Dear Editor,

The following is my first of three articles to inform the readers why the need to repeal the Alien Enemy Act of 1798 and the need for JACL to take the lead in order to revitalize our community specifically and this country’s need to regain its courage to protect our Constitutional principles through JACL leadership.

JACL was the first recognized civil rights organization [to] secure the government an unwavering commitment to civil rights for all Americans. U.S. government for abridging the civil rights of 120,000 citizens and permanent residents of Japanese ancestry. The next article will discuss in detail of the importance of HR442, why attacks continue to occur, scapegoating individuals/groups, taking advantage of racial prejudices, war hysteria and abusing political power.

JACL has the experience and track record to address this dilemma permanently and make our democracy work, attractive to those who aspire to enjoy the fruits of a nation struggling to be a more perfect union.

Sincerely,
Mike Honda

---

Dear Editor,

Spring is a busy season that brings lots of activity preparing for JACL scholarships, our annual convention and the Legacy Fund Grants program. As co-chair of the Legacy Fund Grants Committee, I encourage all JACL Chapters and Districts to consider applying for a grant this year. Grants of up to $5,000 will be awarded. The online application and instructions can be accessed at https://jacl.org/legacy-fund-grants/. The deadline to submit applications is April 8.

Legacy Fund Grants have provided critical financial support to an extremely diverse range of projects. In fact, diversity is key to the vitality of the Legacy Fund Grants program itself. Full participation from chapters and districts has fallen off in recent years, but it’s never too late to breathe new life into JACL projects at the local level.

Reflect on your chapter’s or district’s local accomplishments and then leverage those accomplishments to craft a vision for your next achievement. Where are the gaps in your community that could be filled with innovative JACL programming that puts our strategic plan into action while enriching the fabric of our local communities? Are there opportunities to engage the next generation of JACL youth to move the organization and your community to even greater heights?

Let these questions and other issues of importance to your constituents plant a seed that inspires your chapter or district to apply for a 2020 Legacy Fund Grant.

Our Issei and Nisei ancestors intended for their generous contributions to sustain JACL far into the future. It is our responsibility as their descendants to honor their sacrifices and continue their stories through the Legacy Fund Grants program that they made possible.

Please feel free to contact me at nbarton4106@comcast.net or my Co-Chair Toshi Abe at tabe@jacl.org to discuss any aspect of the Legacy Fund Grants program. Each district can also appoint a committee representative as a resource to the local level.

We know that JACL is blessed with many visionary, talented members. We look forward to receiving your Legacy Fund Grants applications this spring.

Sincerely,
Robert Barton
Fresno, Calif.
‘We are seeing this rapid escalation around the world. At this point, I believe things will get much worse before they get better. And we have no idea what the trajectory will look like now that there is person-to-person transmission around the world.’

Dr. Leana Wen, George Washington University

CHINA’S VIRUS SLOWDOWN OFFERS HOPE FOR GLOBAL CONTAINMENT OF CORONAVIRUS

By Associated Press

The slowdown in coronavirus cases out of China offers a sliver of hope that the global outbreak can be controlled, but whether that can happen anytime soon without drastic measures remains to be seen, public health authorities said. With China accounting for the overwhelming majority of the world’s 94,000 infections and 3,200 deaths since the virus first surfaced there in late December, it’s hard to see the country as a success story. But some experts believe the easing of the crisis — there are now more new cases being reported outside China than inside it — suggests containment is possible. But the path to containment outside China is sure to be rocky, and no one is predicting when the outbreak might end.

There is some consensus among public health experts: The virus is likely to be around for quite some time, perhaps many months, and will continue to spread to many places, but it can probably be controlled with standard public health measures, though not as quickly as in China.

There is another consensus: China’s outbreak has given other countries the advantage of knowing what they’re up against.

Dr. Amesh A. Adalja, a senior scholar at Johns Hopkins Center for Health Security, said there is a more ominous message from the Chinese outbreak: “Authoritarian, free-speech restricting, individual rights-violating policies can panic populations, make conditions in an outbreak zone worse, and still fail to contain worldwide spread of a virus of this nature.”

Emergency medicine physician Dr. Leana Wen, a public health professor at George Washington University, said widespread quarantines, lockdowns and travel bans of the sort ordered by China’s regime are unlikely to be used in other countries. How those less-aggressive approaches will play out is unclear, she said.

As China’s numbers have stabilized, “we are seeing this rapid escalation around the world. At this point I believe things will get much worse before they get better,” said Wen on March 3. “And we have no idea what the trajectory will look like now that there is person-to-person transmission around the world.”

While the crisis appears to be easing in China, alarming clusters of thousands of cases each have turned up in Italy, Iran and South Korea and Japan. The U.S. has more than 420 cases in at least 35 states, with 19 deaths at press time.

Dr. Albert Ko, a professor and department chair at the Yale School of Public Health, said there were signs that the spread in China might have started slowing down even before authorities there implemented a travel ban and closed off Wuhan, the epicenter, in late January.

That’s an argument for more conventional public health measures, including widespread testing, limiting of social gatherings and the closing of some schools.

Travels bans have led to lockdowns of cities, those are drastic measures that have really large costs with respect to social disruption, stigmatization and so forth,” Ko said.

Encouraging the public to take action may be more effective, he said.

“The lowest-hanging fruit for us is really beefing up what people can do, why it’s important to stay home when you’re sick, why it’s important to do hand-washing and other preventive hygiene,” Ko said.

Dale Fisher of the University of Singapore said the four large outbreaks outside China suggest what the next few weeks of the COVID-19 epidemic might look like.

“I think the virus is behaving very much as we would expect it to,” he said. “There are now four parts of the world with heavy transmission rates, and there will probably be one or two more next week. One or two of these might come under control, but there will likely be activity elsewhere.”

Mistakes and slowness in the U.S. effort to start large-scale testing for the virus have limited officials’ ability for the moment to get a handle on the scope of its spread, said Dr. Carlos Del Rio, a specialist in infectious diseases and chairman of the global health department at Emory University in Atlanta.

Many state labs have yet to develop their own tests because of early federal restrictions, since removed. It is still taking four to five days to get results back from tests that must be sent on to more distant labs, Del Rio said. And federal guidelines, though revised recently, continue to limit who gets tested, he said.

“Federal health officials ‘dropped the ball,’ period,” he said.

The high number of deaths in Washington state relative to the few dozen infected suggests that many people with the disease are being missed, he said. Aggressive testing is likely to reveal many more cases, Del Rio said.

CONGRESS REACHES DEAL ON $8.3B BILL TO BATTLE CORONAVIRUS

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Capitol Hill negotiators have reached agreement on an $8.3 billion measure to battle the coronavirus outbreak that’s spreading and threatening a major shock to the economy and disruptions to everyday life in the U.S.

The measure immediately went to the floor for a brief, bipartisan debate; the House will vote on the bill on March 4, and Senate leaders are pressing for a vote in that chamber by the end of the week.

“The government’s greatest responsibility is to keep Americans safe,” said House Appropriations Committee Chairwoman Nita Lowey (D-N.Y.) “This emergency supplemental addresses the coronavirus and takes critical steps to protect the American people from this deadly and expanding outbreak.”

President Donald Trump is sure to sign the measure, which has the blessing of top Republicans.

More than $3 billion would be dedicated to research and development on vaccines, medicines for treatment and diagnostic tests, including $300 million for the government to purchase such drugs from manufacturers at “fair and reasonable” prices to distribute them to those who need it — which is the standard applied in earlier crises like the 2009 H1N1 flu outbreak.

It would also provide more than $2 billion to help federal, state and local governments prepare for and respond to the coronavirus threat, including $300 million for the Centers for Disease Control’s rapid response fund. Another $1.3 billion would be used to help fight the virus overseas.

Another almost $1 billion would provide medical supplies and other personal protective equipment like $350 million to aggressively go after the virus in “hot spots” like Washington state, $500 million to buy drugs, masks and other medical supplies for states, local governments and hospitals and $100 million for community health centers.

It would devote $500 million to Medicare for remote “telehealth” consultations that would permit sick people to get treatment without visiting a doctor.

“The American people are apprehensive about the spread of the coronavirus in the U.S. and abroad. Global financial markets are on edge,” said Sen. Richard Shelby (R-Ala.), chairman of the Appropriations Committee. “Both are resilient, but vigorous action is needed to calm nerves, stabilize the situation and get our arms around the crisis.”

THE FACTS ABOUT CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

The Centers for Disease Control has issued the following advisory related to the coronavirus disease.

FACT 1: Diseases Can Make Anyone Sick Regardless of Their Race or Ethnicity: People of Asian descent, including Chinese Americans, are not more likely to get COVID-19 than any other American. Help stop fear by letting people know that being of Asian descent does not increase the chance of getting or spreading COVID-19.

FACT 2: The Risk of Getting COVID-19 in the U.S. Is Currently Low: Some people who have traveled to places where many people have gotten sick with COVID-19 may be monitored by health professionals to protect their health and the health of other people in the community.

FACT 3: Someone Who Has Completed Quarantine or Has Been Released From Isolation Does Not Pose a Risk of Infection to Other People.

FACT 4: You Can Help Stop COVID-19 by Knowing the Signs and Symptoms: • Cough • Shortness of Breath • Seek medical advice if you: • Develop Symptoms AND • Have been in close contact with a person known to have COVID-19 or live in or have recently traveled form an area with ongoing spread of COVID-19 Call ahead before you go to a doctor’s office or emergency room. Tell them about your recent travel and your symptoms.

FACT 5: There Are Simple Things You Can Do to Help Keep Yourself and Others Healthy: • Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after blowing your nose, coughing or sneezing; going to the bathroom; and before eating or preparing food. • Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth with unwashed hands. • Stay home when you are sick. • Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash.

Source: Centers for Disease Control
MORE JAPANESE AMERICANS KNOW THEIR HISTORY BECAUSE OF THE SUCCESSFUL FIGHT AGAINST THE ART AUCTION

In observance of Day of Remembrance, a special panel discussion is held at the Smithsonian’s National Museum of American History in Washington, D.C.

By Ray Locker

S

docked and angered by the threat of a public auction that threatened to scatter art and artifacts created by prisoners at War Relocation Authority camps, Japanese American activists bonded together to create an enduring partnership, a panel at the National Museum of American History said on the 78th anniversary of Executive Order 9066.

In March 2015, a New Jersey-based auction house announced it would sell works collected during World War II by Allen Hendershott Eaton, a folk-art historian and author of the 1952 book “Beauty Behind Barbed Wire.”

After legal action taken by the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation, led by Shirley Ann Higuchi, and a social media campaign by Nancy Ukai, the auction was stopped, and the art was sold to the Japanese American National Museum in Los Angeles. Actor and author George Takei donated the money to the museum, and its leaders are working to ensure that happens again.

“The activism behind the fight over the auction led Higuchi, Ukai and the leaders of groups fighting to preserve the legacy of the Japanese American incarceration to create the Japanese American Confinement Sites Consortium (JACSC), which is meeting in Washington, D.C., in late March. JACSC was started in 2016 to bring 27 groups together to advocate for the continued support of the federal Japanese American Confinement Sites program, which funds the restoration of the former WRA camps and other detention centers around the country.

Last year, the program distributed $2.9 million to 19 groups to support such projects as the restoration of a root cellar at the Heart Mountain, Wyo., site and an oral history project by the Japanese American Citizens League.

Last month, the budget proposed by the White House contained no money for the program, the same as in 2018 and in 2019. In both years, however, a bipartisan group in Congress reinstated the funding, and JACSC leaders are working to ensure that happens again.

David Inoue, executive director of the JACL, and Floyd Mori, a former JACL national president/executive director and longtime community leader, appeared on the panel to talk about their work in maintaining the program.

Fighting the Auction

Higuchi told the packed audience that she and her board were angered at the intended sale of the art by the Rago Arts auction house. They did not believe Eaton or his heirs intended the art, which was donated by incarcerees who wanted it exhibited publicly, to be sold publicly.

Even though the collection was appraised at only $26,500, the Heart Mountain board raised $50,000 to buy the art, reasoning that if Rago rejected the offer, it would show bad faith on their part.

Rago and the then-anonymous seller rejected the offer, and Heart Mountain hired a New Jersey law firm that Higuchi knew from her work as an attorney for the American Psychological Assn. They announced they would file an injunction to stop the auction, and Rago stopped the sale the same day.

“When I think back about those days, the most significant thing that occurred was the contribution made by Shirley Higuchi and the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation to bring the lawsuit to stop the sale of the Eaton Collection,” said the Hon. Norman Mineta, a former Heart Mountain incarceree and later a member of the U.S. House and Secretary of Commerce and Transportation.

In California, Ukai and a small group of activists were creating a Facebook page — Japanese American History: Not for Sale — that highlighted some of the art at risk of being scattered around the country.

“This was our cultural heritage from when we were held,” Ukai said.

Once Japanese Americans could see the art up for auction, they realized the parts of their heritage that were set to be cast adrift around the country, Ukai said.

Ukai is now one of the leaders of the American Citizens League, which advocates for the rights of immigrants detained by the government. The group will hold a major rally, complete with 12,000 folded paper cranes, in Washington, D.C., on June 5-7.

Clement Hanami, a curator at JANNM, has cared for the art since the museum gained control of the collection. He assembled a show of some of the prominent pieces, “Contested Histories,” that has toured the country and was at the National Museum of American History to accompany the panel discussion.

“We felt we had to do something very important with this work,” Hanami said. “We had to make it more accessible.”

Hanami showed a short video of the exhibit being shown at locations around the country. Some of those who saw the artifacts created by their incarcerated ancestors said it awakened a sense of Japanese American identity that they had hidden for decades.

Such reactions, Higuchi said, show the federal government’s plan for Japanese Americans during the war actually worked. Japanese Americans were separated from their homes, community and culture and forced to become an assimilated “model minority.”

“They put us in the middle of nowhere,” she said. “It broke our families up. Growing up, I had no Japanese American friends. My parents were taught not to talk about it. Without working with the community, I would have lost a big part of my life,” said Higuchi.
VENTURA COUNTY JACL HOSTS REV. DUNCAN WILLIAMS

The chapter also held its installation ceremony during the special event at the Reagan Presidential Library.

Members and friends of the Ventura County JACL gathered at the Reagan Presidential Library in Simi Valley on Feb. 9, where the chapter held its installation ceremony and welcomed guest speaker Rev. Duncan Ryoken Williams, who spoke about his recently published book “American Sutra.”

During the day’s proceedings, Kenneth Inouye, past JACL national president and PSW governor, asked those gathered to offer a moment of silence in honor of the late Harry Kajihara, who was a member of the chapter and former JACL national president; Kajihara passed away on Dec. 3, 2019.

Inouye then proceeded to officially swear in the chapter’s 2020 board members, which include Dr. Lily Wetyl Tamai and Megan Gately, co-presidents; Jessica Wu and Betty Katsura, co-vp; Marcia Miyasaka, secretary; Ken Nakano, treasurer; Jennifer Kuo, scholarship chair; and Sarah Taketa, student board member.

Following a buffet lunch, Williams, who also is a professor at the University of Southern California, shared highlights of “American Sutra,” which is based upon his 17-year research of Japanese Americans and their fight to defend their faith and preserve their religious freedom during World War II.

At the conclusion of the main program, guests were able to explore the Reagan Presidential Library room.

The Ventura County chapter is grateful to Megan Gately for facilitating the use of the Reagan Presidential Library room.

PORTLAND JACL Installs New Officers

The new officers and governing board of Portland JACL were sworn in by PNWDC Governor Chip Larouche (pictured above, at left) during the chapter’s installation luncheon and annual membership meeting on Feb. 9.

This year’s officers include (back row, from left) Chris Lee, co-president; Amanda Shanahan, co-president; Jeff Matsumoto, vp; Jennifer Yamada, board member; Heidi Tolentino, secretary; Setsy Larouche, membership chair; and Sachi Kaneko, board member; and (front row, from left) Jillian Toda-Currie, treasurer; Marleen Wallingford, past chapter president and board member; and Connie Masuoka, board member. Board members not present were Brian Nakano and Lynn Parks.

OLYMPIA JACL CHAPTER HOLDS DOR CEREMONY AT STATE CAPITOL

Members of the JACL Olympia chapter of the Pacific Northwest District and the Seattle Nisei Veterans Committee participate in a Day of Remembrance ceremony at the Washington State Capitol in Olympia on Feb. 20.

The ceremony commemorated the Japanese and Japanese Americans that were taken from their farms and homes on the West Coast due to fearful unfounded reprisals based on ancestry and forcibly incarcerated in American Concentration Camps during World War II.

In addition, Japanese American men enlisted in the U.S. Army and were assigned to the famed 442nd RCT, 100th Infantry Battalion that fought in Europe; liberation of the Dachau prison Camp; and the Military Intelligence Service that served as translators and interrogators in Okinawa.

“On this Day of Remembrance, we honor our friends and family that endured and survived in our past; to educate and show solidarity to our community in our current climate of uncertainty and not let harm come to our community members or the past to recur; and to protect and love our future generations,” said Olympia Chapter President Bob Nakamura.

AMERICAN HOLIDAY TRAVEL 2020 TOUR SCHEDULE

JAPAN SPRING COUNTRYSIDE TOUR (Ernest Hida) . . . . . . . . Apr 2-14
Tokyo, Shimoda, Lake Kawaguchi, Takayama, Kyoto. Geisha Show in Kyoto.

NEW ORLEANS GETAWAY TOUR (Elaine Ishida) . . . . Apr 15-19
Walking tour of the French Quarter, City tour, Louisiana swamp cruise, enjoy Jazz club, beignets at Café Du Monde, New Orleans Cooking School.

TULIP FESTIVAL & GREAT LAKES ADVENTURE TOUR (Carol Hida) . . . . May 7-15
Chicago, Grand Rapids, Holland Tulip Festival, Mackinac Island, Green Bay, Milwaukee.

KIDS FOR KIDS JAPAN TOUR (Ernest Hida) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . June 24-July 5
Tokyo, Kamakura, Nikko, Tohoku, Kyoto.

K enlarge the use of the Reagan Presidential Library.

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

PHOTO: COURTESY OF OLYMPIA JACL

OLYMPIA JACL CHAPTER HOLDS DOR CEREMONY AT STATE CAPITOL

W H E N  _______ E N D  _______

MORE INFORMATION...
The late Daniel K. Inouye is known for many things: serving during World War II in the Army’s 100th Battalion/442nd Regimental Combat Team (where he lost his right arm), being awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, which was later upgraded to the Medal of Honor and, of course, for his decades as a U.S. senator representing Hawaii.

Regarding the years-long, ultimately successful drive to obtain redress for Americans of Japanese ancestry whose rights were abrogated during WWII, Inouye is credited for suggesting a then-controversial and unpopular tactic that would later prove essential: the formation of a congressional commission to investigate the circumstances that led to the forced removal from the U.S. West Coast and subsequent incarceration of ethnic Japanese.

In the new book “Redress: The Inside Story of the Successful Campaign for Japanese American Reparations” (Heyday, ISBN-13: 979-159714-498-9, 400 pages, SRP $28), author John Tateishi told the Pacific Citizen that the reason he took the time and put in the effort to complete the book was because of Inouye, “who bugged the hell out of me for years to record the history.

“He once told me, ‘You’re the only one who knows how this all evolved and how it went from something impossible to fruition, as a rare success in United States history,’” Tateishi recalled. “He said, ‘It’s really important that somebody record that history of the campaign because otherwise it’s going to get lost.”

Like the concept of what would become the Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians — an idea and course of action Tateishi said he initially “hated” and was, within the JACL, “so controversial and so highly criticized” — Inouye’s advice to document the path to redress in the form of a book was one that Tateishi eventually got behind. But, like redress itself, it wasn’t easy, and it took years to complete.

Tateishi said he originally intended to write “more than anything, a record of the redress campaign from my perspective of having been involved in it very early on and understanding the history of how the whole concept of redress evolved in the community.”

As someone who as a boy experienced life in a concentration camp for Japanese Americans and later as the JACL’s national redress chair and national redress director, followed by a stint as the organization’s national executive director, Tateishi did indeed have a unique role in and perspective on the winding path it took to have redress go from “a fool’s errand” that was “doomed to failure” (and these assessments were from friends) to one of the rare instances in U.S. history in which an aggrieved group won token monetary compensation — $20,000 in 1988 — and an apology from a U.S. president.

While Inouye’s insistence did eventually cause Tateishi to commit his recollections to print, it got to the point where, quite honestly, he would say, “Hey, you need to write that record. It got to the point where, quite honestly, I would see him and avoid him because I knew he would bug me.

“Finally, one day I decided I would record the history, which I did,” Tateishi continued. “I started writing with the intent that I would do something fairly succinct. But as I started writing it, I realized there was a lot to the redress campaign that you can’t just record as sequential events, the chronology of what happened from Point A to Point Z because there were all these side roads that you had to travel through to understand why we did what we did.

“The more I wrote, the more I realized there was much more to write,” Tateishi said.

The result was a 600-page manuscript, which Tateishi began writing in 2007. That might be fine as a private document, but to publish that story to share with the public would require a different tack.

Tateishi had to then take time rewriting it, and the result was a 400-page tome that gave his perspective on his years in the redress movement.

Inouye, of course, is a prominent part of Tateishi’s book. But so, too, are names familiar to longtime JACLers: Sen. Spark Matsunaga and Rep. Robert Matsui, as well as JACL staffers and prominent members such as Mike Masaoka, Minoru Yasui, Bill Marutani, Clifford Uyeda, Bill Yoshino, Ron Ikejiri, Frank Sato and Ron Wakabayashi.

But as far as politics were concerned, the other Japanese American bigwig besides Inouye was Rep. Norman Mineta.

According to Tateishi, while JACL was ahead of curve in the Japanese American community regarding redress, Mineta was ahead of the JACL. Recalling his first encounter with Mineta, Tateishi said it occurred when he was involved with the Northern California-Western Nevada Pacific District as a committee chair and was visiting JACL’s headquarters to get some information.

“Norm walked in, and my reaction was, ‘Oh my gosh, there’s Norman Mineta!’ We said hello, but there wasn’t any kind of exchange that was significant,” Tateishi remembered.

Tateishi overheard, however, a conversation between Mineta and a couple of JACLers also present, and the topic was redress.

“My takeaway from that as I left the building and was headed home was, ‘Mineta is really insistent on this. He is driving the JACL into this issue,’” Tateishi recalled. “He was ahead of the JACL on his thinking.

“Early on, we depended on, basically, two people in D.C.: Dan Inouye and Norm Mineta.” Tateishi said. “If you don’t have Dan Inouye and Norm Mineta, you ain’t going to get anywhere.”

Tateishi said he thinks he was 38 when he became JACL’s national quarterback on redress.

By P.C. Staff

John Tateishi, seen in this file photo, was an early JACL leader in its redress campaign.

Comparing African-American reparations to Japanese Americans reparations, Tateishi noted that historically, the paradigm for race relations has been black-white — but the Japanese American redress campaign didn’t fit that dynamic.

“There are significant differences,” Tateishi said. “I don’t know what their chances are. I think they have a very tough battle, especially with the kind of politics that exists in America today. I think as long as you have a bunch of bigots and racists and white supremacists running the country, appealing to that same characteristic in a segment of the population that believes that it’s OK to use racial epithets, to treat people as less than equal and in some cases, less than human. I think the chances of achieving reparations for African-Americans is so slim, if I were in that battle, I would find it pretty depressing right now.”

Tateishi added, “The one advantage they have, I think, is that reparations is no longer a question without precedent. We set the precedent for something that never happened in this country before. All groups that were treated unjustly and unfairly enough with the war and its role overseeing the exclusion and detention policies under EO 9066. The detailed how and why decisions were made, and recounted the difficulties the FDR inner circle had struggled with as it dealt with the question of what to do about the Japanese American population in the face of the often harsh and unyielding demands of the political voices on the West Coast. At no time did he seem to feel the need to justify or rationalize the decisions or apologize for anything he may have done or caused to happen in relation to the exclusion and imprisonment of Japanese Americans.

I was fascinated by McCloy. Here he was, an attorney general — a man I seem to feel the need to justify or rationalize the decisions or apologize for anything he may have done or caused to happen in relation to the exclusion and imprisonment of Japanese Americans.

McCloy released McCloy’s many official titles they would use to refer to him during the hearing. She was an eighty-one-year-old man, his mind like a Washington scene. He definitely fell into the former category, and they both knew it. That significance, almost like a Greek tragedy, to Min,” Tateishi said.

“His memory was so vast and الجزء الثاني من الكتاب: رفع التموين: الفصل الأول من قصة النجاح في运动 Japanese American reparations.”

And then there was John McCloy. He was a perfect study in contrasts with Bendetsen. Where the latter was very contained and restrained, quietly combative in the way an executive might be, McCloy was an amiable sort, openly friendly to the commissioners with whom he was acquainted, a man full of energy and political poise. He was very sure of himself, even in the face of the hostile grilling he knew awaited him. Even as he walked to the witness table and addressed the commissioners, he exuded the kind of confidence that comes from years of public service at the top levels of government and from having spent much of his political life dealing with world leaders, including the most obstinate and dangerous among them. There wasn’t a fine line between his arrogance and confidence — they were one and the same.

There was nothing excessive or flamboyant about McCloy. Dressed in an expensive suit and armed with a sharp mind and wit, he could cross verbal swords with the quickest of the commissioners. He knew about government commissions — I suspect he had created more than his share — and knew how to face tough questions from this body. McCloy’s many official titles they would use to refer to him during the hearing. She was an eighty-one-year-old man, his mind like a Washington scene. He definitely fell into the former category, and they both knew it. That was the basic concept people had about reparations, and I knew it was much more complex than that.

Even as he walked to the witness table and addressed the commissioners, he exuded the kind of confidence that comes from years of public service at the top levels of government and from having spent much of his political life dealing with world leaders, including the most obstinate and dangerous among them. There wasn’t a fine line between his arrogance and confidence — they were one and the same.

There was nothing excessive or flamboyant about McCloy. Dressed in an expensive suit and armed with a sharp mind and wit, he could cross verbal swords with the quickest of the commissioners. He knew about government commissions — I suspect he had created more than his share — and knew how to face tough questions from this body.
It was a reference to the rise of the Legislative Education Committee or LEC, which would turn JACL, in Tateishi’s eyes, into a one-issue organization focused solely on redress.

“We would still talk, and he would sometimes give me a call and say, ‘Look, here’s what’s happening. I just don’t want you to get blindsided by this and you’re not going to presume that I understood what they were doing and all the things. It bothered me, but that’s the way things go when you get involved in the politics of organizations.”

Still, Tateishi gave credit to that “different camp” for its role with regard to the success of redress. “The LEC (Legislative Education Committee) fought a really hard battle in the last year and a half of the campaign. They pushed it over the top. They got Congress to support the legislation, and then there was Ronald Reagan in the White House, and I talk about that in the book.”

By that time, though, as redress had entered its home stretch toward becoming a reality with President Reagan’s signature in August 1988, Tateishi was no longer an active participant in the campaign — and his book reflects that.

“What you’re seeing in this book is through my eyes and my experience. So, there’s a lot of focus on the part that I experienced personally, and for that reason, I don’t go into a lot of details about the last year and a half/two years of the campaign, where it was an LEC-led effort. I know some of what went on, but I’m not going to presume that I understood what they were doing and all the things.

“I think that if the LEC feels offended that there’s not more about what they did, they need to write that book,” said Tateishi.

With the publication of “Redress,” Tateishi added, “There will be, among some of the LEC folks, a kind of reaction to say this isn’t the story, this isn’t what redress was. They would want to tell the story from their perspective. Part of what Dan Inouye kept saying to me was, there are people who think everything that came before wasn’t very important, that we just put this commission together, had the hearings and everything led to, finally, the fight in Congress for the reparations bill.

“But the huge battles that took place in the community are something that get ignored and the descriptions that I’ve seen about what it took for us to succeed with what we did,” Tateishi said. “I get asked the question sometimes, if we didn’t ultimately end up with the checks, would this have been a failure? Yeah, in a way it would, but in a way we accomplished something much greater than that. To me, the campaign was always about something much greater than us. It wasn’t about us getting $20,000 so much as it was about making America secure in the future, so that what happened to us will never happen again to any other group.”

The University of California, Riverside, Nikkei Student Union hosted its Day of Remembrance event on Feb. 19 on the UCR Campus, where its members welcomed several community leaders who spoke about the importance of preserving the Japanese American legacy.

Special speakers included June Hibino, a Sansei who was a founding member of the National Coalition for Redress/Reparations (now NCRR) and also part of Nikkei Progressives; Carrie Morita, a Sansei who is active in Nikkei Progressives and a member of NCRR; and Jim Matsuoka, a Nisei who was part of the historic NCRR lobbying delegation that helped secure the passage of redress legislation in 1988.

The event also included a performance by UCR’s Senryu Taiko, as well as an open dialogue session with members of the Muslim Student Assn.

“Day of Remembrance is very important to keep stories alive. . . . Events like this are important to remember those that sacrificed and lost so much during World War II,” said NSU President Juliana Tom. “The youth should be especially informed because they’re the ones who can help make the most change. We can go out and vote and physically go and protest and help out in any way that we can . . . It’s important for us to hear it so that we can retell their stories and never forget.”

“DOR is something that we want to make sure that people don’t forget happened to other people,” said Matsuoka. “The youth are the ones who are going to inherit this society. It’s not mine anymore. I’ve had my time. Everything about society belongs to you: the climate, what you’re going to be missing, the jobs you may not have, the rights and liberties that may be taken away from you. This is your society, your time on Earth. I want something for the young people, and I’m telling you that if you don’t fight for it or work for it, it’s going to be really messed up.”

UPCOMING BOOK APPEARANCES WITH JOHN TATEISHI

March 10: 6:30-7:30 p.m., Diesel Books, Brentwood Country Mart, 225 26th St., Suite 33, Santa Monica, CA 90402
March 18: 7 p.m., Book Passage, 51 Tamal Vista Blvd., Corte Madera, CA 94925
March 21: 2-4 p.m., J-Sei, 1285 66th St., Emeryville, CA, 94608
March 26: 6:30 p.m., Mechanics’ Institute, 4th Floor Meeting Room, 57 Post St., San Francisco, CA 94104
April 8: 4-6 p.m., CSU Monterey Bay, exact location TBD
April 10: 7:30 p.m., Skylight Books, 1818 N. Vermont Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90027
April 11: 1 p.m., Monterey JACL, 424 Adams St., Monterey, CA 93940
April 14: 6:30-8 p.m., UC Berkeley Ethnic Studies Library, 30 Stephens Hall #2360, Berkeley, CA 94720
April 18: Los Angeles Festival of Books, USC Campus, Los Angeles, CA 90089
May 2-3: Bay Area Book Festival 1569 Solano Ave., #635, Berkeley, CA 94707
May 6: 6:30-7:30 p.m., Berkeley City Club, 2315 Durant Ave., Berkeley, CA 94704
May 26: 7-9:15 p.m., Institute for Research on Labor & Employment, UC Berkeley, 2521 Channing Way, Berkeley, CA 94720
May 28: 7:30 p.m., 1855 Solano Ave., Berkeley, CA 94707
June 6: 1-2:30 p.m., Japanese American Museum of San Jose, 555 N. 5th St, San Jose, CA 95112
June 17: 6 p.m., Book Passage, Ferry Building, One, #42, San Francisco, CA 94111

UCR NIKKEI STUDENT UNION HOSTS COMMUNITY DOR EVENT

The University of California, Riverside, Nikkei Student Union hosted its Day of Remembrance event on Feb. 19 on the UCR Campus, where its members welcomed several community leaders who spoke about the importance of preserving the Japanese American legacy.

Special speakers included June Hibino, a Sansei who was a founding member of the National Coalition for Redress/Reparations (now NCRR) and also part of Nikkei Progressives; Carrie Morita, a Sansei who is active in Nikkei Progressives and a member of NCRR; and Jim Matsuoka, a Nisei who was part of the historic NCRR lobbying delegation that helped secure the passage of redress legislation in 1988.

The event also included a performance by UCR’s Senryu Taiko, as well as an open dialogue session with members of the Muslim Student Assn.

“Day of Remembrance is very important to keep stories alive. . . . Events like this are important to remember those that sacrificed and lost so much during World War II,” said NSU President Juliana Tom. “The youth should be especially informed because they’re the ones who can help make the most change. We can go out and vote and physically go and protest and help out in any way that we can. . . . It’s important for us to hear it so that we can retell their stories and never forget.”

“DOR is something that we want to make sure that people don’t forget happened to other people,” said Matsuoka. “The youth are the ones who are going to inherit this society. It’s not mine anymore. I’ve had my time. Everything about society belongs to you: the climate, what you’re going to be missing, the jobs you may not have, the rights and liberties that may be taken away from you. This is your society, your time on Earth. I want something for the young people, and I’m telling you that if you don’t fight for it or work for it, it’s going to be really messed up.”

Members of UC Riverside’s Nikkei Student Union along with guest speakers (pictured at center) Carrie Morita, Jim Matsuoka and June Hibino.
As Japanese Americans hold Day of Remembrance events across the country, Tsuru for Solidarity urges all to gather to protest modern-day detention camps and heal together.

As Japanese Americans hold Day of Remembrance events across the country to commemorate the 78th anniversary of Feb. 19, 1942, when President Franklin D. Roosevelt signed Executive Order 9066 that led to the forced removal and incarceration of 120,000 Japanese Americans and Japanese immigrants without trial or hearings — Tsuru for Solidarity announces a national pilgrimage to Washington, D.C., June 4-7 to close the road from the Crystal City Family Internment Camp where Japanese Americans were held during World War II.

Subsequently Tsuru for Solidarity successfully protested the Fort Sill, Okla., military base, alongside Black Lives Matter Oklahoma City, American Movement Indian Territory, Dream Acton Oklahoma, ACLU Oklahoma and United We Dream to prevent the base that once held Japanese Americans from being used to detained migrant children today.

Last month, the group organized an intergenerational protest outside the Yuba County Jail, the last remaining ICE detention center in Northern California, and held a Day of Remembrance Day of Action outside the Northwest Detention Center in Tacoma, Wash.

Volunteers around the country have already folded 66,000 of the expected 125,000 signature folded cranes that the group will bring to Washington, D.C., to symbolize the Japanese Americans and Japanese Latin Americans incarcerated during WWII.

Representatives of Tsuru for Solidarity are building on the momentum toward Washington by speaking at more than 20 Day of Remembrance events around the country to commemorate together, promote the pilgrimage and charge the audience to take action to “stop repeating history.” When they gather in D.C., the group will deliver the cranes, protest to close the camps, educate Congress and hold a day of intergenerational healing.

“The theme of the Day of Remembrance in Los Angeles organized by a consortium of socially conscious organizations was ‘Democracy in America’ — 1942 and 2020.”

It charged the audience to take action to stop the current-day repetition of historical injustice so reminiscent of the WWII incarceration of Japanese Americans. In their Call to Action, Nikkei for Civil Rights and Freedom calls to “Remember the lessons from Redress to ‘Remember the lessons to injustice, support others and learn from our history of resistance. We plan to vote, march, educate and organize,” said Satsuki Ina, co-chair of Tsuru for Solidarity.
NCWNP

Udon Noodle Making Workshop With Kenji Yokoo
San Francisco, CA
March 14; 10 a.m.-1 p.m.
JCCNC
2140 Sutter St.
Price: $75 for Center Members; $85 General Public
Chef Kenji Yokoo, the newest cooking instructor at the center, will teach an udon noodle making workshop where participants will learn to make udon noodles from scratch using techniques that have been used for generations. Participants will also learn how to make udon broth and serve it with various toppings, including vegetarian and vegan options. Info: Visit jccnc.org for details and to sign up.

Manabu Project: Preserving the Lessons From Our Japanese American Elders
San Jose, CA
April 18; 1-3 p.m.
Japanese American Museum of San Jose
353 N. 4th St.
Price: Free with Museum Admission
This event is the culmination of JAMJ’s yearlong work on the Manabu Oral History Project, in which participants made recollections of their family’s WWII experience as well as their unique ties to the Bay Area. This event will be a celebration of those interviews on jamsj.org’s new oral history site. There will also be a panel discussion with two interviewees and grant participants Richard Yamashiro and Yoshiko Kanzawa.
Info: Please RSVP to publicprograms@jamsj.org.

Japanese Heritage Night at Oracle Park
San Francisco, CA
June 2; 6:45 p.m.
Oracle Park
24 Willie Mays Plaza
Price: Members $14; General $16
Join the JCCNC at the ballpark as the San Francisco Giants take on the San Diego Padres on Japanese Heritage Night. Seats will be in section View Reserved 321 and 323. There will also be a pregame celebration in Seals Plaza. Reserve your tickets today!

JACL National Convention
Las Vegas, NV
June 24-28
Save the date for this year’s JACL National Convention in Las Vegas! Follow JACL National on Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, JACL.org and PacificCitizen.org for updates and registration information.

PSW

Kollision Empower EMPOWER Creative Leadership Conference
Los Angeles, CA
March 21-22
JANN
100 N. Central Ave.
The Kollision EMPOWER Conference is a two-day event where aspiring Asian Americans of all ages and professions gather to learn directly from some of the community’s most inspirational professionals. At EMPOWER, attendees will be able to explore a variety of creative career paths, industries and best practices to apply to making their dreams a reality. Don’t miss this opportunity to improve your future and establish new professional contacts and friends.
Info: Visit empower.kollision.org for more information and to register.

‘Transcendents: Herons at Borders’ Exhibition by Taiji Terasaki
Los Angeles, CA
Thru March 29
JANN
100 N. Central Ave.
This contemporary art exhibition honors individuals who advocate and fight for those who face discrimination, prejudice and inequality at borders both real and imagined. Through video projections on mist, photographic weaving and audience participation, visitors will learn about, reflect on and celebrate heroes in Los Angeles, across the nation and within their own lives.
Info: Visit jann.org/transcendents.

PNW

Cherry Blossom Festival
Montgomery Park, CA
April 25, 11 a.m.-7 p.m.; April 26, 11 a.m.-6 p.m.
Barnes Park
350 S. McPherren Ave.
Price: Free
Take the time to see, hear and taste a bit of Japanese and Japanese American culture at this annual event that features delicious food, music, cultural demonstrations, arts and crafts and much more! This community-based event is open to people of all ages and is an excellent opportunity to enjoy the outdoors with friends and family while being immersed in Japanese culture.

Nichiren 28th Annual Spring Bazaar
Portland, OR
March 15; 11:30 a.m.-3 p.m.
Nichiren Buddhist Temple
2025 S.E. Yamhill
Price: Lunch $9-10
This year’s annual Spring Bazaar will feature delicious lunch options that include a special Nichiren tonkatsu bento, chicken donburi, show mein or tofu donburi that are all available for preorder and purchase. The event will also include baked goods, crafts and much more. Preorders are due by March 10. All proceeds benefit the Portland Nichiren Buddhist Temple.
Info: Call (503) 236-8292 for preorder and event details.

‘The Journal of Ben Uchida: Citizen 13359’ Presented by the Oregon Children’s Theater
Portland, OR
Thru March 22
Winningstad Theater
1111 S.W. Broadway
Price: Ticket Prices Vary
Originally commissioned by the Kennedy Center in Washington, D.C., this play details a dark chapter in this country’s history. This story is about people that is relevant, moving and one that cannot be forgotten. This play is recommended for audience ages 10 and up.

CCDC

2020 Cherry Blossom Festival Food & Craft Fair
Fresno, CA
March 14; 10 a.m.-3 p.m.
Fresno Buddhist Dharma Center
2060 E. Alluvial Ave.
Price: Free and Open to the Public
This special day of family fun will feature a wide variety of handcrafted items and delicious food for purchase such as sushi, Chinese chicken salad, spam musubi, chicken teriyaki, Vietnamese banh mi sandwiches, curry rice and much more. Cultural exhibitions will also include food demonstrations such as sushi and takoyaki demonstrations. There will also be Japanese Obon dancing as well.
Info: Call (559) 442-4054 or email info@example.com or call (213) 321-7220.

AsianFest 2020
Fresno, CA
April 25; 9 a.m.-6 p.m.
Fresno City College
1101 E. University Ave.
Price: Free
This Asian American Cultural Festival will feature all-day live entertainment, delicious food, a sake garden, children’s craft area, anime alley and car show, martial arts demonstrations and much more! Don’t miss this opportunity to have a day of family fun for all.

MDC

Festival of Nations 2020
St. Paul, MN
May 1-3
Saint Paul RiverCentre
175 W. Kellogg Blvd.
Price: Ticket Prices Vary
This festival is the oldest and longest-running multicultural festival in the Midwest. Since 1932, its goal has been to inspire people to discover more about our world and embrace the rich cultural diversity in our community. The Twin Cities JACL chapter will once again be participating in this event. To volunteer, contact the TC chapter.

EDC

Tsuru for Solidarity: National Pilgrimage to Close the Camps
Washington, D.C.
June 5–7
This three-day event will take place throughout the Capitol Mall and will feature a protest rally and march, a well as a healing circle program and opening ceremony and solidarity reception. Registration is now open. Participants are also encouraged to fold tsuru (cranes) and bring them to the event. The home base hotel for the weekend is the Crystal Gateway Marriott in Arlington, Va. Information can be found on the pilgrimage website.
Info: Visit tsuruforsolidarity.org/pilgrimage.

The Kimono in Print: 300 Years of Japanese Kimono Design
Worcester, MA
March 26–June 28
Worcester Art Museum
55 Salisbury St.
This exhibition is devoted to examining the kimono as a major source of inspiration and experimentation in Japanese print culture from the Edo period (1603) to the Meiji period (1868-1912). The exhibit includes 80 Japanese prints as well as a selection of illustrated books and paintings.

Kimono Couture: The Beauty of Choson
Worcester, MA
April 25–July 26
Worcester Art Museum
55 Salisbury St.
This is the first exhibition outside of Japan of historic and contemporary kimonos from the collection of Choson, the distinguished Kyoto-based kimono house founded in 1555. The exhibit will include 13 kimonos from the mid-1600s-2000s. A special video will also document the contemporary creation of a kimono, from start to finish.
Info: Visit www.worcesterart.org/exhibitions/kimono-couture/.
In MEMORIAM

Cavic, Kazuko Goto, 91, Omaha, NE, Nov. 17, 2019; she was predeceased by her husband, John; she is survived by her sons, Allen Davenport and James Davenport (Cheryl); gc: 4; ggc: 12.

Inouye, Jon, 49, Gardena, CA, Jan. 14; he is survived by his parents, Fred and Sue; brother, Jason; he is also survived by other relatives.

Harada, Fumiko, 91, Gardena, CA, Feb. 4; she is survived by her husband, Robert S. Harada; children, Robert (Edith), Patricia and Richard Harada; gc: 3.

Hayashi, Gertrude, 95, Long Beach, CA, Feb. 7; she was predeceased by her son, Michael; she is survived by her husband, Shigeru; children, Randall, Richard, Laurie and David; gc: 5; ggc: 9.

Goto, George Katsumi, 89, Sun Valley, CA, Jan. 9; a Korean War veteran, he is survived by his wife, Grace Harumi Goto; children, Steven (April) Goto, Michael (Kathi) Goto, Wayne Goto and Amy Iwashina; sister, Naomi Takeshita; sister-in-law, Hatsuko Goto; gc: 2.

Inouye, Mitsuru ‘Mitch,’ 89, Richmond, CA; during WWII, his family and he were forcibly removed from their home to the Tanforan Race Track in San Bruno, CA, then incarcerated at the Topaz WRA Center in UT; he was later drafted into the Army and served in Pusan.

Himoto, Betty Chiyoko, 95, San Luis Obispo, CA, Jan. 22; during WWII, her family and she were incarcerated at the Tule Lake WRA Center in CA; she was predeceased by her husband, Roy Himoto; siblings, Donald Horii, Mitsuko Nakatsuka, Dorothy Toy, Jack Horii and Teruo Horii; she is survived by her children, Lester, Raymond, Nancy and Robert; sisters-in-law, Hatsuko Goto; gc: 4; ggc: 3.

Inouye, Jon, 49, Gardena, CA, Jan. 14; he is survived by his parents, Fred and Sue; brother, Jason; he is also survived by other relatives.

Kaneshiro, Paula, 86, Dededo, Guam, Dec. 28, 2019; she was predeceased by her husband, Seiichi Kaneshiro; she is survived by her children, Claudia, Roy and Roger; daughters-in-law, Regina Kaneshiro and Susanne Sison-Kaneshiro; gc: 3.

Nakamura, Masaye, 96, Danville, CA, Feb. 13; during the war, she had to quit UCLA and was incarcerated at the Heart Mountain WRA Center in WY; she later became the first Japanese American to teach in California schools; she was predeceased by her husband, Nobby; she is survived by her children, Ann and John; gc: 4.

Inouye, Mitsuru ‘Mitch,’ 89, Richmond, CA; during WWII, his family and he were forcibly removed from their home to the Tanforan Race Track in San Bruno, CA, then incarcerated at the Topaz WRA Center in UT; he was later drafted into the Army and served in Pusan.

Nishisaka, Yuriko, 93, Fountain Valley, CA, Feb. 12; she was predeceased by her husband, Art; children Randy Nishisaka and Mary Ann Nishisaka; brother, Masami Sanada; she is survived by her children, Merrie and Scott (Aileen); sister-in-law, Haruko Sanada; gc: 4; ggc: 3.

TRIBUTE

Ben was a loving and devoted husband, caring and supportive father and a loyal friend to many.

Memorial services to be held on Saturday, March 7 at 11 a.m. at the Alameda Buddhist Temple. In lieu of flowers please consider a memorial donation to the charity of one’s choice.

PLACE A TRIBUTE

In ‘In Memoriam’ is a free listing that appears on a limited, space-available basis. Tributes honor your loved ones with text and photos and appear in a timely manner at the rate of $20/column inch.

CONTACT: Editorial@pacificcitizen.org or call (213) 620-1767 ext. 104

March 6-19, 2020

PACIFIC CITIZEN

OBITUARIES

Editorial@pacificcitizen.org

3655 Torrance Blvd., Suite 300 | Torrance, CA 90503
(424) 247-1123 | staci@tojilaw.com | www.tojilaw.com

LIVING TRUSTS | WILLS | POWERS OF ATTORNEY

KUBOTA NIKKEI MORTUARY

久保田日系葬儀社

707 East Temple Street
Los Angeles, CA 90012
Ph: 213-620-1767 ext. 104
Fax: 213-620-1767

FUKUI MORTUARY

五化

14910 Magnolia Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 91秃2
Ph: 818-768-0411
Fax: 818-768-0411

STACI TOJI, ESQ.

TOJI LAW, APC

Estate Planning for the Generations
A March is upon us, we have an almost-perfect storm, as all of us are preparing our taxes and will soon be taking the U.S. Census. Be ready and alert — impostor scams continue to target large numbers of Americans, and as the federal government launches the 2020 Census, a majority of us are susceptible to phony Census correspondence or telephone calls, according to results of a survey released by the AARP Fraud Watch Network.

The study, “The Imposters: Stealing Money, Damaging Lives,” focused on government impostor scams in which criminals pose as representatives of agencies such as the IRS, Social Security Administration or Census Bureau; and relationship scams, when fraudsters pretend to be a relative or someone seeking or asking for money and donations or anything on behalf of a political party.

By Ron Mori

With 2020 Census Pending, Findings Show Many May Not Recognize Expected Census Scams

The Federal Trade Commission received 647,000 reports of impostor scams during 2019, more than any other type of fraud; the FTC says government impostor scams increased more than 50 percent over 2018. The Decennial Census presents a new opportunity for criminals who impersonate government officials, and AARP’s survey shows that many consumers might be at risk:

- Seventy percent of respondents were incorrect or unsure about whether the Census Bureau would contact them via email. Invitations to participate in the 2020 Census will actually be sent via U.S. mail.
- More than a third (35 percent) expect or are unsure whether the 2020 Census questionnaire will ask for their Social Security number.
- The Census Bureau says it will never ask for sensitive information such as a Social Security number, bank account information or passwords, or request payment of a fee. Additionally, the Census Bureau will never ask for money and donations or anything on behalf of a political party.

“We’ve learned that scammers are very shrewd and adept at capitalizing on current events,” said Kathy Stokes, director of fraud prevention programs at AARP. “The census has been in the news, so most people are expecting to hear soon from the Census Bureau. Scammers will use that to their advantage as they aim to deceive people into sharing sensitive information or handing over money.”

Invitations to respond to the Decennial Census will be mailed to U.S. households in March. Responses to the 2020 Census questions may be submitted online or via mail or phone. By May, Census takers will begin visiting or contacting households that have not yet responded.

The toll of impostor scams goes beyond the financial impact, according to the AARP survey. Among those who have been targeted and/or victimized, 18 percent reported that they experienced health problems or emotional distress as a result of the encounter. People ages 18-49 reported health or emotional issues at a higher rate than those age 50 or older. Among other findings of the survey:

- Forty-five percent of people age 50 and older have been contacted by a government impostor, as compared to 35 percent of those ages 18-49.
- Two in five U.S. adults use dating websites, apps or online social groups to find potential dates or romantic partners. Of those, half encountered one of the “red flags” of romance fraud, including requests for money.
- The majority of U.S. adults are at least somewhat familiar with government impostor scams and relationship scams (including romance fraud and the grandparent scam) — indicating that efforts by AARP and other consumer advocates to increase public awareness are working. However . . .
- Fifty-five percent of survey respondents failed a 10-question fraud safety quiz.

The AARP Fraud Watch Network launched in 2013 as a free resource for people of all ages. Consumers may sign up for “Watchdog Alert” emails that deliver information about scams, or call a free helpline at (877) 908-3360 to report scams or get help from trained volunteers in the event someone falls victim to scammers’ tactics.

The Fraud Watch Network website provides information about fraud and scams, prevention tips from experts, an interactive scam-tracking map and access to AARP’s hit podcast series, “The Perfect Scam.”

Ron Mori is a member of the Washington, D.C., JACL chapter and manager of community, states and national affairs — multicultural leadership for AARP.