LOS ANGELES — Over 20 community leaders and educators in the Los Angeles area have signed a letter to the growing list of Asian Americans expressing concern over the production of a Japanese American internment video for the state’s high school students.

The signatures have signed on to support the work of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Japanese American Internment Video, which is charged with reviewing the implementation of AB 1375 (Rossi), legislation requiring the state Department of Education to produce a videotape on the internment of Japanese Americans during World War II.

“The worst thing that could happen is for the Department of Education to issue a video that fails to recognize that the internment was an act of racism, that it was a violation of our civil rights that was not the result of necessity,” stated Dale Shimasaki, Chair of the JACL Education Committee.

Educators share this point of view, “Santa Ana Unified School District is the only largest school district of the state. Yet, the majority of the students are not familiar with this horrible event in history,” stated Santa Ana Unified School board president Audrey Yamagata-Noji. “I feel the videotape fails to depict myths and fails to point out why the concentration camps were a social injustice.”

The videotape has also been an issue of concern in the Japanese American community. Dale Minami, chair of the general agent’s Asian Pacific Advisory Committee has indicated that “the filmmakers lack the experience and skills needed to do justice to the fundamental experiences of Asian Americans.”

California’s legislators and congressmen have expressed their collective concern about the video production. A legislative editorial called the attackers a “goon squad” which marred the city’s reputation.

According to police reports, the attackers were cocky enough to have bragged about the beatings.

Tom Kometani brought his wife and daughter, Taro, to America in 1919. He had the privilege of knowing Henry Imamura, a blend of East and West. Tom Kometani was represented by Warren Roos, a white lawyer who taught him that perhaps the attackers were cocky enough to have bragged about the beatings.

John Yato's Pointing Artistic American Artist

By Tom Kometani

NEW YORK — Henry Yazu Sugimoto, husband of the late Sueo Sugimoto, died in New York City on May 17, 1962. He was a professor of art and dedicated his life to his community.

Sugimoto is best known for his extensive catalog of everyday scenes of the wartime internment of Japanese Americans. He forewore painting and drawing and anguished and anguished for 120,000 American citizens and permanent residents of Japanese ancestry through more than 100 paintings during the forced confinement of his family in Jerome and Rohwer Relocation Centers, Arkansas.

I had the privilege of knowing Henry Sugimoto during the past 30 years through his involvement with the New York Japanese American Citizens Union, his association with the New York JACL, and his relentless struggle to gain redress for government injustices suffered by loyal Americans. He galvanized the Japanese American community for his deep commitment to his church and community ever since he brought his wife and daughter, Taro, to America in 1919.

I feel that Henry’s most significant contribution was his unyielding effort of the past 30 years to educate and inform about past injustices. Henry powerfully caricatured on canvas the oppression of Japanese Americans. He earnestly battled for the visibility of racism and sorrow as well as the strength, patience, loyalty and dignity which were long internalized by most of the students. These paintings become valuable historically to the Japanese Americans. They played a critical role in impressing America on the injustice of the incarceration of innocent citizens.

After the war, the California Historical Society organized a traveling exhibition to show Henry’s paintings in cities in California and Hawaii. In 1978, an extensive exhibit of camp scenes was held in New York City. When his paintings were exhibited in Japan, the Japanese became more understanding of the redress issue. Several paintings.

Several paintings, courtesy of the Pacific Citizen.

Henry Sugimoto: 1900-1990 Remembering an American Artist

WASHINGTON — In town for a series of meetings with government officials, JACL President Clyde Nakagawa and National Director Bill Yoshino, along with Washington Representative Paul Igagami, met May 9 with John Dunne, Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, to share JACL’s views on a number of civil rights matters including urging the Civil Rights Division to pursue the cases of Robert Navin and Paul Igagami.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

The Los Angeles Friends of Internation Students, a concerned group for foreign students, condemned the incident. (Their letter appears elsewhere in this issue.)

First police reports did not indicate the attack was racially motivated.

Imamura and his friend were walking near Fourth and Jay streets about 130 a.m. when they were attacked by a party for another foreign student.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.

A group of young white men, at least four, who were on their way to play baseball, saw the two students. The two students were Hmong.
400 Students Enrolled from Japan Enliven Iowa Campus and Town

LE MARS, Iowa — Students, town residents and some board members were wary when 198 Japanese freshmen enrolled at tiny Westminster College, in northwest Iowa, under a merger with Teikyo University, but the cultural barriers are coming down fast.

Cash-strapped Westminster announced the agreement with Teikyo University in March. In return, Westminster gets about $4 million to refurbish dormitories and other buildings, raise salaries, add faculty and enroll up to 400 Japanese.

"It sounded like a lot of propaganda by the board of trustees," said senior Tom Joseph of Denver. "They said the Japanese would broaden our horizons. Right. We've had foreign students before, and they mostly stay in their dorms and barely try to speak English."

But after the Japanese arrival in April increased enrollment by more than a third to 665 students, Joseph's impression changed. "It's like a real school now," he said.

Business in this town of 8,200 said there is a language barrier, but Japanese students have learned that money talks.

"We didn't anticipate that they'd have much money when they arrived," said Dean Carroll, manager of the Patrick residential department office.

Carroll said there isn't a mountain bike to be found in town after Japanese students bought every one in stock.

"I know we sold between 10 and 15 within four hours. 'That's quite a few.' They're the more expensive bikes, anywhere from $120 to $160," he said.

The 400 students are "a dignified, loyal, good and trustworthy" people, said Hohn, "He is the best chief deputy supervisor in the State of California and he is Ichiban to me."

LEADER OF THE PACK — Mas Fuko (left), Chief Deputy to Supervisor Kenneth Hohn and a Gardena, Calif. city councilman, receives a Los Angeles County scroll of commendation from the Supervisor in recognition of his being named "1990 Citizen of the Year" by the Boy Scouts of America. Also partaking in the presentation is Dr. Bob Nagamoto, master of ceremonies and dinner chairman for the event, who is dressed up in a tuxedo to look very good and trustworthy," said Hohn.

Go For Broke-NVA Reorganized

CHICAGO — More than 40 veterans from 15 states, including two observers from Hawaii met the last weekend in March and reorganized the Go For Broke-National Veterans Association (GFBNA) into a more active entity, Warren Furutani president, and chairman announced.

Judge Manutani of Philadelphia, a veteran of the Military Intelligence Service who served for a time as General MacArthur's Supreme Allied Headquarters in Tokyo, reminded the assembled delegates that December 1990 marks the 50th anniversary of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor.

Manutani warned that Japanese Americans may again suffer deprivation of their rights. To assure a dignified life for Japanese Americans, and to impugn others, the GFBNA organization was needed, he claimed.

Delegates approved articles of incorporation and bylaws and designated members of the board of directors.

Those interested in joining are invited to write to Rudy Tokiwa, National Membership Vice-President, Go For Broke National Veterans Association, 462 N. 18th St., San Jose, CA 95112.

The central program for the coming years are outlined, with the major feature continuing to be a remembrance in a prominent location in the nation's capital dedicated to honor all of America's war dead, and especially those of Japanese origin who fought so gallantly in WWII.

LEADER OF THE PACK — Mas Fuko (left), Chief Deputy to Supervisor Kenneth Hohn and a Gardena, Calif. city councilman, receives a Los Angeles County scroll of commendation from the Supervisor in recognition of his being named "1990 Citizen of the Year" by the Boy Scouts of America. Also partaking in the presentation is Dr. Bob Nagamoto, master of ceremonies and dinner chairman for the event, who is dressed up in a tuxedo to look very good and trustworthy," said Hohn.

Go For Broke-NVA Reorganized

CHICAGO — More than 40 veterans from 15 states, including two observers from Hawaii met the last weekend in March and reorganized the Go For Broke-National Veterans Association (GFBNA) into a more active entity, Warren Furutani president, and chairman announced.

Judge Manutani of Philadelphia, a veteran of the Military Intelligence Service who served for a time as General MacArthur's Supreme Allied Headquarters in Tokyo, reminded the assembled delegates that December 1990 marks the 50th anniversary of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor.

Manutani warned that Japanese Americans may again suffer deprivation of their rights. To assure a dignified life for Japanese Americans, and to impugn others, the GFBNA organization was needed, he claimed.

Delegates approved articles of incorporation and bylaws and designated members of the board of directors.

Those interested in joining are invited to write to Rudy Tokiwa, National Membership Vice-President, Go For Broke National Veterans Association, 462 N. 18th St., San Jose, CA 95112.

The central program for the coming years are outlined, with the major feature continuing to be a remembrance in a prominent location in the nation's capital dedicated to honor all of America's war dead, and especially those of Japanese origin who fought so gallantly in WWII.

ALOHA PLUMBING

HONOLULU, (AP) — The Japanese government announced April 28 in Spring 1990 Medals of Honor, given to those in recognition of their outstanding contributions to the promotion of mutual understanding between the United States and Japan. The recipient is Keiko Fukuda of San Francisco, who will receive the Order of the Sacred Treasure, Gold Ray With Palms.

Fukuda is the vice chair of the U.S. Judo Federation (USJF), technical advisor to Women's Judo, USJF, technical advisor to Women's Judo and USJF-Gold Medal Committee and Associate Professor at Mills College (1967-1978).

Fukuda has made contributions, in popularizing and promoting women's judo as well as training and preparing many judo practitioners outside of Japan, participating in activities of the community including the Japanese American community, popularizing Japanese cultural activities in the U.S. and deepening mutual understanding between Japan and the U.S. and in developing friendly exchange between Japan and other countries including the U.S. through judo.
Toshiba in U.S. Pledges Grant to Asahi Gakuen

LOS ANGELES — The three Toshiba America companies of Southern California announced a donation to Asahi Gakuen of Los Angeles, the second largest Japanese school in the U.S. Mr. Takashi Hayashi, president of Toshiba America Medical Systems Inc., formally presented a check to six board members from Asahi Gakuen on behalf of the three companies. The donation of $7,500 will be used to purchase much-needed equipment to facilitate the daily operations of the school. Asahi Gakuen is a school specifically designed to meet the educational needs of Japanese children whose parents have temporarily relocated to Los Angeles to work in the Japanese business community. The curriculum, conducted entirely in Japanese, serves as supplemental education for elementary and are supplied by the Japanese Ministry of Education. The Asahi Gakuen was established in 1954 with the support of government officials who felt it was necessary to continue Japanese education for the children of foreign countries. The schools were created and organized by the California-based non-profit corporation, the Los Angeles Nippongo Kiyokue Shinkokai; the Asahi Gakuen for the Advancement of Japanese Language Education in Los Angeles.

TOSHIHARU YANAGI, president of TOShiba America Medical Systems, Inc., presents to six board members from Asahi Gakuen.

Los Angeles Japanese Casualty Insurance Assn.

ATTACKS ON FILIPINO STUDENTS

WASHINGTON — On May 11, a meeting was convened by the Philippine government in Manila to discuss the escalating violence against Filipino students in the United States. The meeting was called by the Philippine Embassy in Washington, D.C., and attended by representatives from the Philippine government, the Filipino community, and the U.S. Department of Education. The meeting was held in the presence of Secretary of Education and Culture Tadesma M. Anak, who expressed concern over the recent incidents of violence against Filipino students. The meeting was attended by representatives from the Philippine government, the Filipino community, and the U.S. Department of Education.

Japanese Spoken

For more information, call TELS at (213) 536-6808 or (714) 770-4473.

Name-Calling Events

Black and Filipino students said tensions between the groups have been growing in recent months with name-calling, the Filipinos being called "Toos" (friends of the black) and the Blacks referred to as "peas" as an insult, intended to describe the size of their brains. One Black student said it was a case where one group doesn't understand the other and attacking things they don't understand. "This is saying the Blacks are responsible, but the Black group may have been provoked because the Asian students don't always treat us with a lot of respect. It's like saying you can't go on the playground because you are all a bunch of dummies who don't do nothing but rap and kill each other," the same student said.

Another Black student thought the gays involved "really didn't hate the Filipinos. I get the impression that they are doing it for sport, which probably makes it worse."

A Filipino student said he was attacked three times this year — twice in the boys' locker room — by Black students who said they "earned points" with each punch. He kept saying "10 points, 10 points" each time they stuck him.

Multicultural Programs Progressed

After the parents-school officials meeting, it was decided to form a task force to develop a multicultural program and monitor its progress. Some national counselors might be hired at Oxon Hill. Filipino families reported beatings have been happening for almost two years but school officials became aware only recently because the families failed to report. "This is one of the biggest problems here," Judge Valdez-Gibson said. He is a chair of the county's Asian Refugee Task Force, which is concerned with the social, economic and educational concerns of the growing Asian population. The task force is not necessarily racial but cultural.

Japanese to Join

U.S. Shuttle Mission

WASHINGTON — A 42-year-old Japanese engineer will join a U.S. space shuttle mission for launch in June 1991. Mamoru Momot, a professor of engineering at Hokkaido University, will fly aboard the space shuttle Atlantis to conduct experiments related to the development of new materials in zero gravity conditions, according to the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). Momot recently began NASA training for the space shuttle mission.

Two other Japanese candidates are also in the training program. They will provide round support for the shuttle experiments and replace Momot in case of emergency.

KIRK ISHIKAWA

ARE YOU PAYING MORE THAN THIS FOR MEDICAL INSURANCE?

Pan-Pacific Insurance Services

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CALL:

(213) 536-6808 OR (714) 770-4473

TOYOTA stock

t Stock

ATM Assurance Inc.

For more information, call for free copy thru May.
EDITORIAL OF THE DAY

Violence in La Crosse

The brutal assault on two Japanese students attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

The Vincent Chin case in Detroit is a classic example of mindless violence in America. Chin was a native of Macau, China, who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

In an interview with an Asian student attending the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse by a half dozen local bullies who hate Japanese is outrageous. It smacks of the violence of brown-shirted Nazis who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.

Deplorably, it is now America where race hatred is expressed by random attacks on people who simply look different. Black youngsters walking through a predominantly white suburb of New York are set on and beaten to death, apparently for no reason other than that they are in a white neighborhood. It is an element of the darkness that are not only the victims. Gangs of black youths battle each other, sometimes in random shootouts on the subway in New York.

It is panic well black in arguments over who terrorized Jews in the Third Reich before the gas ovens of the Holocaust became an instrument of national policy.
The current activities of the ad hoc committee include an investigation into the selection process for the producer of the video and an evaluation of its recent release.

Currently, the committee has extensive experience, with members representing universities, such as Fresno, the San Francisco Bay Area, Los Angeles, and Sacramento. The Los Angeles Times, a leading Los Angeles-based coalition of teachers, college educators, community leaders, and media professionals, has formed an ad hoc committee to identify purposes and goals.

Teachers: Jeanne Akashi, Director of the Asian American Studies Program; Roy Nakatani, President; Terrel L. McCly, Gay Akashi, Jerry Y., David Kari, Mike Hashimoto, Gloria Mota, Toshiko Akiyama, Philippe Auzel, Magda M. Yamaats, and Amy Kuo, Visual Communications.

College Educators: Don Nakamura, Professor of Education, Cal State University, Long Beach; Enrique de la Cruz, Director of the Asian American Studies Program, Cal State University, Los Angeles; Larry Jindal, Vice President of Asian American Studies, Cal State University, Los Angeles; Gloria Mota, Associate Professor of Visual Studies, Cal State University, Los Angeles; Masaomi Kurokawa, Director of the Asian American Studies Center, UCLA; Jim Nakatani, Associate Director of TOP, Inc., Los Angeles; L. DeWitt, Director, El Centro, College; Diana Ogasawara, President, Cal State University, Long Beach; and Student Life, UCLA. Los Angeles Times, and the Arts and Humanities, Los Angeles Center, UCLA.

EAST WIND

From Continued Page 3

U.S. military employs a number of Japanese Americans in its armed forces. In fact, however, from 1978 Japan has been bearing part of the cost of these employees. This year, it will pick up almost one-half the cost which will come to $95 million (about $40 million), and this year is the first year in which the U.S. military command has been running into disputes with local Japanese American communities over the cost of management of their military installations.

A list of problems living under the same roof.

WHILE WE'RE IN the Far East, I might as well list the number of paviors in Korea (45,400), Philippines (17,500) and Laos (10,000).

LACROSSE

From Continued Page 4

Such a fight would not have happened in Japan, he said. "In my country, no one could be proud of six against two. The Japanese would not have been aware of the moral and physical honor, and in my country they would be ashamed." Ridgway.

It is remarkable that this foreign student adviser at U.W.L., said Inamura is now a student at UC Berkeley, and said that people don't want you. It changes your feeling about being here, he said.

Because people are everywhere.

Inamura said he hopes to remain in La Crescent for three more years to obtain his degree before going anywhere near downtown for an office.

"I want to do is learn and stay here," he said. "I want no trouble."
24 Scholarships Being Presented May 31 at SACRAMENTO JACL Fete

By Tom Fujita

SACRAMENTO, Calif.—Twenty-four awards are being presented at the 1990 Sacramento JACL Amo scholarship dinner on Thursday, May 31, 6:30 p.m., at the Sacramento Inn, to an all-Japanese American group, the Akbar family.

NEW SCHOOL

Shawn Akbar, 17, a senior at Elk Grove High School, and Yoko Akbar, 16, a sophomore at Davis High School, were presented the 1990 Scholarship Awards.

SEATTLE

President June 25—In "Lifetimes in Sumis," paintings by John Asakura, include John Asakura and Tatsuo Yasuda, the latter Japanese American community leaders. June 25, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

SAN JOSE, CALIF

June 28—Yujiro Santori, 34, 1990 Annual Tournament Chairmen of San Jose City and Towne Club. 34, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

SEATTLE

President June 25—In "Lifetimes in Sumis," paintings by John Asakura, include John Asakura and Tatsuo Yasuda, the latter Japanese American community leaders. June 25, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

SAN JOSE, CALIF

June 28—Yujiro Santori, 34, 1990 Annual Tournament Chairmen of San Jose City and Towne Club. 34, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

SEATTLE

President June 25—In "Lifetimes in Sumis," paintings by John Asakura, include John Asakura and Tatsuo Yasuda, the latter Japanese American community leaders. June 25, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

SAN JOSE, CALIF

June 28—Yujiro Santori, 34, 1990 Annual Tournament Chairmen of San Jose City and Towne Club. 34, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.
JACL REGIONAL DIRECTOR PACIFIC SOUTHWEST OFFICE

Get the credit you deserve.
Union Bank has a new way to provide you with a pre-approved line of credit. You can use your credit any time for any purpose, simply by writing a check. Your line of credit can be up to $500 or more.

$1000 TANAKA TRAVEL TOURS EXCEPTIONAL VALUE • TOP QUALITY TOURS

كاناديان روكيز/Ｖｉｃｔｏｒｉａ
(1) (本) JUN 13
(2) JUL 20
EUROPEAN PICTURE JOURNEY (London-Paris-Luxembourg-Venice-Rome)
(1) AUG 21
(2) SEP 17
EURASIA JOURNEY
(1) OCT 13
(2) NOV 17
JAPAN AUTUMN ADVENTURE
(1) OCT 16
(2) NOV 20
FAR EAST JAPAN: Singapore-Bangkok-Phuket-Kuala Lumpur-Hong Kong
(1) DEC 1
(2) DEC 15

SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102
(415) 474-2602

SUGIMOTO

Comprehensive Tours From Europe

books containing Henry’s works have been published in Japan. Henry Sugimoto was recognized both in the U.S. and Japan for his contribution in preserving the history of the Japanese American experience. In 1986, three of his large paintings were accepted into the permanent collection of the Smithsonian Institution in Washington D.C. and displayed in the current "A More Perfect Union: Japanese Americans and the U.S. Constitution" exhibit. The City Hall of Wakayama City houses a mural and several paintings in his honor. In 1988, the National JACL gave Henry Sugimoto special recognition for his artistic and societal contributions. His latest project was a series of paintings on the early Japanese immigration to America. Immigrant works have been made to permanently display a large number of the international camp and the incarceration works in the new Japanese American History Museum in Los Angeles.

Henry Sugimoto will be soon followed by the Nikkei Central of all of those in the New York community. He leaves a legacy to be appreciated by future generations of Americans who were honored and proud to have known Henry Sugimoto.

Donations in his memory may be made to the Sugimoto Scholarship Fund, Alumni Office of California College of the Arts and Crafts, 5212 Broadway, Oakland, CA 94618.

DO YOU HAVE A NEWS TIP? Call the news line, (213) 220-3000, and the editors will be contacted and may write a story or feature. See Arts, 123-144, Arts, 120-121, 821, or by mail: Pacific Citizen, 941 E. 3rd St., Los Angeles, CA 90013-1703.

ED SATO PLUMBING & HEATING
Removal and Repairs, Water Heaters, Furnace Installation, Garbage Disposal Servicing Los Angeles, Gardena
(213) 321-6610, 202-7900, 733-0507

JAPAN
Osaka Expo ’90 Special
Daily Departures from APRIL 1 - SEPTEMBER 30

On a private jet to 100 AIRLINES from Los Angeles, San Francisco and Seattle airport. Hotel transfers. Guided sightseeing tours. Resort seating aboard the bullet train to KYOTO. All-inclusive JAPAN TRAVEL at $29,500 person. PACKAGE INCLUDES:

Round-trip air on UNITED AIRLINES from Los Angeles, San Francisco and Seattle to Osaka airport.
Resort seating aboard the bullet train to KYOTO.
2 nights at the SHANGHAI INTERNATIONAL GARDEN and EXPOSITION.
2 nights at the NEW MIYAKO KAKU.
1 night at the OSAKA HILTON INTERNATIONAL.
Full day Osaka Excursion.
Transfers in the Osaka area.
Onboard sightseeing tours. Available rates based on double occupancy.

CRUISE
NORWEGIAN CRUISE LINES SEASAILER
around the "HABITAT 90"

4 Day sailings through June 4, 1990
Departs Los Angeles and calls at Catalina Island, San Diego and Ensenada. Inside Cabin: $349 up; Outside Cabin: $379 up. Rates per person, based on double occupancy, cruise only.

"PRINCESS" RAIL TOURS
SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER!!
Two for the Price of One Aboard "PRINCESS II RAIL TOURS" for TRAVEL COMMENCING ON OR BEFORE MAY 31, 1990

HEARTS\CLASSIC
(1) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(2) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(3) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(4) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(5) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(6) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(7) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(8) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(9) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(10) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(11) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(12) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(13) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.
(14) (Wos $379 per Person) Now $399 Per Couple.

Get the credit you deserve.
Union Bank has a new way to provide you with a pre-approved line of credit. You can use your credit any time for any purpose, simply by writing a check. Your line of credit can be up to $500 or more.

HOMEBUYER’S MIRACLE™

1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.
1). It’s a line of credit, one of $10,000 for all of your needs.