; French Camp—Inoue Nonaka; San Gabriel Valley—San Jose—Roy Shimizu; H. Terawaga; Cincinnati—Matthew N. Woodside; Sacramento—Henry Y. Yamada, Scott S. Yamada.

3rd Year: Omaha—Eileen Egusa, Roy Y. Hirabayashi; Cincinnati—Robert J. Sato; Chicago—George Y. Irumi; James S. Irumi; Stockety—Frank Kitagawa; Monterey Peninsula—Dr. Takashi Hattori; Alameda—William B. Momen, Don Yoshitani; Oakland—John H. Rowe; Pasadena—Sumio Sato; San Jose—Roy Shimizu; Milwaukee—Shiro Watarai; San Mateo—Dr. Mitch M. Wakasa; Honolulu—George Y. Irumi; Detroit—George Y. Kubo; Chicago—Dr. Steve Komamoto; West Los Angeles—Dr. Joseph T. Seto.

4th Year: Sequoia—Ronald A. Onomoto; Twin Cities—Kimi Hara; Contra Costa—William H. Rose, Ben Takeshita; Boise Valley—James N. Oyama; Prog. Westside—Nobuko Taubel; Berkeley—Dr. Toshi Tauchida; Salinas Valley—Robert Yamamoto.

5th Year: Alameda—Hajime Fujimori; Chicago—Omar M. Kallim; San Francisco—Philip Hayakawa; Frank K. Fujiwara; Downtown L.A.—Fred Kosaka; San Jose—Kyoji Nishimura; Pasadena—Dr. Kiyoshi Nakamura; Abbe Oyamada; Stockton—Dr. Kenzo Terashita; Redwood—William Wake.

6th Year: Contra Costa—Hiro Hirano, Emiko Hironi; Gardena Valley—Dr. Lindberg S. Kawahara; Arvada—Dr. Richard K. Matsushita; Snake River—George T. Okita.

7th Year: Puyallup Valley—James Hama; Seattle—Philip Hayakawa; Golden Kawahara; Downtown L.A.—Tak Kojima; Cleveland—James Matsunaka; San Diego—K. T. Takahashi; Portland—Dr. James K. Tsujimura.

8th Year: Berkeley—Dr. Roy S. Hamada; Sacramento—Jun Muroki; Milwaukee—Charles K. Matsumoto; Kengo Teramura; Chicago—Rev. Minoru Mochizuki; George Terawaga; Sacramento—Dr. Masa Yamamoto.

9th Year: Omaha—James T. Egusa; Sacramento—Tom Furukawa, Denri Matsumoto, Yoneo Suzuki; Marysville—Shurei A. Matsunaga; Contra Costa—James F. Murakami (Century Club); Dr. Roy Okamoto; Monterey Peninsula—Akio I. Sugimoto.

10th Year: San Francisco—Harold H. Iwamasa; Placer County—Harry Kawahara; Contra Costa—Meriko Maida, Joe J. Yasaki; Dayton—Col. Ko S. Sameshima; Los Angeles—Gen. Tsukamoto; East Los Angeles—Henry N. Yoshimura.

11th Year: Sacramento—Tom Itohida, Haru Yamasaki; Chicago—Kenji Tani.

12th Year: Sacramento—Frank Hirano; Los Angeles—Yoshiyuki Tani; Mendocino—Fuyulup Valley George Murakami, Tad Sasaki.

13th Year: Sacramento—Tom Fukushima, Dr. Edward K. Ishii, Dr. George J. Yamamoto; Miyama, Harry Morimoto, Mamoru Sakuma; Fowler—Kazuo Hiyama.

# BOOK REVIEW: Allan Beekman

## The Tokyo War Crimes Trial

VICTORS' JUSTICE: The Tokyo War Crimes Trial, by Richard H. Minear, Princeton University Press, 229 pages, \$7.95.

At 9:30 a.m., May 3, 1946, in the remodeled auditorium of the former Japanese War Ministry, Tokyo, the marshal cried: "The International Military Tribunal for the Far East is in session . . ."

The trial of the major alleged war criminals of Japan had begun.

The Allies would spare no pains and expense on this international showpiece where they expected to vindicate their wartime propaganda. The high bench included seats for 11 justices, each justice representing one of the nations that had assisted in the defeat of Japan.

By order of Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Sir William Webb of Australia presided over the tribunal. Webb opened proceedings by describing an affirmation, signed beforehand by all justices present, to "administer justice according to law and without fear, favor, or affection."

The official languages of the trial were English and Japanese. Aided by associate prosecutors of the same nations that had provided the justices, Joseph B. Keenan, of America, headed the prosecution. More than 30 lawyers, all but nine of them Japanese, assisted the defendants.

26 Defendants

When the trial began, 26 defendants sat in the dock; before the day ended, two more would join them. Among the defendants was Hideki Tojo, the wartime premier of Japan.

Though justice as defined by the prosecution required by the top figures of wartime Japan to be brought to book, political considerations had excluded the Japanese emperor.

At the behest of Russia, political considerations had included two defendants.

Making law to fit the political requirements of the situation, the tribunal had charged the defendants with crimes against peace and humanity. A crime against peace was supposed to be waging a war of aggression as opposed to one of self-defense.

On the day Russia had declared war against a Japan already laid prostrate, the neutrality pact between Japan and Russia was still in force. Russia obviously had not engaged in a war of self-defense against Japan, but a Russian justice sat on the tribunal.

Representing the nation that had indiscriminately slaughtered Japanese non-combatants with incendiary and atomic bombs, the American justice was to judge Japan's crimes against humanity.

Atrocities Not Cited

"Conventional war crimes" were not the concern of the tribunal. None of the defendants was accused of having personally committed an atrocity. Individual atrocities were to be considered by minor tribunals that would convict and execute 920 Japanese.

All 28 defendants before this major tribunal pleaded not guilty. All must have recognized the futility of the plea; the tribunal had assembled to convict them and to compile a record vindicating the conviction. Acquittal was unthinkable.

Abuse of defense counsel was to be a feature of the proceedings. President Webb said of a former premier of Japan, "This is the most stupid witness heard so far."

Charlie Chan—

Continued from Page 3

# CLASSIFIEDS

## Employment

Yamato Employment Agency  
Job Inquiries Welcome  
Rm. 202, 312 E. 1st St., L.A.  
MA 4-2821 • New Openings Daily

FREE  
Arctant payroll, drg. & exp. to 848  
Legal Secty, exp. Bev Hills, 700  
Jr Secty, TV-radio media, 363  
Gen Ofc, liting fct mfr, 550  
Clt-Typist, food co, west, 430-718  
Engr, optcl, blngt, Mass to 18,000yr  
FREE

Electr, exp, res comm to 5,00hr  
Truck Mechs, exp, south, 4,51up  
Truck Driver, Cl 21 lic, 125w  
Stock Clk, drng, WLA, 2,20hr  
Shop Wkr, trailer mfr, 2,73hr  
Chef, motor hotel, Brentwood, 900  
Pot Washr, bring hse, 1,84hr  
Janitor, exp, factory, 2,50hr  
Grocery Clk Tr, dnt, 1,90w  
Counter girl, dry clns, 1,75hr

## CLERK

General office clerk w/exp.  
preference. Must be good typist.  
Call (213) 626-9471

## 2 1/2-Year Hearing

For 2 1/2 years the proceedings continued. Two defendants died; one was declared unfit to stand trial. Nov. 4, 1948, the tribunal began the reading of the judgment.

Of the 25 defendants remaining, the tribunal sentenced seven to be hanged, 16 to life imprisonment, and two to imprisonment for a term of years. The decision was not unanimous. The only justice with a background in international law, Radhabind Pal of India adjudged all defendants innocent.

Richard H. Minear, Associate Professor of History at the Univ. of Massachusetts, has examined the records of the tribunal as an instrument of political power. Less well-organized than it should be, the book is an overdue examination of a blot on American honor.

Computer Training  
For Men, Women

AUTOMATION  
INSTITUTE  
Edward Tokeshi, President  
451 So. Hill, Los Angeles  
Phone 687-0660  
(Approved for visa students)  
(Approved for Veterans)

Ask for . . .  
'Cherry Brand'  
MUTUAL SUPPLY CO.  
1090 Sansome St., S.F. 11

Toyo Printing  
Offset - Letterpress - Linotyping  
309 S. SAN PEDRO ST.  
Los Angeles 12 - MADISON 6-8153

Three Generations of  
Experience  
FUKUI  
Mortuary, Inc.  
707 E. Temple St.  
Los Angeles 90012  
626-0441

Solchi Fukui, President  
James Nakagawa, Manager  
Nobuo Osumi, Counsellor

Empire Printing Co.  
COMMERCIAL and SOCIAL PRINTING  
English and Japanese  
114 Weller St., Los Angeles 12 MA 8-7060

Eagle Produce  
929-943 S. San Pedro St. MA 5-2101  
Bonded Commission Merchants  
— Wholesale Fruits and Vegetables —  
Los Angeles 15

CAL-VITA PRODUCE CO., INC.  
Bonded Commission Merchants—Fruits & Vegetables  
774 S. Central Ave. L.A.—Wholesale Terminal Market  
MA 2-8595, MA 7-7038, MA 3-4504

BRAND NEW PRODUCT  
GOLDEN DRAGON  
INSTANT SAMIN  
— HAWAIIAN RECIPE —  
Most Sanitary Wholesome  
Saimin on the Market  
Available at Your Favorite Shopping Center  
NANKA SEIMEN CO.  
Los Angeles

Los Angeles Japanese Casualty Insurance Assn.  
— Complete Insurance Protection —  
Aihara Ins. Agcy, Aihara-Omatsu-Kakita, 250 E. 1st St., 626-9625  
Anson Fujioka Agcy, 321 E. 2nd, Suite 500, 626-4393 263-1109  
Funakoshi Ins. Agcy, Funakoshi-Kagawa-Manaka-Morey  
321 E. 2nd St., 626-5275 462-7406  
628-1214 287-8501  
Hirohata Ins. Agcy, 322 E. Second St., 864-5774  
Inouye Ins. Agcy, 15029 Sylvanwood Ave., Norwalk, 624-0758  
Joe S. Itano & Co., 318 1/2 E. 1st St., 624-0758  
Tom T. Ito, 595 N. Lincoln, Pasadena, 794-7189 (L.A.) 681-4411  
Minoru 'Nix' Nagata, 1497 Rock Haven, Monterey Park, 268-4554  
Steve Nakaji, 4566 Centinela Ave., 391-5931 837-9150  
Sato Ins. Agcy, 366 E. 1st St., 629-1425 261-6519

TOYO  
Myetaki  
STUDIO  
318 East First Street  
Los Angeles, Calif.  
MA 6-5681

# PACIFIC CITIZEN—5

Friday, Jan. 28, 1972

## Business and Professional Guide

Your Business Card placed in each issue for 25 weeks at 3 line (minimum) . . . \$25 Each additional line \$6 per line

Greater Los Angeles  
FLOWER VIEW GARDENS FLORIST  
1801 N. Western Ave. (213) 466-7373  
Afr. fls. welcomes your floral gift orders for the Greater L.A. Area. Mention P.C.

NISEI FLORIST  
In the Heart of Little Tokyo  
328 E. 1st St., MA 8-5606  
Fred Moriguchi — Memb. Telephone

DR. ROY M. NISHIKAWA  
Specializing in Contact Lenses  
234 S. Oxford (4) - DU 4-7400

YAMATO TRAVEL BUREAU  
312 E. 1st St., L.A. (90012)  
MA 4-6021

Watsonville, Calif.  
TOM NAKASE REALTY  
Acreage - Ranches - Homes  
Income  
Tom T. Nakase, Realtor  
25 Clifford Ave. (408) 724-6477

San Jose, Calif.  
EDWARD T. MORIKAWA, Realtor  
Service Through Experience  
Sumitomo Bldg. 294-1204 246-6606

Sacramento, Calif.  
Wakano-Ura  
Sukiyaki - Chop Sui  
Open 11 - 11. Closed Monday  
2277 10th St. — GI 8-6231

Seattle, Wash.  
Imperial Lanes  
2101 — 22nd Ave., So. EA 5-2525  
Nisei Owned — Fred Takagi, Mgr.

Kinomoto Travel Service  
Frank Y. Kinomoto  
321 Main St., MA 2-1522

Washington, D.C.  
MASAOKA - ISHIKAWA  
AND ASSOCIATES, INC.  
Consultants — Washington Matters  
2021 L St. NW (20036)

Join the JAFL  
"We Do Anything in Glass"  
24 Hour Emergency —  
PESKIN & GERSON  
GLASS CO.  
Est. 1949 — Licensed Contractor  
Store Fronts - Insurance Replacements  
Sliding Glass Doors - Louvers - Mirrors  
Glass Tops - Flat Windows  
& Auto Glass - Free Estimates  
724 S. San Pedro St., L.A. 90014  
(213) 622-8243, (Eve) 728-6152

SAITO REALTY CO.  
HOMES - INSURANCE  
One of the Largest Selections  
2421 W. Jefferson, L.A.  
RE 1-2121  
JOHN TY SAITO & ASSOCIATES

Appliances - TV - Furniture  
TAMURA  
And Co., Inc.  
The Finest  
in Home Furnishings  
3420 W. Jefferson Blvd.  
Los Angeles 18  
RE 1-7261

Complete Home  
Furnishings  
Koby's Appliances  
15130 S. Western Av.  
Gardena DA 4-6444 FA 1-2123

NISEI Established  
1936  
TRADING CO.  
Appliances TV - Furniture  
348 E. FIRST ST., L.A. 12  
MADISON 4-6601 (2, 3, 4)

Aloha Plumbing  
PARTS & SUPPLIES  
— Repairs Our Specialty —  
1948 S. Grand, Los Angeles  
RI 9-4371

ED SATO  
PLUMBING AND HEATING  
Remodel and Repairs - Water  
Heaters, Garbage Disposals,  
Furnaces  
— Servicing Los Angeles —  
AX 3-7000 RE 3-0557

NEW LOCATION  
KINUTA  
PHOTOMART  
Camera and Photo Supplies  
316 E. 2nd St., Los Angeles  
622-3968

Los Angeles Japanese Casualty Insurance Assn.  
— Complete Insurance Protection —  
Aihara Ins. Agcy, Aihara-Omatsu-Kakita, 250 E. 1st St., 626-9625  
Anson Fujioka Agcy, 321 E. 2nd, Suite 500, 626-4393 263-1109  
Funakoshi Ins. Agcy, Funakoshi-Kagawa-Manaka-Morey  
321 E. 2nd St., 626-5275 462-7406  
628-1214 287-8501  
Hirohata Ins. Agcy, 322 E. Second St., 864-5774  
Inouye Ins. Agcy, 15029 Sylvanwood Ave., Norwalk, 624-0758  
Joe S. Itano & Co., 318 1/2 E. 1st St., 624-0758  
Tom T. Ito, 595 N. Lincoln, Pasadena, 794-7189 (L.A.) 681-4411  
Minoru 'Nix' Nagata, 1497 Rock Haven, Monterey Park, 268-4554  
Steve Nakaji, 4566 Centinela Ave., 391-5931 837-9150  
Sato Ins. Agcy, 366 E. 1st St., 629-1425 261-6519

Los Angeles Japanese Casualty Insurance Assn.  
— Complete Insurance Protection —  
Aihara Ins. Agcy, Aihara-Omatsu-Kakita, 250 E. 1st St., 626-9625  
Anson Fujioka Agcy, 321 E. 2nd, Suite 500, 626-4393 263-1109  
Funakoshi Ins. Agcy, Funakoshi-Kagawa-Manaka-Morey  
321 E. 2nd St., 626-5275 462-7406  
628-1214 287-8501  
Hirohata Ins. Agcy, 322 E. Second St., 864-5774  
Inouye Ins. Agcy, 15029 Sylvanwood Ave., Norwalk, 624-0758  
Joe S. Itano & Co., 318 1/2 E. 1st St., 624-0758  
Tom T. Ito, 595 N. Lincoln, Pasadena, 794-7189 (L.A.) 681-4411  
Minoru 'Nix' Nagata, 1497 Rock Haven, Monterey Park, 268-4554  
Steve Nakaji, 4566 Centinela Ave., 391-5931 837-9150  
Sato Ins. Agcy, 366 E. 1st St., 629-1425 261-6519

Los Angeles Japanese Casualty Insurance Assn.  
— Complete Insurance Protection —  
Aihara Ins. Agcy, Aihara-Omatsu-Kakita, 250 E. 1st St., 626-9625  
Anson Fujioka Agcy, 321 E. 2nd, Suite 500, 626-4393 263-1109  
Funakoshi Ins. Agcy, Funakoshi-Kagawa-Manaka-Morey  
321 E. 2nd St., 626-5275 462-7406  
628-1214 287-8501  
Hirohata Ins. Agcy, 322 E. Second St., 864-5774  
Inouye Ins. Agcy, 15029 Sylvanwood Ave., Norwalk, 624-0758  
Joe S. Itano & Co., 318 1/2 E. 1st St., 624-0758  
Tom T. Ito, 595 N. Lincoln, Pasadena, 794-7189 (L.A.) 681-4411  
Minoru 'Nix' Nagata, 1497 Rock Haven, Monterey Park, 268-4554  
Steve Nakaji, 4566 Centinela Ave., 391-5931 837-9150  
Sato Ins. Agcy, 366 E. 1st St., 629-1425 261-6519

Mrs. Friday's  
seafood treats  
DELICIOUS and  
so easy to prepare  
MRS. FRIDAY'S  
Gourmet Breaded Shrimps  
and Shrimp Puffs  
FISHING PROCESSORS  
1327 E. 15th St., Los Angeles (213) 746-1307

Yamasa Kamaboko  
— WAIKIKI BRAND —  
Distributors: Yamasa Enterprises  
515 Stanford Ave., L.A. Ph. 626-2211

For Finest  
Japanese Food  
SOLD AT ALL GROCERY STORES . . .  
MAIKO BRAND  
American National Mercantile Co.  
949 E. 2nd St., Los Angeles 12 — MA 4-0716

In the Frozen Food Sections of  
Markets in Southern California  
MOCHI for your Traditional Ozoni  
Oshiruko - Yakimochi - Kinakomochi

MOCHI  
Fresh Frozen  
Mfd. by Umeya Rice Cake Co., Los Angeles

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS WHO ARE MOVING  
New Address  
City State ZIP  
Effective Date  
If you're moving, please let us know at least three weeks prior. Attach current address label below on the margin of this page.  
THANK YOU, Pacific Citizen Circulation Dept.  
125 Weller St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90012

# Textbook errors hit by Calif. task force

LOS ANGELES — Most social science textbooks proposed for many California students contain "a super-abundance of factual errors" and show ignorance of minority groups, a State ethnic Board of Education task force declared recently.

Some books even show "an apparent intellectual dishonesty," said the 13-member study group's report submitted to the board's monthly meeting here Dec. 9.

"Even if we presume that all students understand English, the concepts they will find in these books reveal ignorance of the bilingual and bicultural realities in the lives of minority children," the report continued.

"Written chiefly from the Anglo point of view, these books provide a distorted view of American history and an inadequate portrayal of minorities," the report says.

The task force was named in October to review basic and supplementary texts proposed for use in grades five through eight after spokesmen for minority groups complained that the books didn't give adequate or accurate information on the role of minorities in U.S. history.

The study group was headed by Kenneth Washington, assistant superintendent of the Los Angeles school district.

Wants to Stay On In a series of resolutions, the task force proposed that it be kept alive to continue reviews of textbooks including reading, music, art and humanities in general.

"The task force finds that the books generally reflect an absence of intellectual rigor, a superabundance of factual errors, a pervasive ethnicism in both framework and content, an insensitivity to people of various ethnic groups, and at times, an apparent intellectual dishonesty," the report says.

One book "includes native Americans only as they constitute a problem for the Anglo-American society," the task force says.

And in a section entitled "The Nation Expands to the West" the book implies that Texas wasn't settled until whites arrived, although Indians and Mexicans had been there for many years, the report says.

Another book shows a picture of a temple and asks the student: "What evidence do you see of the American way of life?" That shows basic disrespect for the cultures of other countries, the task force said.

The blame for the sorry state of these textbooks must be shared by many, including publishers, authors, educational consultants and others, the group said.

The Mexican American Education Commission for the L.A. Board of Education spearheaded the current campaign to update textbooks.

Another book asks the student: "What evidence do you see of the American way of life?" That shows basic disrespect for the cultures of other countries, the task force said.

The blame for the sorry state of these textbooks must be shared by many, including publishers, authors, educational consultants and others, the group said.

The Mexican American Education Commission for the L.A. Board of Education spearheaded the current campaign to update textbooks.

Another book asks the student: "What evidence do you see of the American way of life?" That shows basic disrespect for the cultures of other countries, the task force said.

The blame for the sorry state of these textbooks must be shared by many, including publishers, authors, educational consultants and others, the group said.

The Mexican American Education Commission for the L.A. Board of Education spearheaded the current campaign to update textbooks.

Another book asks the student: "What evidence do you see of the American way of life?" That shows basic disrespect for the cultures of other countries, the task force said.

The blame for the sorry state of these textbooks must be shared by many, including publishers, authors, educational consultants and others, the group said.

The Mexican American Education Commission for the L.A. Board of Education spearheaded the current campaign to update textbooks.

Another book asks the student: "What evidence do you see of the American way of life?" That shows basic disrespect for the cultures of other countries, the task force said.

The blame for the sorry state of these textbooks must be shared by many, including publishers, authors, educational consultants and others, the group said.

The Mexican American Education Commission for the L.A. Board of Education spearheaded the current campaign to update textbooks.

Another book asks the student: "What evidence do you see of the American way of life?" That shows basic disrespect for the cultures of other countries, the task force said.

## NEWS CAPSULES

### Press Row

Mainichi Shimbun, celebrating its 100th anniversary, is offering trips to Japan to winners of a world-wide 6,000-word essay contest on the title: "Japan and Japanese" and open to anyone who is not a Japanese citizen. Entries in Nihongo are limited to 40 sheets of the standard 400-character manuscript sheet. A brief (not more than 500 words) synopsis of the essay, photograph of the writer, name, nationality, date of birth, marital status, present address, occupation, employer, academic degrees held and languages spoken by writer must accompany and reach the Special Committee on Japanese Studies, Mainichi Shimbun, 1-1-1 Hitotsubashi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100, Japan, by April 15. Up to 10 winners will be selected. Paper should be a candid discussion of Japan in the world, assume an interdisciplinary viewpoint covering such fields as culture, history, politics, economics, sociology, science and technology. Views critical of Japan are encouraged.

To cover the recent Nixon-Sato talks (Jan. 6-7) at San Clemente, Japanese news organizations dispatched 73 newsmen from Tokyo and Washington. NHK had a crew of 10; Kyodo News Agency sent nine, the Yomiuri Shimbun six and Nihon Keizai and Mainichi newspapers five each to top the list. None of the five Tokyo-based nationally circulated newspapers sent less than four newsmen to cover the talks.

### Politics

In a final bid to gain 4,000 signatures necessary to put her name on the Oregon presidential primary ballot, Rep. Paty T. Mink spoke Jan. 12 before 300 at Oregon State University at Corvallis and earlier at the Univ. of Oregon in Eugene. She hopes to win Oregon's 36 delegates and pick up another 14 elsewhere to gain the necessary 50 to get her name in nomination at the national Democratic convention. She termed the west coast dock strike a "disaster" and blamed President Nixon for not imposing the Taft-Hartley Act in the first week of the strike last July. She also said she was a "serious candidate" and saw her campaign basically as "an expression of my impatience with the war, with housing and health care, and my impatience with the dismal record of the Nixon administration on civil rights."

Gardena realtor Paul Banaal is making his second bid for the single city council seat in the April 11 election. In 1970, he finished fourth in the regular election which seated three councilmen. Gardena voters will also vote for its mayor for the first time, and Mayor Ken Nakaoka announced his bid to stay. If he should fail, he still has two years as councilman. If he is elected, a vacancy for his seat on the council would have to be filled.

### Government

The Federal Aviation Administration appointed to its women's advisory committee on aviation its first Chinese American member, Felicia Lee of New York City, a writer for Sports Illustrated. She was among ten women, all pilots, appointed to the 31-member committee. The City and County of San Francisco civil service commission named attorney William Jack Chow as president. He previously served as Parking Authority commissioner, chaired the Housing Authority for two years and was president of the Chinese Six Companies and the Chinese Chamber of Commerce.

### Fine Arts

Leslie B. Nerio, Honolulu Academy of Arts curator of Oriental art, attended the worldwide symposium on Japanese woodblock print in Tokyo, Jan. 8 and read his paper on "Chinese elements in Ukiyo-en prints." The academy has lent 75 prints to the exhibition.

### Entertainment

The craftsmanship of animator Jimmy Murakami, San Jose-born Nisei, appears in Frank Zappa's "200 Motels," which premiered Jan. 12 at the Hawaii Film Festival, where the one-time UPA film cartoonist was a juror. He has also been assistant producer, director and art director on "Von Richtofen & Brown" and his next film is "The Naked Ape."

### CHRISTMAS BILLS!

Pay your Holiday bills with a low interest consolidation loan from your Credit Union

National JA CL Credit Union  
Mail: P. O. Box 1721, Salt Lake City, Utah 84110  
Office: 242 S. 4th East, Salt Lake City  
Tel.: (801) 355-8040

Remember you can borrow up to \$1,500 on your Signature!

### You are invited...

Banquets, Weddings, Receptions, Social Affairs  
Featuring the West's finest catering and banquet facilities for 10 to 2000

For Information Call (213) 670-9000  
Please call FRANK LOVASZ  
INTERNATIONAL HOTEL  
8211 W. Century Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90048  
at entrance to Los Angeles International Airport Terminal

## Indonesian Art



INDONESIAN ART—Organized by Asia House Gallery of New York City with assistance from the Indonesian government the ancient Indonesian art exhibit now at the L.A. County Museum of Art will close Feb. 13. The Indonesian Ambassador to the U.S., Sjarif Thajeb (far right) and his wife flew to Los Angeles for the opening. Among those welcoming him were Friends of Far Eastern Art members (from left) Dr. Kiyoshi Sonoda, George Shinno, George Takei, Mrs. Mitsu Sonoda and Mrs. Marge Shinno. The Friends will host a reception Feb. 3, 7:30 p.m., followed by a program of Indonesian dances at the Bing Theater, to acquaint the public with the art of a magnificent but little culture of Asia.

### Book

Houghton Mifflin Co., Boston, will publish this month an English anthology of Asian American authors edited by Dr. Kai-yu Hsu, professor of world literature, and Hele Palubinskas, creative writing instructor, at San Francisco State. Among the poets are poems by Iwano Kawakami, sports editor of the Nichi Bei Times, San Francisco, and Prof. Lawson Inada of Southern Oregon; short stories by Toshio Mori of San Leandro and Hisaye Yamamoto de Soto, a Los Angeles housewife; and a piece by Sen. Daniel Inouye.

### Churches

The Rev. Norio Ozaki has retired as pastor of the Fresno Japanese Congregational Church after 22 years at the post. Ordained in 1941, he was evacuated to Topaz WRA Center, returned to Oakland and then moved to Fresno in 1949. Over 300 gathered Dec. 19 at the Del Webb Townhomes to honor him and his wife, Sophie. During his ministry in Fresno, a new church and fellowship hall were dedicated in the late 1950s and an educational building completed in 1962.

### Sports

Baseball history was made Jan. 12 when the Lotte Orions traded its right-handed pitcher, Toru Hamamura, 19, for San Francisco Giant's outfielder Frank H. Johnson, 29, in the first U.S. Japan player swap. Hamamura has high hopes of becoming the second Japanese to play in U.S. major league baseball after south-paw chucker Nankori Murakami of the Nisan Hawks who pitched for the Giants several years ago. Johnson batted .352 with Phoenix and is a 11-year pro player.

Hank Kashiwa of Old Forge, N.Y., the first Nisei to become a member of the U.S. team for any Winter Olympic Games, was named the Nisei athlete of the year (1971) by the San Francisco Nichi Bei Times. Consistently placing in national and international ski meets the past five years, he appears to be a bright American hope in the coming Feb. 3-13 games at Sapporo. The Tokyo Lotte Orions purchased the Lodi Class A franchise in the California League last month, though details of the transaction were not revealed by league president Eddie Mulligan. George Yoshinaga of Gardena was appointed executive vice president of the Baltimore Oriole farm club.

Sharon Akiyama, 17, of Adams City (Colo.) High School is the new state girls gymnastic champion. A senior, she was competed in three state meets, placing in her division each year. She is the daughter of the Yosh Akiyamas of Commerce City, stands 4 ft.-11 and weighs 97 lb. She competed at the Rocky Mountain region entrants in the National Jr. Olympic last summer at the Air Force Academy.

### Music

Young violinist Teiko Maebashi of Japan, who made an impressive debut in 1970 with the Los Angeles Philharmonic, returned to the local scene as a guest artist at El Camino College last month. A flawless performance, accompanied by pianist Roy Bogas, covered a serious, complex program of sonatas by Tartini, Prokofiev and Debussy and shorter pieces by Webern and Paganini. Long Beach Press Telegram music critic Daniel Carriaga said to "mark" her name.

1972 CHEVROLET  
Fleet Price to All—Ask for  
FRED MIYATA  
Hansen Chevrolet  
11351 W. Olympic Blvd., West L.A.  
479-4411 Res. 826-9805

## Bank of Tokyo of Calif. elects Tsuyama as president; Onoda returning to Japan

SAN FRANCISCO — The board of directors of the Bank of Tokyo of California, elected Masao Tsuyama as president and Susumu Onoda as president of the bank.

Onoda, who has headed the California corporation since 1968, will return to Japan in March to assume new responsibilities with the parent Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

Tsuyama, 54, joined the world-wide banking group in 1940, became a director in 1969, and served most recently as manager of the Bank of Tokyo Marunouchi office in Tokyo.

His career has included assignments in Tehran, New York City and Osaka.

### International Investment

Tsuyama heads the San Francisco- headquartered bank a special interest in international investment, which he says will be "one of the most important developments in the future of banking."

Tsuyama personally participated in 1969 in the establishment of Pacific Partnership, Ltd., a joint venture between the Bank of Tokyo, the Bank of America and the Bank of New South Wales to finance long-term development projects in Australia.

Born in 1918 in China, where his father was an officer with the Yokohama Specie Bank, predecessor to the Bank of Tokyo, Ltd., Tsuyama was educated at Japan's Keio University. His wife, who studied in the United States, and his two daughters, Maki, 14 and Kei, 10, will join him in California in the spring.

The board of directors of the California branch, which maintains 13 branches throughout the state, applauded Onoda's leadership. During his term, the bank's assets more than doubled, reaching \$488 million as of Dec. 31, 1971. In terms of deposits, the bank currently ranks eleventh in the state.

### Business

Bank of Tokyo of California, San Francisco, reported a record 1971 income before securities gains of 36.7 pct. over 1970.

Sumitomo Bank of California, San Francisco, reported 1971 operating income, before securities transactions, rose approximately 30% compared with 1970.

Increases as of Dec. 31 were made by deposits, loans and assets, compared with a year earlier.

### Sister Cities

In an exchange high school art competition which included entries from its sister city, Ichikawa, and on display at the Gardena branch of Sumitomo Bank, the Gardena Sister City steering committee vice-president Sue Obayashi awarded trophies to Myung Lee, 1st place; Bruce Masai, 2nd place; and Janice Akatsuka, 3rd place.

### Music

Young violinist Teiko Maebashi of Japan, who made an impressive debut in 1970 with the Los Angeles Philharmonic, returned to the local scene as a guest artist at El Camino College last month. A flawless performance, accompanied by pianist Roy Bogas, covered a serious, complex program of sonatas by Tartini, Prokofiev and Debussy and shorter pieces by Webern and Paganini. Long Beach Press Telegram music critic Daniel Carriaga said to "mark" her name.

1972 CHEVROLET  
Fleet Price to All—Ask for  
FRED MIYATA  
Hansen Chevrolet  
11351 W. Olympic Blvd., West L.A.  
479-4411 Res. 826-9805

### Double Knit Fabrics for Sale at Factory to You Wholesale Prices!

POLYESTERS  
And Other Fabrics  
Mon. 12 noon to 6 p.m.  
Wed. 12 noon to 6 p.m.  
Sat. 7 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Pacific Coast Knitting Mills, Inc.  
2724 Leonis Blvd., Vernon  
582-8341

If You Can't Buy Happiness, Rent It. From Auto-Ready

Happiness, according to experts in the field, is a new car. For a day or a weekend, a week or longer. But don't take word of the professional pleasure seekers. Find out for yourself. Find your way to Auto-Ready at our convenient downtown location, and pick out a shiny, new, reliable auto. Then find out how foolishly low Auto-Ready's rates are. Find out what real personal service and attention is. Then find yourself behind the wheel of the car of your choice complete with air conditioning and other happiness features. Now you've found your- self. The real, rival, carefree, devil-may-care you that's just been waiting to get out of you as soon as you got into a new car. You may like being happy so much, next time you'll want to lease a new car. Well, Auto-Ready is ready when you are.

Auto-Ready, Inc.  
"We're Ready When You Are"  
354 East First St., Los Angeles 90012  
624-3721



Masao Tsuyama

### Flower-Garden

Honored student Ross Iwamoto, 15-year-old son of the Richard Iwamotos of Springfield, Va., competed in the Mid-Atlantic Rocket Shoot at Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Md., placing second in the boost glide event. He has made over 100 rockets in his two-year period as a member of the Northern Virginia Assn. of Rocketry.

### Organizations

The West Los Angeles Lions Club honored George and Toy Kanagai of the West L.A. JA-CL for their outstanding work in the community during the annual Community Recognition Week luncheon Jan. 26.

Jack Sugimoto, Stockton, 1st v.p.; Mas Kanda, Diablo, 2nd v.p.; Tom Sato, Sacramento, 3rd v.p.; Arthur Sugiyama, Sonoma, sec.; Tsugio Fujimoto, San Jose, treas.; and Fred Yokoyama of Sonoma Co., board member.

### Vital Statistics

The David Ushios of Reston, Va., announced the birth of their first-born, a daughter named Misti, on Dec. 21. She was 8 lb., 21 1/2 inches. The father is asst. Washington JA CL representative.

### Military

Roger Smith (Co. L) will head the 442nd Assn. of Southern California. The group will have its installation Jan. 29 at the Cockatoo Inn Restaurant, Inglewood, with UCLA Football Coach Pepper Rodgers as speaker.

### Education

San Luis Obispo Cal Poly senior in homemaking education, Kathleen F. Minabe, was nominated for listing in the 1972 edition of Who's Who Among Students in American Universities and Colleges.

### Deaths

Mrs. Keiko Minami, 37, formerly of Sacramento, died Jan. 17 in Japan. Surviving are Keichi Minami, Sumitomo Bank v.p. and manager of the Sacramento branch, and two daughters, ages 4 and 7.

### GET THE BEST LOAN FOR YOUR NEW CAR

LOW COST-LOOK AND COMPARE

SAMPLE 36 PAYMENT SCHEDULE (NEW CAR)

	\$2,000.00	\$3,000.00	\$4,000.00
Total Down Payment	500.00	750.00	1,000.00
Required (Minimum 1/4)	1,500.00	2,250.00	3,000.00
Amount Financed	202.44	303.48	404.88
Finance Charge	1,702.44	2,553.48	3,404.88
Total of Payments	47.29	70.93	94.58

Annual Percentage Rate 8.4% (add on 4.5% per annum) based on 36-month loan.

### THE BANK OF TOKYO OF CALIFORNIA

San Francisco Main Office: Tel. (415) 981-1200  
S.F. Japan Center Branch: Tel. (415) 981-1200  
Mid-Peninsula Branch: Tel. (415) 941-2000  
San Jose Branch: Tel. (408) 298-2441  
Fresno Branch: Tel. (209) 233-0591  
North Fresno Branch: Tel. (209) 233-0591  
Los Angeles Main Office: Tel. (213) 628-2381  
L.A. Downtown Branch: 616 W. 6th, (213) 627-2821  
Crenshaw-L.A. Branch: Tel. (213) 731-7334  
Western L.A. Branch: Tel. (213) 391-0678  
Gardena Branch: Tel. (213) 321-0902  
Santa Ana Branch: Tel. (714) 541-2271  
Panorama City Branch: Tel. (213) 893-6306

### Low cost new auto loans!

Sumitomo Bank of California  
365 California Street, San Francisco, Calif. 94104 • Sacramento, San Jose, Oakland, San Mateo, Los Angeles, Crenshaw, Gardena, Anaheim, Monterey Park, Wilshire-Grand